

[ HPLC AND UHPLC ]

# Application Highlights



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# Table of Contents

<b>How to Choose a Column Guide</b> .....	<b>8</b>
<b>Applications by Relevant Compound</b>	
Abacavir .....	12
Abacavir Related Compounds .....	13
6-Acetylmorphine and Morphine .....	14
Acrylamide, Methacrylic Acid, and Methacrylamide .....	15
Aflatoxins in Red Pepper .....	16
Aflatoxins Standard .....	17
Allantoin .....	18
Allergenic and Carcinogenic Dyes in Industrial, Cosmetics, Personal Care, and Consumer Products .....	19
Amoxicillin Oral Suspension .....	20
Antibacterials by HPLC .....	21
Antibacterials by UHPLC .....	22
Ascorbic and Isoascorbic Acid by Gradient HPLC .....	23
Ascorbic and Isoascorbic Acid by Isocratic HPLC .....	24
Avermectins in Meat .....	25
Avermectins in Milk .....	26
Basic Compounds .....	27
Basic Drugs in River Water .....	28
Basic Impurities .....	29
Basic Impurities (Solid-Core Technology Comparison) .....	30
Beta Blockers .....	31
Budesonide Nasal Spray .....	32
Buprenorphine and Buprenorphine Glucuronide .....	33
Caffeine and Metabolites Using XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> Columns .....	34
Caffeine and Metabolites Using XBridge BEH Phenyl Columns .....	35

Carbonyl Compounds in Drinking Water.....	36
Catechins.....	37
Catecholamines by Isocratic HPLC.....	38
Catecholamines by Gradient HPLC.....	39
Cellulosic Hydrolysates.....	40
Cephalosporin Antibiotics.....	41
Clarithromycin.....	42
Cytosine, 5-Fluorocytosine, and Uracil.....	43
Dextromethorphan, Tetracaine, Triprolidine, and Warfarin.....	44
Disperse Dyes.....	45
DNPH Derivatives.....	46
Dofetilide and Related Compounds.....	47
Donepezil Tablets.....	48
Drugs and Metabolites.....	49
Drugs of Abuse.....	50
Estradiol.....	51
Flavanoids in Fruit Juice.....	52
5-Fluorouracil.....	53
Food Additives and Preservatives.....	54
Food Sugars in Sports Drink.....	55
Food Sugars in Bran with Raisin Cereal.....	56
Food Sugars in Ketchup.....	57
Food Sugars in Milk.....	58
Food Sugars in Molasses.....	59
Food Sugars in Potato Chips.....	60
Food Sugars in Prepared Foods.....	61

Food Sugars in Wine.....	62
Food Sugars Standard.....	63
Food Sugars/Saccharides in Beer by ELSD.....	64
Food Sugars/Saccharides in Beer by MS.....	65
Food Sugars/Saccharides in Cough Syrup.....	66
Food Sugars/Saccharides in Honey.....	67
Food Sugars/Saccharides in Maple Syrup.....	68
Food Sugars/Saccharides Standards by ELSD.....	69
Food Sugars/Saccharides Standards by MS.....	70
Formaldehyde in Ambient Air.....	71
Furanocoumarins in Fruit Juice.....	72
Galantamine and Related Substances.....	73
Ginsenoside Rb1 in Ginseng Root Powder Extract.....	74
Ginsenoside Rb1 in Herbal Medicine Extract.....	75
Goldenseal.....	76
Histidine Dipeptides.....	77
Irbesartan Tablets.....	78
Lamotrigine and Related Compounds.....	79
Levonorgestrel and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets.....	80
Lipid Soluble Antioxidants Using Atlantis T3, 3 $\mu$ m Columns.....	81
Lipid Soluble Antioxidants Using CORTECS T3, 2.7 $\mu$ m Columns.....	82
Local Anesthetics.....	83
Loratadine Using XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> Columns.....	84
Loratadine Using XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> Columns.....	85
Loratadine Using CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> Columns.....	86
2- and 4-Methylimidazole in Beverages.....	87



Metoclopramide Using a 5 µm HPLC Column .....	88
Metoclopramide Using a 3.5 µm HPLC Column .....	89
Metoclopramide Using a 2.5 µm UHPLC Column .....	90
Miconazole Nitrate Cream Using XBridge BEH Phenyl Columns .....	91
Miconazole Nitrate Cream Using CORTECS Phenyl Columns .....	92
Mometasone Furoate Ointment .....	93
Mono- and Disaccharides and Selected Alditols in Juice, Beer, Wine, and Whiskey .....	94
Monoamine Neurotransmitters .....	95
Monosaccharides .....	96
Morphine and Related Compounds .....	97
Morphine and Metabolites Using XBridge BEH HILIC Columns .....	98
Morphine and Metabolites Using CORTECS HILIC Columns .....	99
Mouthwash .....	100
Nerve Agent Degradation Products in Drinking Water .....	101
Neurotransmitters .....	102
Nimodipine .....	103
Nitroaromatic Compounds .....	104
Non-Steroidal Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDS) .....	105
Nucleobases .....	106
Nucleotide Phosphates .....	107
Nutrients .....	108
Oligonucleotides .....	109
Omeprazole .....	110
Organic Acids .....	111
Organic Acids and Bases .....	112
Organophosphoric Acids by Isocratic LC-MS .....	113

Organophosphoric Acids by Gradient LC-MS .....	114
Pain Management Drugs Using XBridge BEH Phenyl Columns .....	115
Pain Management Drugs Using CORTEC C <sub>18</sub> Columns .....	116
Peppermint Extract.....	117
Peptides .....	118
Pesticides (AI 1, Tebuconazole).....	119
Pharmaceuticals in Environmental Samples .....	120–121
Polyethylene Glycols (PEGs) .....	122
Quality Control Reference Material – HILIC.....	123
Quality Control Reference Material – LCMS.....	124
Quality Control Reference Material – Reversed Phase .....	125
Sialic Acid by HPLC.....	126
Sialic Acid by UHPLC .....	127
Simvastatin.....	128
Soft Drink.....	129
Soy Isoflavones in Foods and Dietary Supplements by HPLC.....	130
Soy Isoflavones in Foods and Dietary Supplements by UHPLC .....	131
Statins.....	132
Stevia Related Compounds by ELSD.....	133
Stevia Related Compounds by MS.....	134
Sucralose.....	135
Sudan Dyes .....	136
Synthetic Cannabinoids .....	137
Tetracyclines in Milk.....	138
Thiourea.....	139
Tioconazole and Related Compounds .....	140

Topiramate.....	141
Tricyclic Antidepressants .....	142
Tricyclic Antidepressants at pH 7.0 .....	143
Tricyclic Antidepressants at pH 10.5 .....	144
UPC <sup>2</sup> Gradient Standard by HPLC .....	145
UPC <sup>2</sup> Gradient Standard by UHPLC.....	146
Uric Acids.....	147
Water-Soluble Vitamins.....	148
Zidovudine.....	149
Ziprasidone HCl.....	150
Ziprasidone HCl - Early-Eluting Impurities .....	151
Ziprasidone HCl - Late-Eluting Impurities .....	152
<b>Compound Index .....</b>	<b>153</b>

# How to Choose a Column

Separation scientists continue to search for innovative solutions to improve chromatographic performance. With a wide array of column choices and formats, they have the ability to select the ideal column for their application. The following section introduces Waters' particle technologies and column formats to help you choose the best column to deliver throughput, resolution, and efficiency for your next chromatographic challenge.

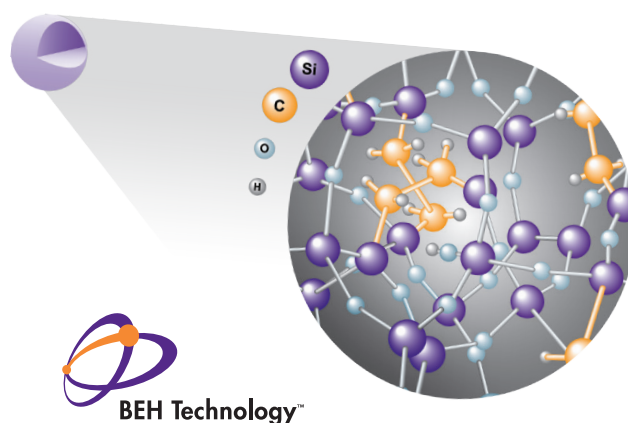
## Particle Technology

Reproducibility and transferability are the cornerstones of Waters' BEH, CSH,<sup>™</sup> HSS, and solid-core particle technologies. Our premier lines of scalable LC columns exhibit all of the chemical and physical characteristics you would expect from modern LC packing materials.

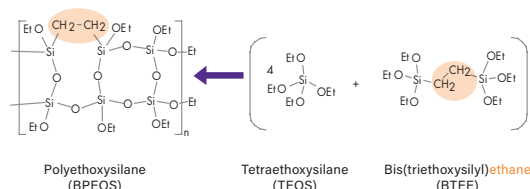
BEH Technology	CSH Technology	HSS Technology	Solid-Core Technology
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>High retentivity for basic compounds</li> <li>Exceptional peak shape at elevated pH</li> <li>Good universal column choice for a wide variety of compounds</li> <li>Stable across a wide pH range</li> <li>For separations at high temperatures (80 °C)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Good separations for basic compounds under low pH conditions</li> <li>Excellent MS performance with formic acid as a mobile phase modifier</li> <li>Fast pH switching and column equilibration</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>High retentivity for polar organic compounds and metabolites</li> <li>Balanced retention of polar and hydrophobic analytes</li> <li>High strength silica for mechanical stability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maximum efficiency</li> <li>Increased sensitivity</li> <li>Seamless scalability from UPLC to UHPLC to HPLC</li> </ul>

### ETHYLENE BRIDGED HYBRID (BEH) PARTICLE TECHNOLOGY

Ethylene Bridged Hybrid (BEH) columns lead the industry for chromatographic versatility, chemical resistance, and mechanical stability. You can use them at extremes of pH and temperature to enhance retention and specificity for complex mixtures of acidic, alkaline, and neutral species. The BEH-particle family includes general-purpose and application-specific bonded phases that serve application areas that rely on ACQUITY UPLC<sup>®</sup>, ACQUITY<sup>®</sup> UPC<sup>2</sup><sup>®</sup>, ACQUITY APC<sup>®</sup>, and XBridge<sup>®</sup> Columns.



### Particle Synthesis



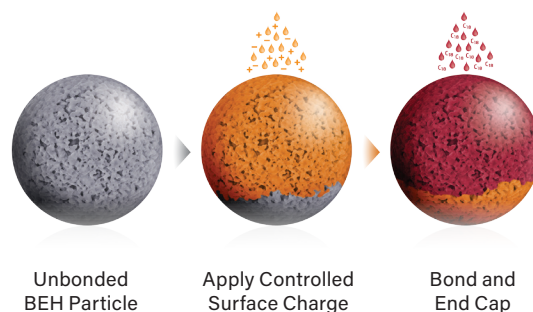
\*US Patents 6,686,035; 7,223,473; 7,250,214.

Refer to "Ethylene-Bridged [BEH Technology<sup>™</sup>] Hybrids and Their Use in Liquid Chromatography" whitepaper (720001159EN) for further detail.

## CHARGED SURFACE HYBRID (CSH) PARTICLE TECHNOLOGY

Columns packed with charged surface hybrid particles manifest the best attributes of BEH particles. CSH stationary phases provide chromatographic selectivity and superior performance in the presence of mobile phases of low ionic strength. The optimized surface charge, pore properties, and bonded phases make charged-surface, hybrid-based columns ideal for rapid method development. ACQUITY UPLC CSH and XSelect® CSH HPLC Columns offer easily scaled analytical solutions, from sub-2- $\mu\text{m}$  to preparative-particle dimensions.

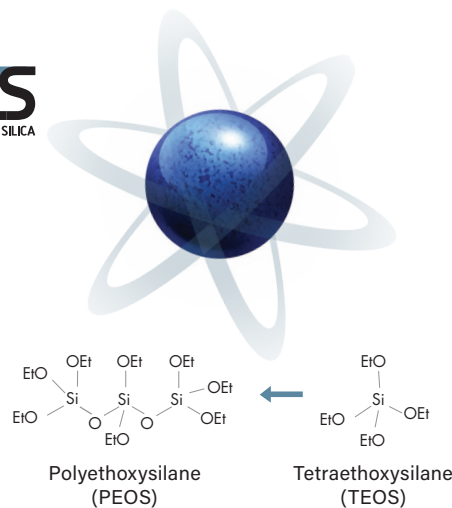
### The Charged-Surface Hybrid Particle



## HIGH STRENGTH SILICA (HSS) PARTICLE TECHNOLOGY

High strength silica [HSS] technology was developed specifically to complement the chromatographic performance of BEH and CSH particles. Compared with the ethylene-bridged BEH and CSH particles, the HSS particle's higher silanophilicity (100% silica) offers chromatographers significant advantages, including increased retention of polar compounds and significantly different selectivity. Additionally, as its name implies, the HSS particle possesses the mechanical strength to operate at pressures as high as 18,000 psi (1240 bar). ACQUITY UPLC HSS and XSelect HSS Columns are the first choice for proven silica-based chromatographic performance.

**HSS**  
HIGH STRENGTH SILICA

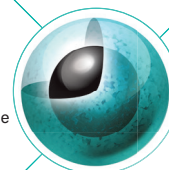


## SOLID-CORE PARTICLE TECHNOLOGY

Compared to columns packed with fully-porous particles, those packed with superficially porous particles demonstrate higher chromatographic efficiency and lower backpressures. The optimized porous layer that surrounds the solid-silica substrate gives rise to the key benefits of speed and efficiency. UPLC® Columns packed with CORTECS® 1.6  $\mu\text{m}$  particles yield maximum efficiency when used with the ultra-low dispersion ACQUITY UPLC instrument platform. Fully scalable CORTECS Columns packed with 2.7  $\mu\text{m}$  particles offer maximum flexibility, providing increased efficiencies at the backpressure limits of UHPLC and HPLC operation.

### Solid-Core Particle

The tightly controlled thickness of a highly porous silica layer surrounding the inner solid-core yields reproducible retention and method robustness for a wide range of sample conditions.



### Bonding Technology

Packed with solid-core particles, CORTECS Columns complement our family of particle technologies, offering unique ligand attributes that aid in method development.

### Particle Diameter

Monodisperse particle sizing provides highly permeable columns and, consequently, low backpressures.



### Packing Efficiency

The increased efficiency of a solid-core particle produces more chromatographic resolution, which helps reduce the effort to separate co-eluting peaks.

# Column Configurations for Any LC System

## COLUMN NOMENCLATURE

Our fully-scalable particle technologies ensure that our LC columns perform with a broad range of chromatographic instrumentation. Depending on the goals of a separation, the instrument platform used, or the sample type, you can choose the most suitable column that is matched to your system's configuration without adversely affecting the chromatographic result.

The following table serves as a guide for selecting an appropriate LC column according to instrument classification.

Nano/Micro	UPLC	UHPLC	HPLC	Preparative
ACQUITY UPLC M-CLASS BEH (1.7 µm)	ACQUITY UPLC BEH (1.7 µm)	XBridge BEH <i>XP</i> (2.5 µm)	XBridge BEH (3.5, 5 µm)	XBridge BEH OBD™ (5, 10 µm)
ACQUITY UPLC M-CLASS CSH (1.7 µm)	ACQUITY UPLC CSH (1.7 µm)	XSelect CSH <i>XP</i> (2.5 µm)	XSelect CSH <i>XP</i> (3.5, 5 µm)	XSelect CSH OBD (5, 10 µm)
ACQUITY UPLC M-CLASS HSS (1.8 µm)	ACQUITY UPLC HSS (1.8 µm)	XSelect HSS <i>XP</i> (2.5 µm)	XSelect HSS <i>XP</i> (3.5, 5 µm)	XSelect HSS OBD (5 µm)
—	CORTECS UPLC (1.6 µm)	CORTECS (2.7 µm)	—	—

## COLUMN CONFIGURATIONS


















System dispersion, the combined effect of tubing and its connections, sample valves, flow cells, and column end-fittings, is inherent in every chromatographic system. Dispersion causes sample peaks to broaden, owing to dilution, that begins at the injector and ends at the detector's outflow. As the size of particles in an LC column are reduced or the internal diameter and length of the column is decreased, the potential peak broadening in a non-optimized LC system increases. Optimum column configuration, therefore, depends mainly on the extent of sample dispersion within the LC system.

The following table summarizes the characteristics of Waters LC Systems and matches the column configuration that maintains chromatographic efficiency.



System	NANO/MICRO	UPLC	UHPLC	HPLC	PREPARATIVE
Dispersion	1 µL	<20 µL	22–29 µL	>40 µL	—
Routine Pressure	<15,000 psi	<18,000 psi	<10,000 psi	<4000 psi	<4000 psi
Particle Size	<2 µm	<2 µm	2–3 µm	3–5 µm	>5 µm
Column I.D.	75–300 µm	2.1 mm (1.0 mm)	3.0 mm (2.1 mm)	4.6 mm (3.0 mm)	>7.8 mm
Column Length	50–250 mm	<150 mm	50–150 mm	75–300 mm	50–300 mm

When you transfer LC methods, instrument bandspread is one of the most practical LC-instrument parameters to determine. Knowing the bandspread value helps you develop your own compatible methods, allowing you to seamlessly scale column dimensions or transfer methods between different instrumentation platforms and laboratory functions. The following table recommends column configurations based on nominal instrument bandspread values.

System	Bandspread*	Recommended Column Particle Sizes and I.D.s
Shimadzu Prominence UFLC	41 µL	 XBridge 3.5, 5 µm
Alliance 2695 HPLC	29 µL	 XSelect 3.5, 5 µm  CORTECS 2.7 µm
Agilent 1260 UHPLC (600 bar)	28 µL	<b>3.0-4.6 mm I.D.</b>
Thermo Accela UHPLC	21 µL	 XBridge 2.5, 3.5, 5 µm  XSelect 2.5, 3.5, 5 µm  CORTECS 2.7 µm
Agilent 1290 UHPLC (1200 bar)	17 µL	<b>3.0 mm I.D.</b>
ACQUITY Arc™	23 µL	 XBridge 2.5, 3.5, 5 µm  XSelect 2.5, 3.5, 5 µm  CORTECS 2.7 µm <b>3.0 mm I.D.</b>
ACQUITY UPLC	12 µL	 ACQUITY UPLC BEH 1.7 µm
ACQUITY UPLC H-Class with Column Manager	12 µL	 ACQUITY UPLC CSH 1.7 µm  ACQUITY UPLC HSS 1.8 µm
ACQUITY UPLC H-Class	9 µL	 CORTECS UPLC 1.6 µm <b>2.1 mm I.D.</b>
ACQUITY UPLC I-Class (FTN)	7.5 µL	 ACQUITY UPLC BEH 1.7 µm  ACQUITY UPLC CSH 1.7 µm  ACQUITY UPLC HSS 1.8 µm
ACQUITY UPLC I-Class (FL)	5.5 µL	 CORTECS UPLC 1.6 µm <b>1.0-2.1 mm I.D.</b>

\*These data are based on nominal values for unmodified systems. As such, they are intended for reference only. Any adjustment to a system's plumbing, connectivity, and configuration changes the instrument bandspread, affecting the quality of chromatography.

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005104EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Abacavir

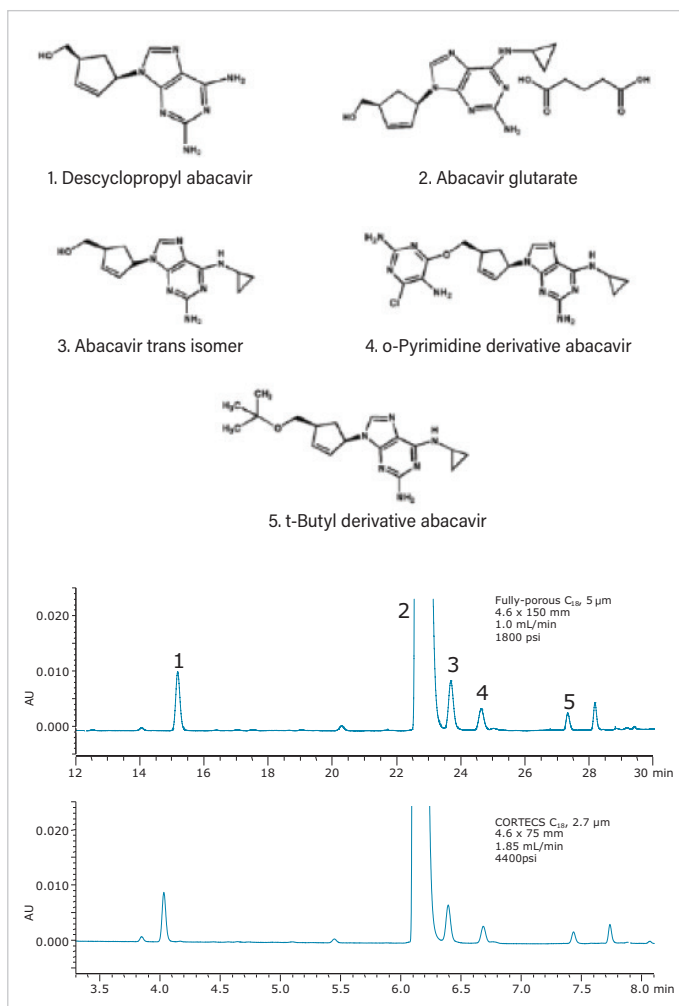
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2489 TUV detector		
Column:	CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 75 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	85% methanol in water		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	95	5
	6.38	70	30
	10.37	10	90
	11.83	10	90
	12.12	95	5
	15.00	95	5
Flow rate:	1.85 mL/min		
Injection volume:	4 μL		
UV detection:	254 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Abacavir-related compounds (USP reference standard)  
 1.0 mg/mL in 100% HPLC-grade water



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186007376</a>
Waters LCGC Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186000307C</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64697](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Abacavir Related Compounds

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector

 Column: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>, 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 75 mm

Mobile phase A: 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid in water

Mobile phase B: 85% methanol in water

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	Curve
	Initial	95	5	-
	6.38	70	30	6
	10.37	10	90	11
	11.83	10	90	11
	12.12	95	5	11

Flow rate: 1.85 mL/min

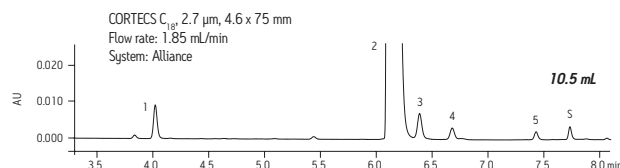
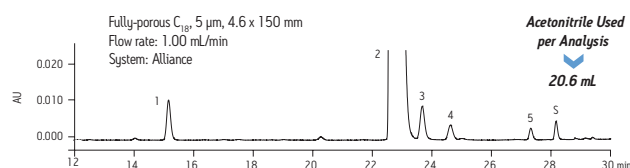
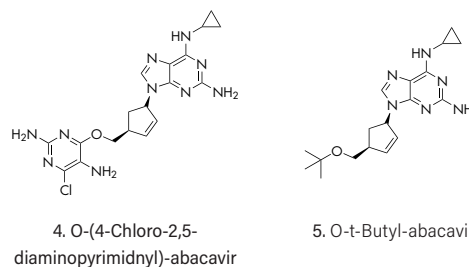
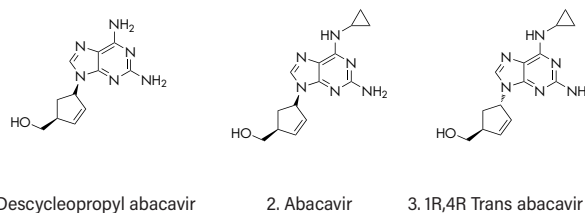
Column temp.: 30 °C

UV detection: 254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample: Abacavir USP related compounds

Sample diluent: Water



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186007376</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64078](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of 6-Acetylmorphine and Morphine

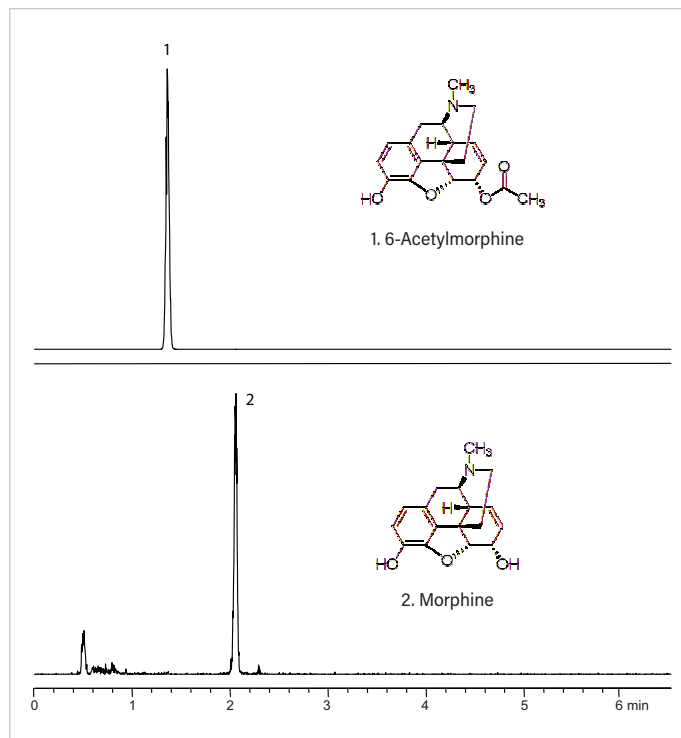
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with TQD mass spectrometer		
Column:	XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	10 mM ammonium formate with 0.125% formic acid in 50/50 acetonitrile/water		
Mobile phase B:	10 mM ammonium formate with 0.125% formic acid in 90/10 acetonitrile/water		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	1.05	0.1	99.9
	4.35	99.9	0.1
	4.50	0.1	99.9
	6.00	0.1	99.9
Flow rate:	0.6 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	10.0 $\mu$ L (PLNO, 20 $\mu$ L loop)		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	MRM (m/z): morphine 286 > 200.9; 6-acetylmorphine 328 > 164.9		

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 10 ng/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186004433</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64115](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Acrylamide, Methacrylic Acid, and Methacrylamide

### EXPERIMENTAL

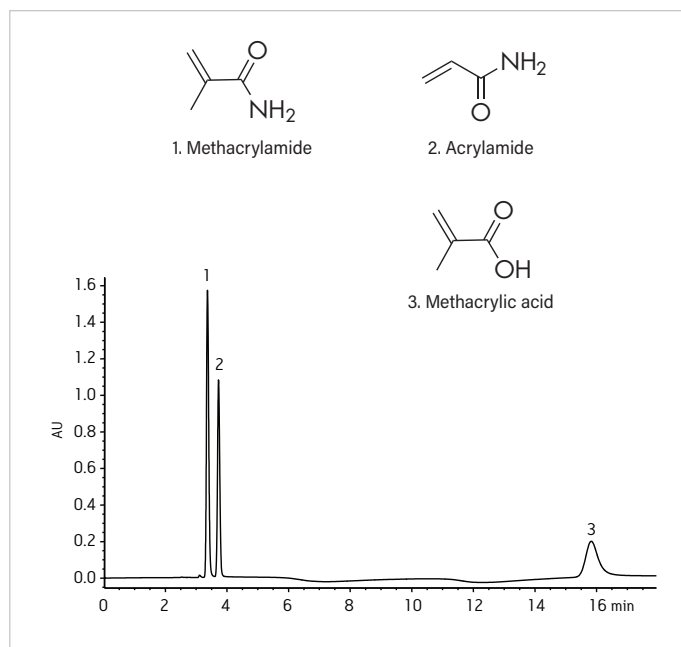
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	95/2.5/2.5 acetonitrile/isopropyl alcohol/ water with 5 mM ammonium acetate, pH 9.0
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	40.0 $\mu$ L
UV detection:	210 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu$ m PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 30  $\mu$ g/mL



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu$ m, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720002600EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Aflatoxins in Red Pepper

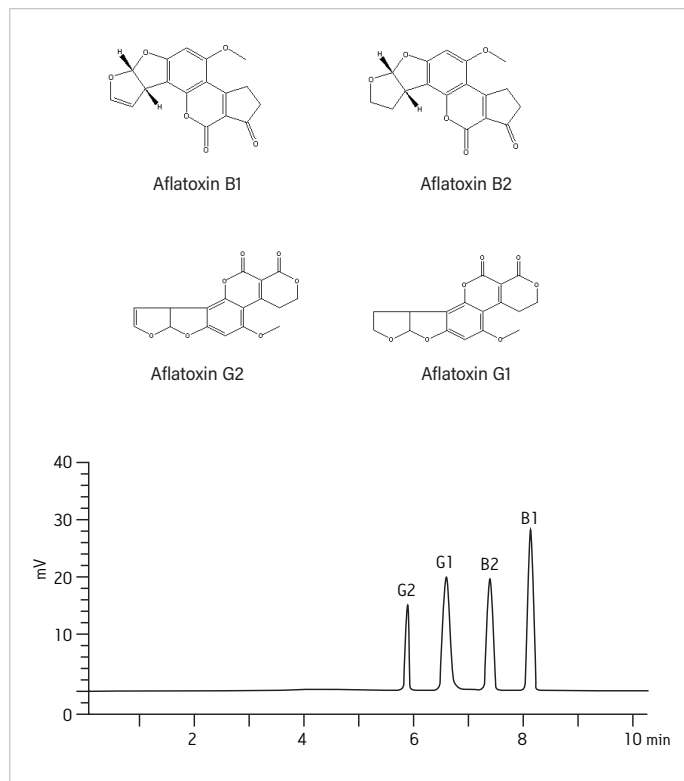
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2475 Multi Wavelength Fluorescence
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	Acetonitrile/water/methanol (17:54:29, v/v/v)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1 mL/min
Injection:	100 µL
FLR detection:	Excitation wavelength = 333 nm; Emission wavelength = 460 nm

#### Sample preparation

Add 100 mL 80:20 methanol:water (v/v) to 50 g ground red pepper and 5 g sodium chloride. Blend at high speed for 1 minute. Filter extract with fluted filter paper, take 65 mL filtrate and dilute with 60 mL phosphate buffer saline, and filter through glass microfiber filter. Load 4 mL filtered diluted extract to AflaTest Affinity Column at a rate of ~1-2 drops/second. Wash column with 10 mL 20:80 methanol:water at a rate of ~2 drops/second, and repeat once more until air comes through column. Elute AflaTest column with 1 mL HPLC-grade methanol at a rate of 1 drop/second and collect eluate, dilute with 1 mL water.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186003117</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>
VICAM AflaOchra HPLC Columns, 25/pk	<a href="#">G1017</a>
VICAM Glass Cuvette	<a href="#">34000</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60195](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Aflatoxins Standard

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with a fluorescence detector
Column:	XBridge Shield RP18, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	Water/MeOH, 70/30, v/v
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.6 mL/min
Column temp.:	40 °C
Injection volume:	10 µL
FLR detection:	Excitation wavelength = 365 nm; Emission wavelength = 455 nm

#### Sample preparation

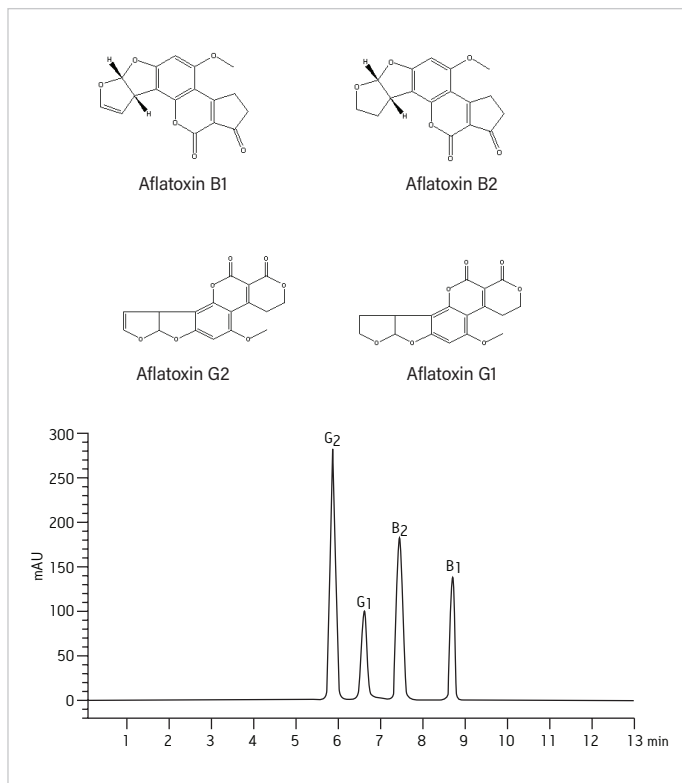
A commercial mixture of aflatoxins B1, B2, G1, and G2. A final solution was appropriately prepared to create the final concentrations:

B1: 250 pg/mL

B2: 25 pg/mL

G1: 250 pg/mL

G2: 25 pg/mL



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge Shield RP18, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003009</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64112](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Allantoin

### EXPERIMENTAL

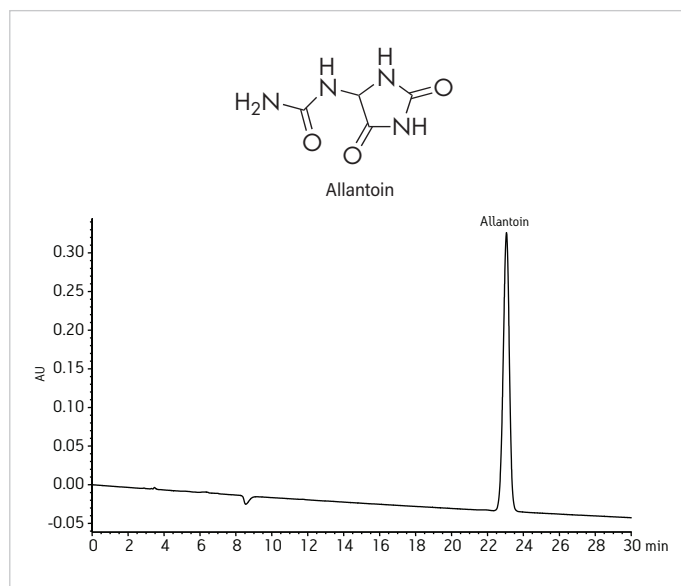
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	90/10 acetonitrile/water
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	40.0 µL
UV detection:	210 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 100 µg/mL



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004492EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Allergenic and Carcinogenic Dyes in Industrial, Cosmetics, Personal Care, and Consumer Products

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

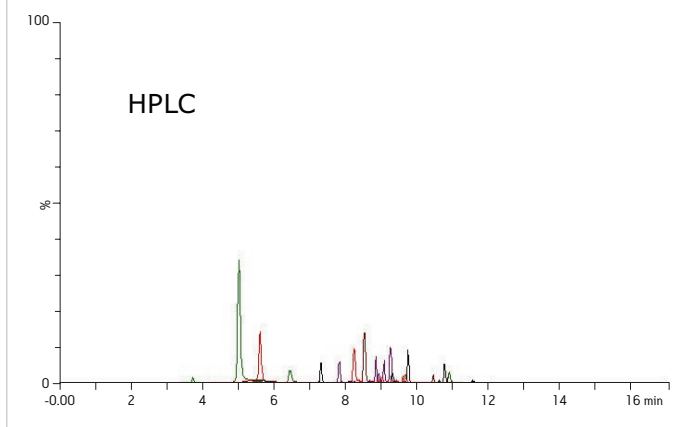
System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class with Xevo TQD Mass Spectrometer		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 μm, 2.1 x 150 mm		
Mobile phase A:	Water (5 mmol/L ammonium acetate)		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile (5 mmol/L ammonium acetate)		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	90	10
	1.00	70	30
	4.00	60	40
	9.00	5	95
	12.00	5	95
	12.10	90	10
	17.00	90	10
Flow rate:	0.3 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	5 μL		
Ionization mode:	ESI+ and ESI-		
Acquisition mode:	MRM		

#### Sample preparation

Textile (0.5 g) was cut up and extracted with 20 mL of methanol for 15 minutes using an ultrasonic bath (50 °C). One hundred microliters of the extract was transferred in an LC vial and diluted with 900 μL of water.

Sample temp.: 10 °C

1. Acid red 26	9. Disperse blue 35	17. Disperse red 1
2. Basic red 9	10. Disperse blue 7	18. Disperse red 11
3. Basic violet 14	11. Disperse brown 1	19. Disperse red 17
4. Direct red 28	12. Disperse orange 1	20. Disperse yellow 1
5. Disperse blue 102	13. Disperse orange 11	21. Disperse yellow 23
6. Disperse blue 106	14. Disperse orange 149	22. Disperse yellow 3
7. Disperse blue 124	15. Disperse orange 3	23. Disperse yellow 39
8. Disperse blue 3	16. Disperse orange 37	24. Disperse yellow 49



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 μm, 2.1 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003023</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004078EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Amoxicillin Oral Suspension

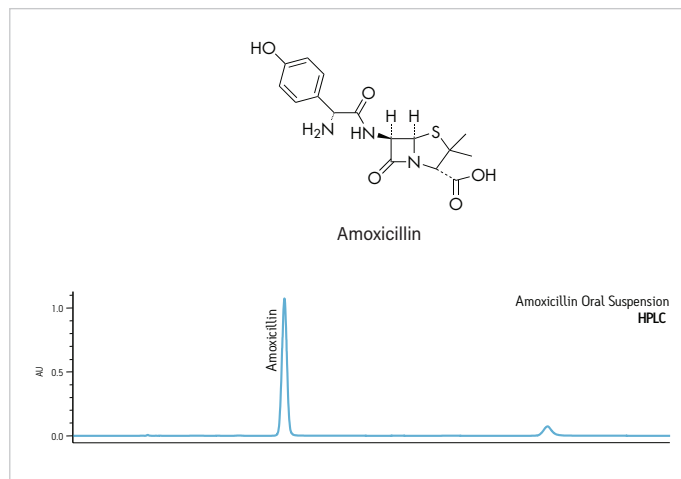
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695
Column:	XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	98:2 diluent:acetonitrile
Diluent:	50 mM potassium phosphate, monobasic in water - pH 5.0 with potassium hydroxide
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Injection volume:	10 µL
UV detection:	230 nm

#### Sample preparation

Amoxicillin oral suspension powder, reconstituted in water (50 mg/mL), made up to 1 mg/mL in diluent, filtered through a 0.2 µm nylon filter prior to analysis.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186003010</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE15](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Antibacterials by HPLC

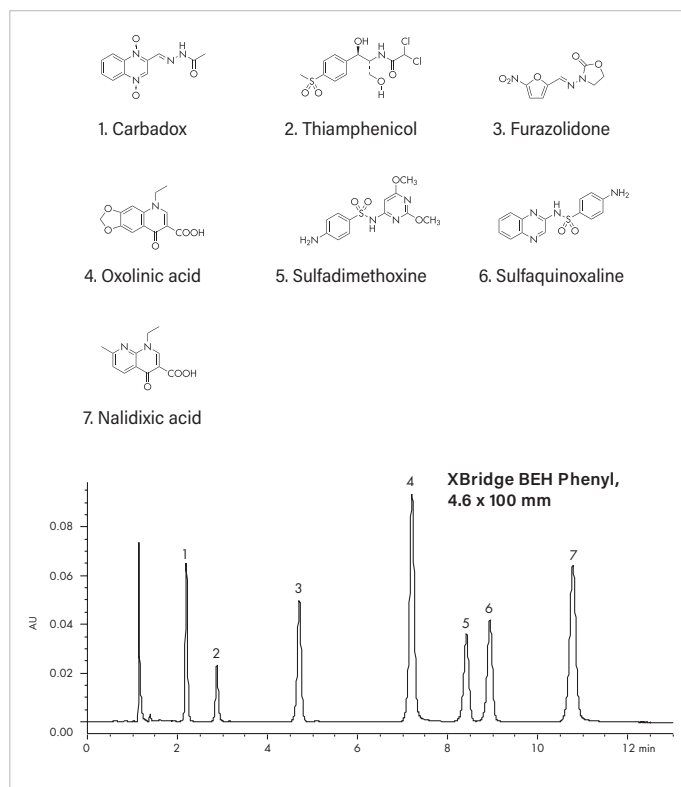
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	20 mM monopotassium phosphate, pH 2.5		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	80	20
	2.00	80	20
	7.00	75	25
	15.00	70	30
	16.00	80	20
	20.00	80	20
Flow rate:	1 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	10 µL		
UV detection:	254 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Sample:	Carbadox (10 µg/mL), Thiamphenicol (100 µg/mL), Furazolidone (10 µg/mL), Oxolinic acid (10 µg/mL), Sulfadimethoxine (10 µg/mL), Sulfaquinoxaline (10 µg/mL), Nalidixic acid (10 µg/mL) in KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> /ACN (80/20)
Sample temp.:	15 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003334</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64696](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Antibacterials by UHPLC

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC H-Class with  
ACQUITY UPLC PDA Detector

Columns: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>, 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 50 mm;  
Fully-porous C<sub>18</sub>, 5 μm, 4.6 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in water

Mobile phase B: 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile

Gradient: Linear from 5–50% B

Flow rate: 1 mL/min, 2 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 3 μL, 1.5 μL

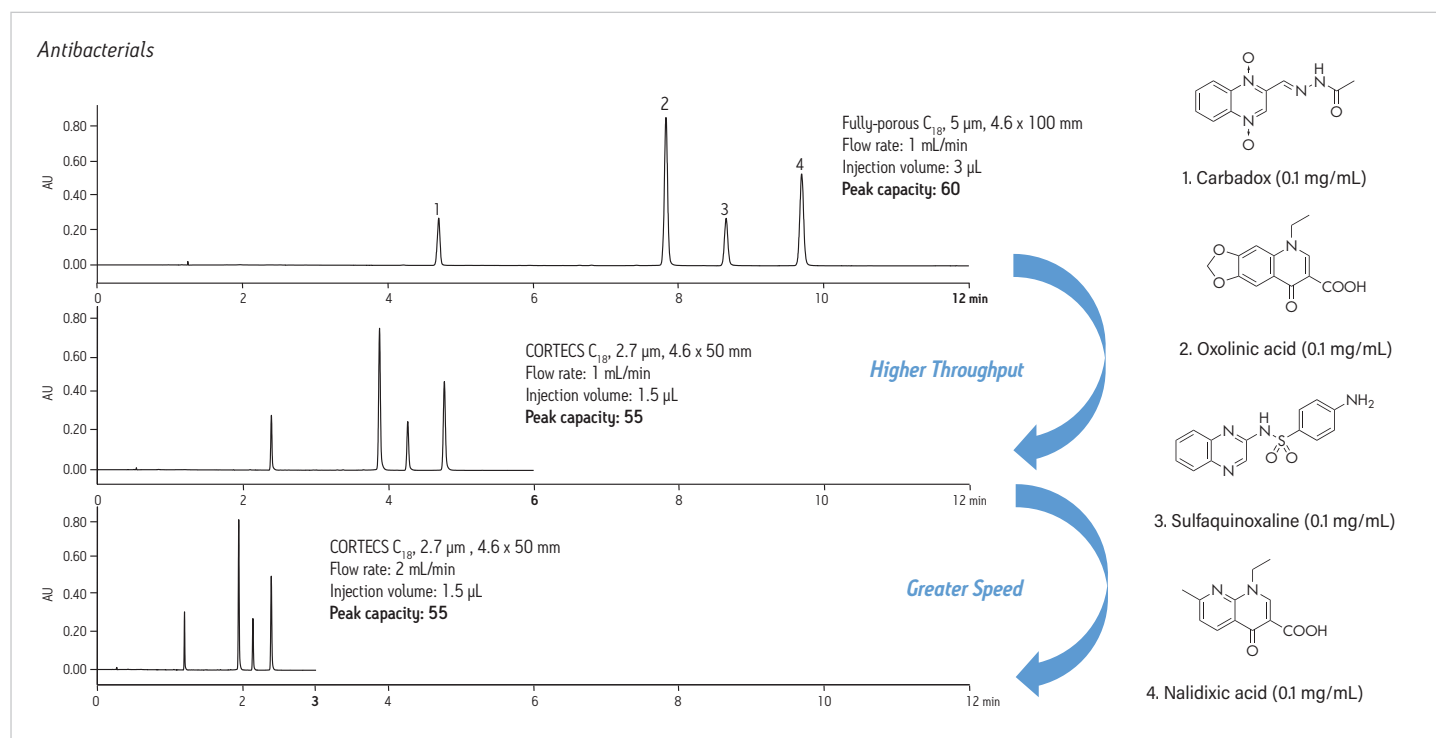
UV detection: 254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample diluent: 20% acetonitrile in water

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186007375</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64118](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Ascorbic and Isoascorbic Acid by Gradient HPLC

### EXPERIMENTAL

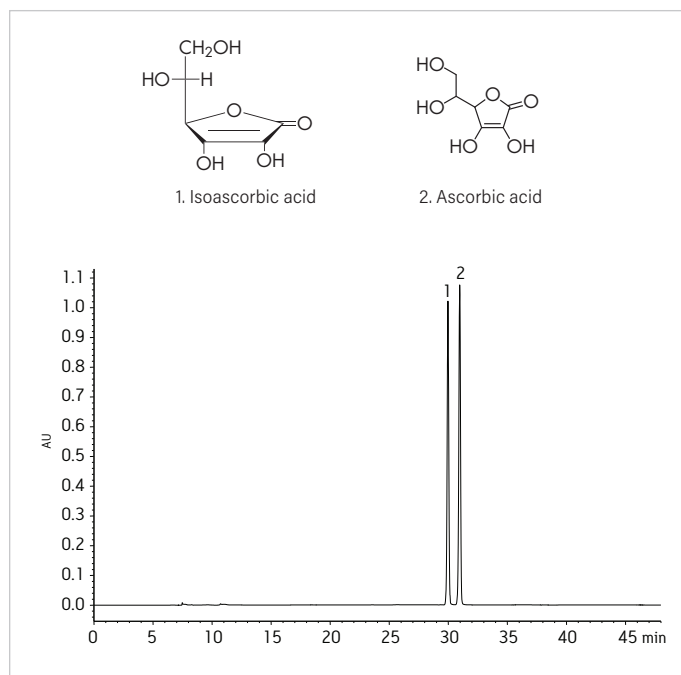
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	50/50 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate, pH 5.0		
Mobile phase B:	90/10 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate, pH 5.0		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	48.00	99.9	0.1
	48.10	0.1	99.9
	72.00	0.1	99.9
Flow rate:	0.5 mL/min		
Column temp.:	25 °C		
Injection volume:	60.0 $\mu\text{L}$		
UV detection:	260 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu\text{m}$  PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 30  $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu\text{m}$ , 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64119](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Ascorbic and Isoascorbic Acid by Isocratic HPLC

### EXPERIMENTAL

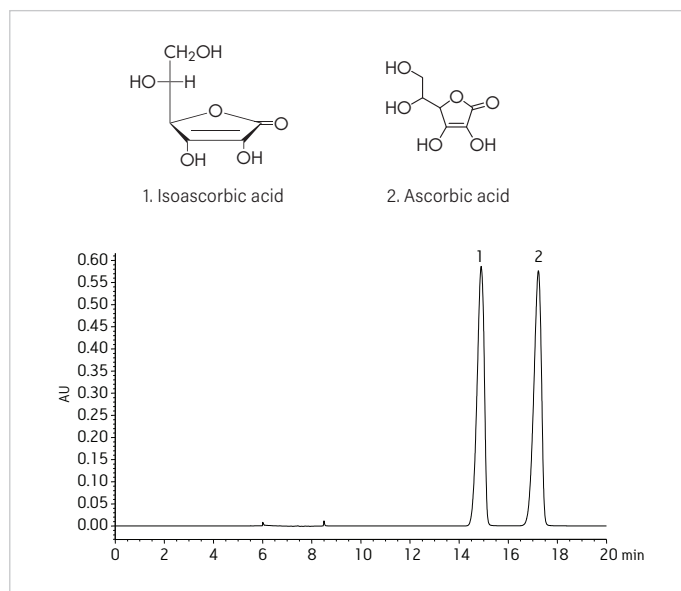
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	80/20 acetonitrile/water with 2 mM monopotassium phosphate
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	60.0 $\mu$ L
UV detection:	260 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu$ m PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 30  $\mu$ g/mL



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu$ m, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004440EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Avermectins in Meat

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with Xevo TQ-S Mass Spectrometer		
Column:	XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	5 mM ammonium acetate in water		
Mobile phase B:	5 mM ammonium acetate in methanol		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	30	70
	5.00	3	97
	8.00	3	97
	8.10	30	70
	10.00	30	70
Flow rate:	0.40 mL/min		
Column temp.:	35 °C		
Injection volume:	5 µL		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	MRM (m/z): abamectin 890.5 > 305.5; ivermectin 892.5 > 307.5; doramectin 916.5 > 331.2; eprinomectin 914.5 > 186.2; moxidectin 640.3 > 528.3		

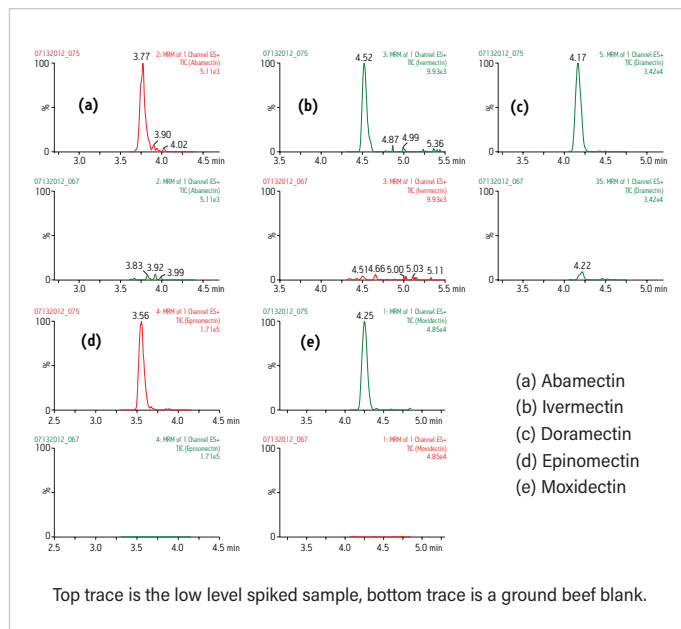
#### Sample preparation

##### Initial Extraction (QuEChERS)

Place 8 g ground beef (80% lean) and 2 mL water into a 50 mL centrifuge tube. Add 10 mL acetonitrile and shake the tube vigorously for 1 minute. Add the contents of DisQuE Pouch salts for European Committee for Standardization (CEN) QuEChERS and shake vigorously for 1 minute. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 4000 rpm and take a 1 mL aliquot of the supernatant (top layer) for d-SPE cleanup.

##### d-SPE Cleanup

Transfer the 1 mL aliquot of supernatant to a 2-mL d-SPE cleanup tube that contains 150 mg magnesium sulfate and 50 mg C<sub>18</sub> sorbent and shake vigorously for 1 minute. Centrifuge for 5 minutes at 12,000 rpm and take a 0.5 mL aliquot sample for LC-MS/MS analysis.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186005275</a>
DisQuE QuEChERS Pouch	<a href="#">186006813</a>
DisQuE QuEChERS 50 mL Centrifuge Tube	<a href="#">186004837</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Maximum Recovery Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">60000670CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004440EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Avermectins in Milk

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with Xevo TQ-S Mass Spectrometer		
Column:	XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	5 mM ammonium acetate in water		
Mobile phase B:	5 mM ammonium acetate in methanol		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	30	70
	5.00	3	97
	8.00	3	97
	8.10	30	70
	10.00	30	70
Flow rate:	0.40 mL/min		
Column temp.:	35 °C		
Injection volume:	5 µL		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	MRM (m/z): abamectin 890.5 > 305.5; ivermectin 892.5 > 307.5; doramectin 916.5 > 331.2; epinomectin 914.5 > 186.2; moxidectin 640.3 > 528.3		

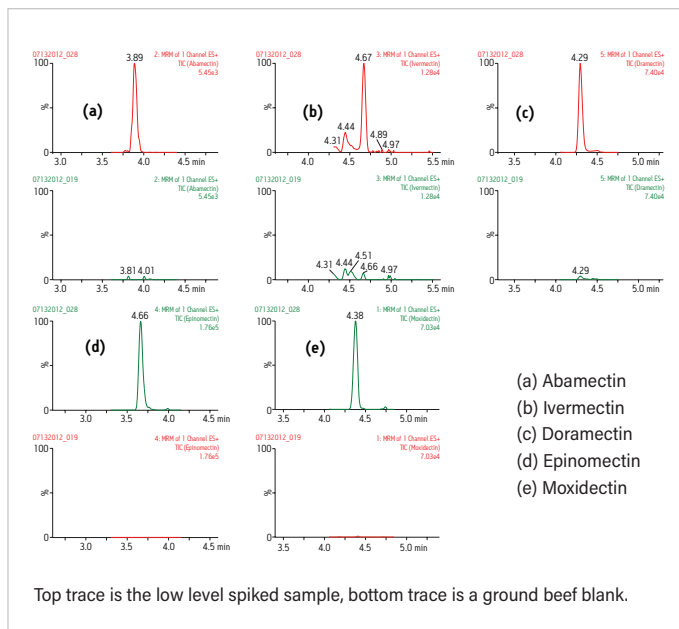
#### Sample preparation

##### Initial Extraction (QuEChERS)

Place 10 mL whole milk (pasteurized) into a 50 mL centrifuge tube. Add 10 mL acetonitrile and shake the tube vigorously for 1 minute. Add the contents of DisQuE Pouch salts for European Committee for Standardization (CEN) QuEChERS and shake vigorously for 1 minute. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 4000 rpm and take a 1 mL aliquot of the supernatant (top layer) for d-SPE cleanup.

##### d-SPE Cleanup

Transfer the 1 mL aliquot of supernatant to a 2-mL d-SPE cleanup tube that contains 150 mg magnesium sulfate and 50 mg C18 sorbent and shake vigorously for 1 minute. Centrifuge for 5 minutes at 12,000 rpm and take a 0.5 mL aliquot sample for LC-MS/MS analysis.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186005275</a>
DisQuE QuEChERS Pouch	<a href="#">186006813</a>
DisQuE QuEChERS 50 mL Centrifuge Tube	<a href="#">186004837</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Maximum Recovery Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000670CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720002825EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Basic Compounds

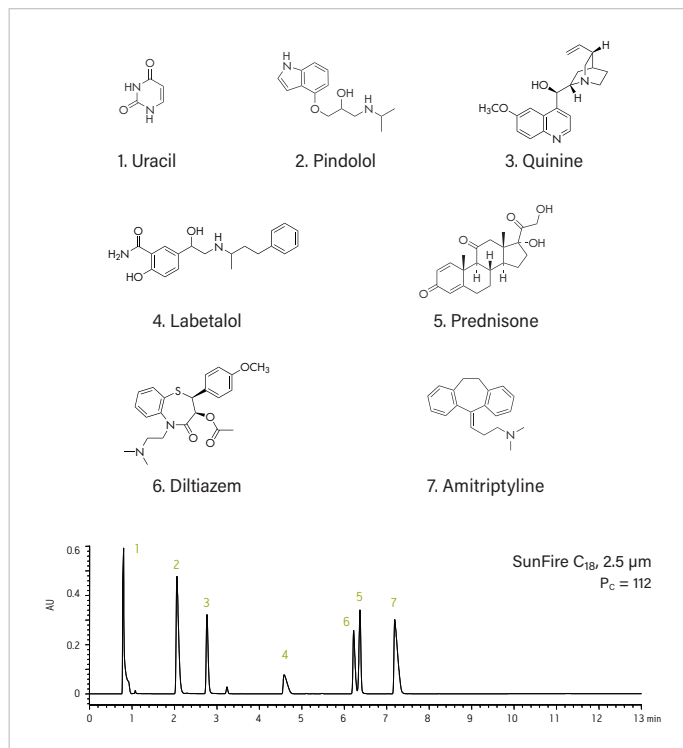
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2998 PDA detector		
Column:	SunFire C <sub>18</sub> , 2.5 μm, 4.6 x 75 mm		
Mobile phase A:	10 mM ammonium formate, pH 3		
Mobile phase B:	100% acetonitrile		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	85	15
	13.00	35	65
	15.00	35	65
	15.10	85	15
	24.00	85	15
Flow rate:	1 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	10 μL		
UV detection:	260 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Standard mixture of basic compounds (1) uracil, (2) pindolol, (3) quinine, (4) labetalol, (5) prednisone, (6) diltiazem, (7) amitriptyline.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
SunFire C <sub>18</sub> , 2.5 μm, 4.6 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186003419</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60707](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Basic Drugs in River Water

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class with Xevo TQD Mass Spectrometer				
Column:	CORTECS HILIC, 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm				
Mobile phase A:	Water + 0.1% acetic acid/ammonium acetate buffer (1 g/L water)				
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile				
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>Flow Rate</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>Curve</u>
		(mL/min)			
	Initial	0.280	2	98	-
	4.50	0.280	30	70	6
	10.80	0.280	30	70	6
	11.25	0.280	2	98	6
	14.40	0.280	2	98	6
	14.50	0.280	2	98	6
Flow rate:	0.28 mL/min				
Column temp.:	45 °C				
Ionization mode:	ESI+				
Acquisition mode:	MRM				

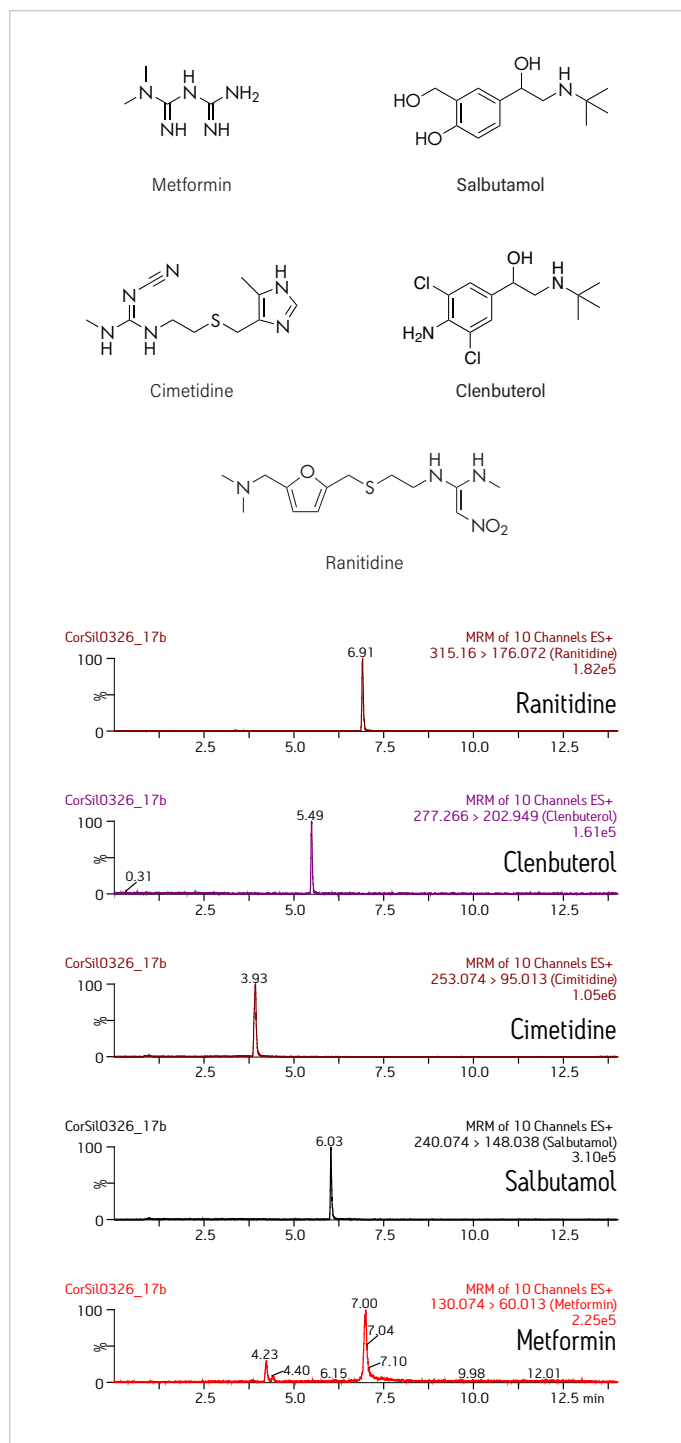
#### Sample preparation

Sample: Basic drugs from river water

Two hundred milliliters river water (pH 5.0 with acetic acid) prepared using Oasis MCX 6 cc Vac Cartridge, 150 mg sorbent per cartridge, 30 µm particle size.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS HILIC, 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007382</a>
Oasis MCX 6 cc Vac Cartridge	<a href="#">186000256</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>





For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64694](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Basic Impurities

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector

 Column: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>+, 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm

Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in water

Mobile phase B: 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	Curve
	0.0	75	25	-
	11.3	65	35	6
	12.0	65	35	6
	12.1	75	25	6
	15.0	75	25	6

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min

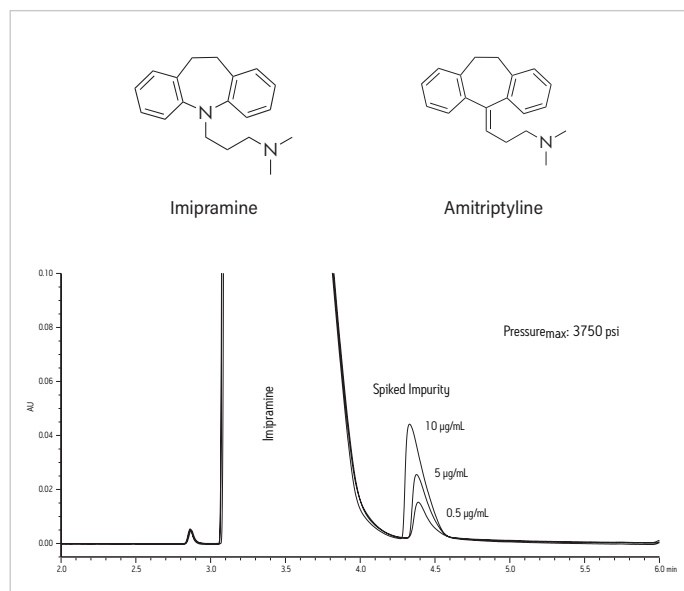
Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 36 μL

UV detection: 254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample: Imipramine (0.5 mg/mL), with various concentrations of amitriptyline (10 μg/mL, 5 μg/mL, and 0.5 μg/mL) prepared in water



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> +, 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186007408</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005062EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Basic Impurities (Solid-Core Technology Comparison)

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC with PDA detector and TQD mass spectrometer

Columns: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>+, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm;  
 Competitor solid-core C<sub>18</sub>, 2.6 μm,  
 3.0 x 50 mm

Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in water

Mobile phase B: 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	75	25
	3.00	65	35
	3.10	75	25
	4.10	75	25

Flow rate: 0.8 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 10.0 μL

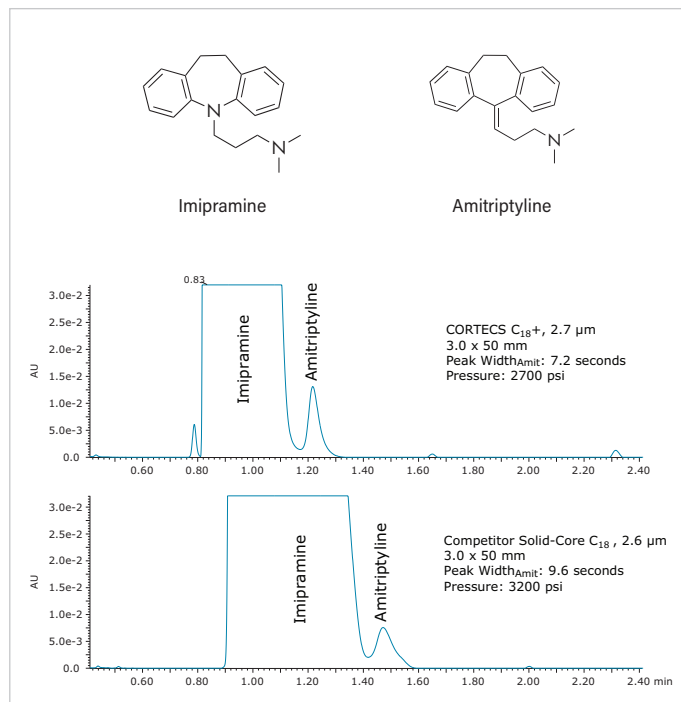
UV detection: 254 nm

Ionization mode: ESI+

Acquisition mode: SIR (m/z) 278.4

#### Sample preparation

0.5 mg/mL imipramine and 0.5 μg/mL amitriptyline aqueous solution.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> +, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186007400</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Max Recovery Vial	<a href="#">600000749CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE17](#) at [waters.com](#)

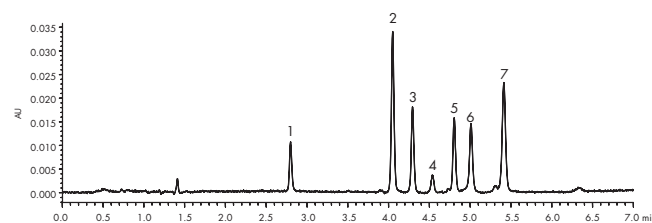
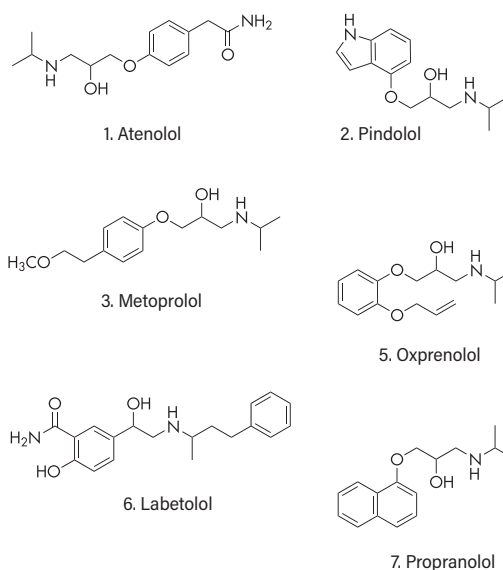
## Analysis of Beta Blockers

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector			
Column:	XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm			
Mobile phase A:	Water			
Mobile phase B:	Methanol			
Mobile phase C:	100 mM ammonium bicarbonate, pH 9.0			
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>%C</u>
	0.00	85	5	10
	3.00	55	35	10
	10.00	55	35	10
	11.00	85	5	10
	15.00	85	5	10
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min			
Column temp.:	30 °C			
Injection volume:	10 µL			
UV detection:	280 nm			

#### Sample preparation

 Sample concentration and Diluent: 10 µg/mL in H<sub>2</sub>O


### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003044</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004129EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Budesonide Nasal Spray

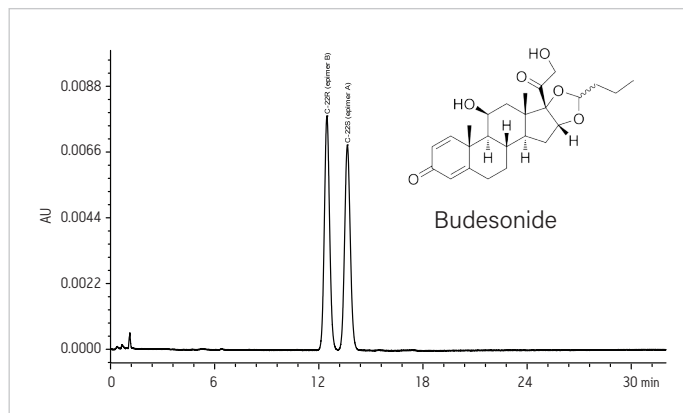
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2489 UV/Visible detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	Acetonitrile and Solution A (32:68)
Solution A:	3.17 mg/mL of monobasic sodium phosphate and 0.23 mg/mL of phosphoric acid; pH 3.2 +/- 0.1
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Injection volume:	20 µL
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

An amount equivalent to 1.0 g of Rhinocort AQUA (budesonide) nasal spray was accurately weighed and transferred to a 50-mL volumetric flask. Sixteen milliliters of acetonitrile was added to this flask. This mixture was mechanically shaken in the Burrell Wrist-Action shaker, Model 75 for 15 minutes. The mixture was diluted with Solution A to volume and mechanically shaken for an additional 10 minutes. This mixture was then subjected to centrifugation at 3220 rcf (4000 rpm) for 15 minutes. The supernatant was aliquoted into a 2-mL Waters Certified Glass Screw Cap Vial with bonded pre-slit PTFE/silicone septum (p/n [186000307C](#)). Final concentration of the working sample was 12.8 µg/mL.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
Waters LCGC Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186000307C</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64077](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Buprenorphine and Buprenorphine Glucuronide

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC with TQD detector

Column: XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5  $\mu\text{m}$ , 2.1 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: 10 mM ammonium formate in water, 0.125% formic acid in 50:50 acetonitrile:water

Mobile phase B: 10 mM ammonium formate in water, 0.125% formic acid in 90:10 acetonitrile:water

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	1.05	0.1	99.9
	4.35	99.9	0.1
	5.00	99.9	0.1
	5.01	0.1	99.9
	6.00	0.1	99.9

Flow rate: 0.3 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

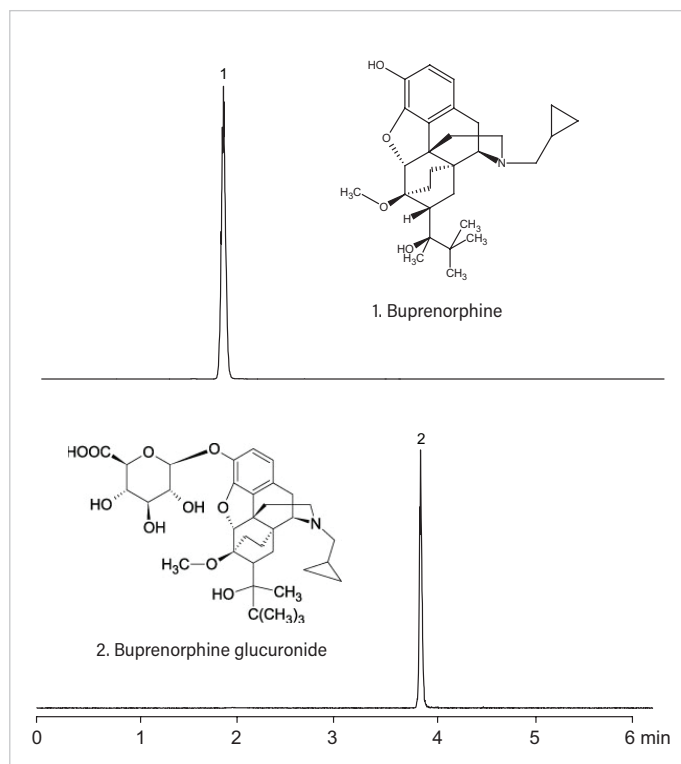
Injection volume: 5  $\mu\text{L}$

Acquisition mode: MRM (m/z): buprenorphine 468.3 > 54.7;  
buprenorphine glucuronide 644.3 > 468.3

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 50 ng/mL each

Sample diluent: 75:25 ACN:MeOH with 0.2% HCOOH



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186004433</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE6](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Caffeine and Metabolites Using XBridge BEH C<sub>18</sub> Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

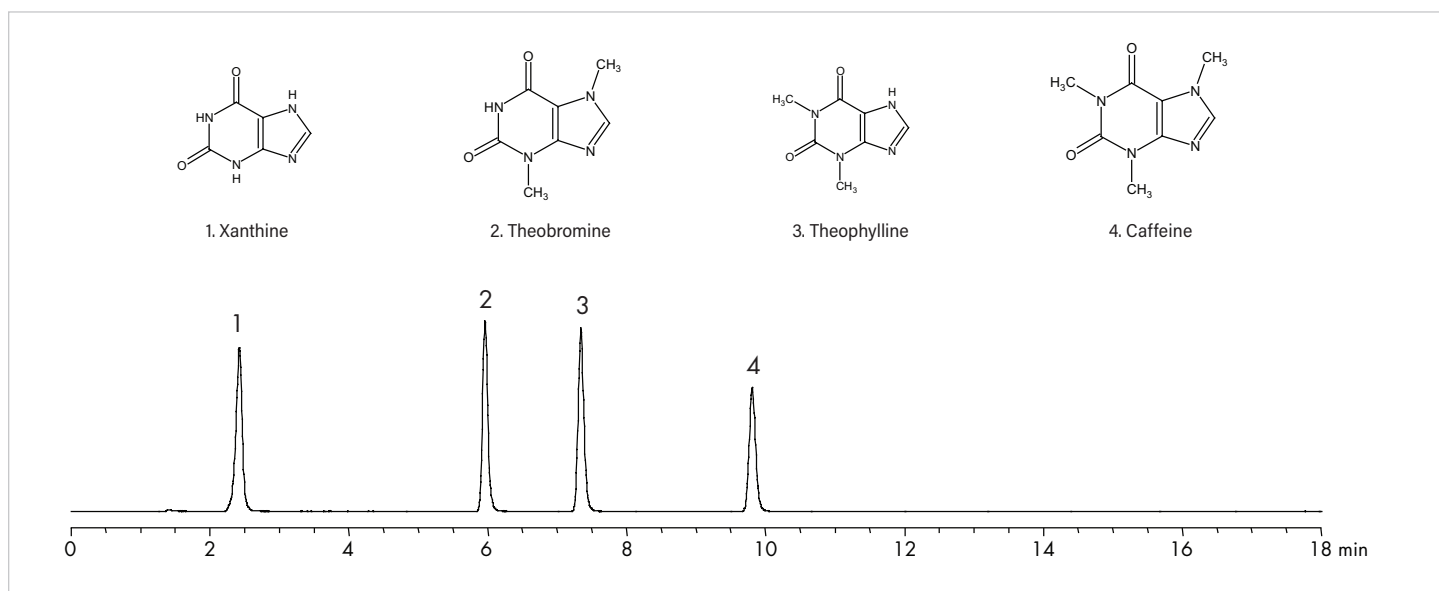
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm		
Mobile phase A:	5 mM ammonium acetate, pH 7.5		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	98	2
	15.00	80	20
	18.00	80	20
	19.00	98	2
	25.00	98	2
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	25 °C		
Injection volume:	10 μL		
UV detection:	273 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 20 μg/mL in water

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE11](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Caffeine Metabolites Using XBridge BEH Phenyl Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector

 Columns: XBridge BEH Phenyl,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: Water

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Mobile phase C: 100 mM ammonium bicarbonate

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	%C
	0.00	89	1	10
	9.00	66	24	10
	10.00	89	1	10
	20.00	89	1	10

Flow rate: 1.0 mL /min

Column temp.: 30 °C

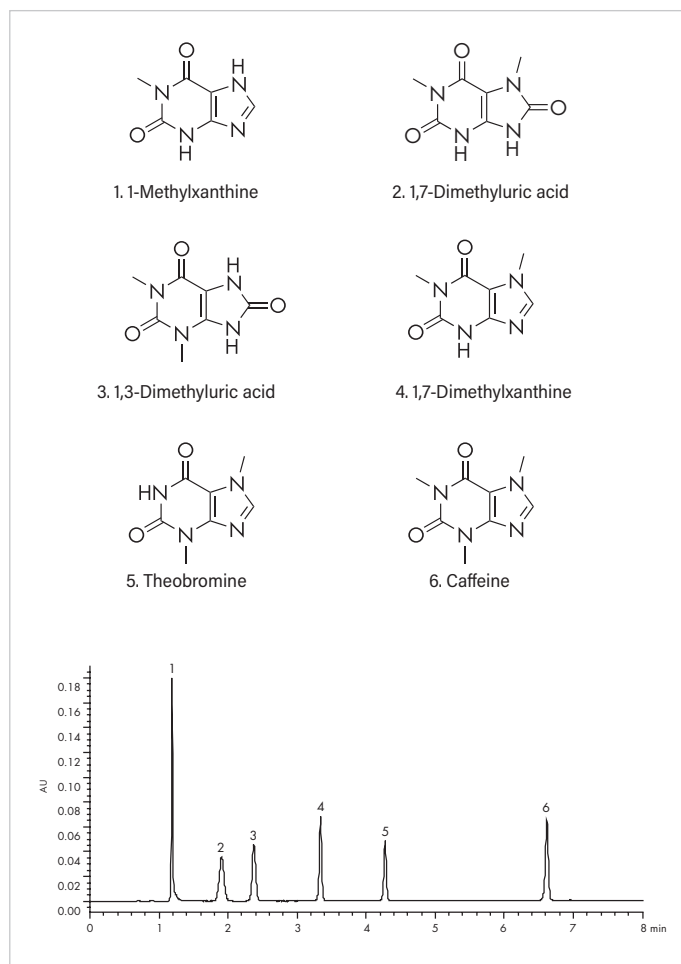
Injection volume: 10 µL

UV detection: 280 nm

#### Sample preparation

 Sample: Caffeine (10 µg/mL),  
Theobromine (10 µg/mL),  
1-Methylxanthine (10 µg/mL),  
1,3-Dimethyluric acid (10 µg/mL),  
1,7-Dimethylxanthine (10 µg/mL),  
1,7-Dimethyluric acid (10 µg/mL)  
in H<sub>2</sub>O/NH<sub>4</sub>HCO<sub>3</sub> (90/10)

Sample temp.: 15 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003334</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720002732EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Carbonyl Compounds in Drinking Water

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with UV detection

 Column: XBridge BEH Phenyl,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm

Mobile phase A: Water/tetrahydrofuran (THF) 90:10

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

 Gradient: Eluent gradient for EPA methods 554  
and 8315 Option 1.

Time	Flow	%A	%B	Curve
Initial	1.5	70	30	-
20.0	1.5	36	64	6
22.0	1.5	36	64	6
22.1	1.5	70	30	6

 Eluent gradient for EPA methods TO11  
and 8315 Option 2

Time	Flow	%A	%B	Curve
Initial	1.5	70	30	-
16.0	1.5	53	47	6
21.0	1.5	53	47	6
21.1	1.5	70	30	6

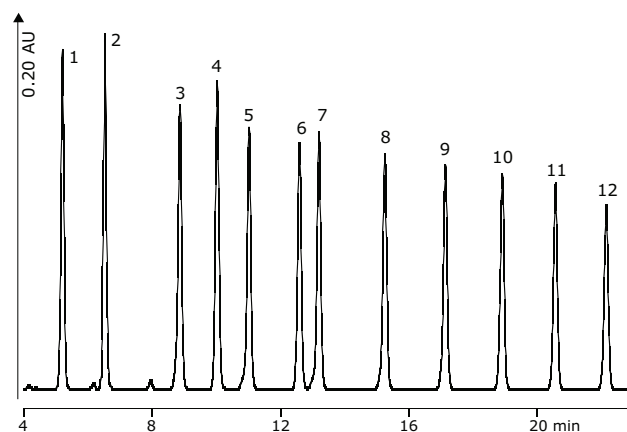
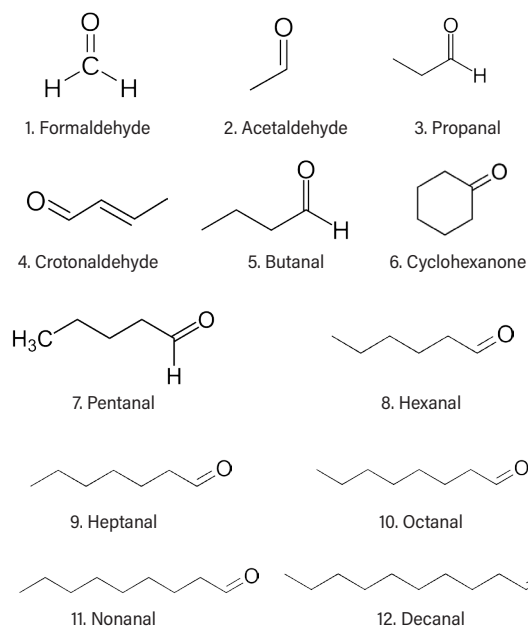
Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

 Injection: 20 µL each of AccuStandard  
mix (M- 8315-R1- DNPH and  
M- 8315-R2- DNPH) diluted  
1:5 in 40:60 water/acetonitrile

UV detection: 360 nm

#### Sample preparation

 DNPH reagent added to 100 mL sample, extract with Oasis HLB  
or use methylene chloride extraction option.


### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003335</a>
Oasis HLB, 3 cc, 60 mg Cartridge	<a href="#">WAT094226</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE14](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Catechins

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector

 Columns: XBridge BEH Phenyl,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm

Mobile phase A: Water

Mobile phase B: Methanol

Mobile phase C: 0.2% formic acid in water

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	%C
	0.00	84	15	1
	8.00	84	15	1
	15.00	62	37	1
	20.00	62	37	1
	26.00	84	15	1
	30.00	84	15	1

Flow rate: 0.8 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

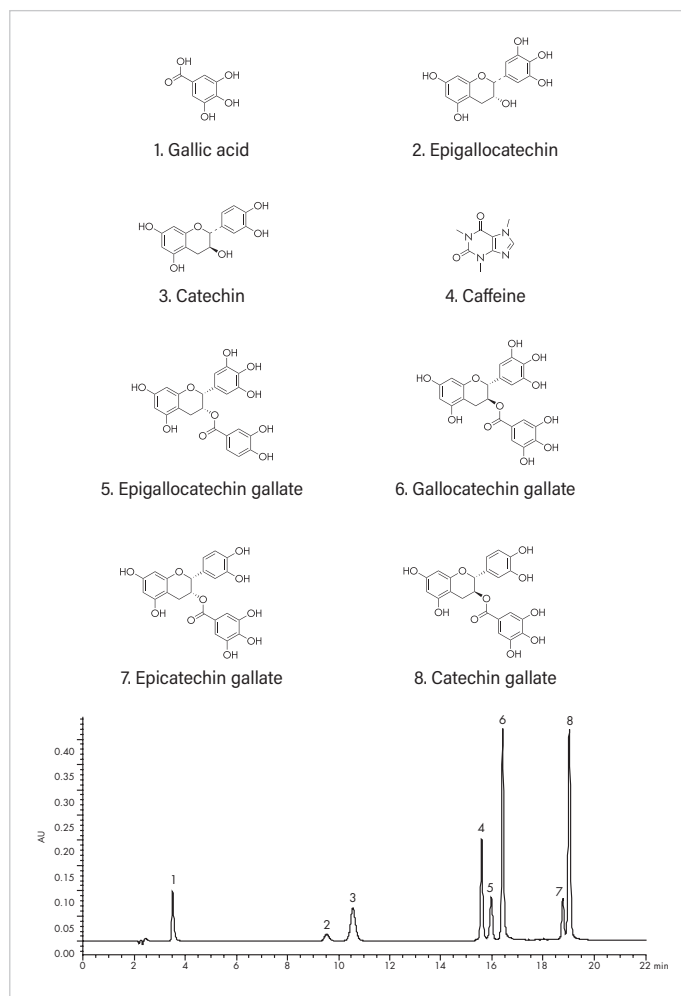
Injection volume: 20 µL

UV detection: 280 nm

#### Sample preparation

 Sample: Gallic acid (10 µg/mL),  
Epigallocatechin (50 µg/mL),  
Catechin (50 µg/mL), Caffeine (10 µg/mL),  
Epigallocatechin gallate (50 µg/mL),  
Gallocatechin gallate (50 µg/mL),  
Epicatechin gallate (10 µg/mL),  
Catechin gallate (50 µg/mL),  
in H<sub>2</sub>O/ MeOH (85/15)

Sample temp.: 15 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003335</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE7](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Catecholamines Using XBridge BEH C<sub>18</sub> Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

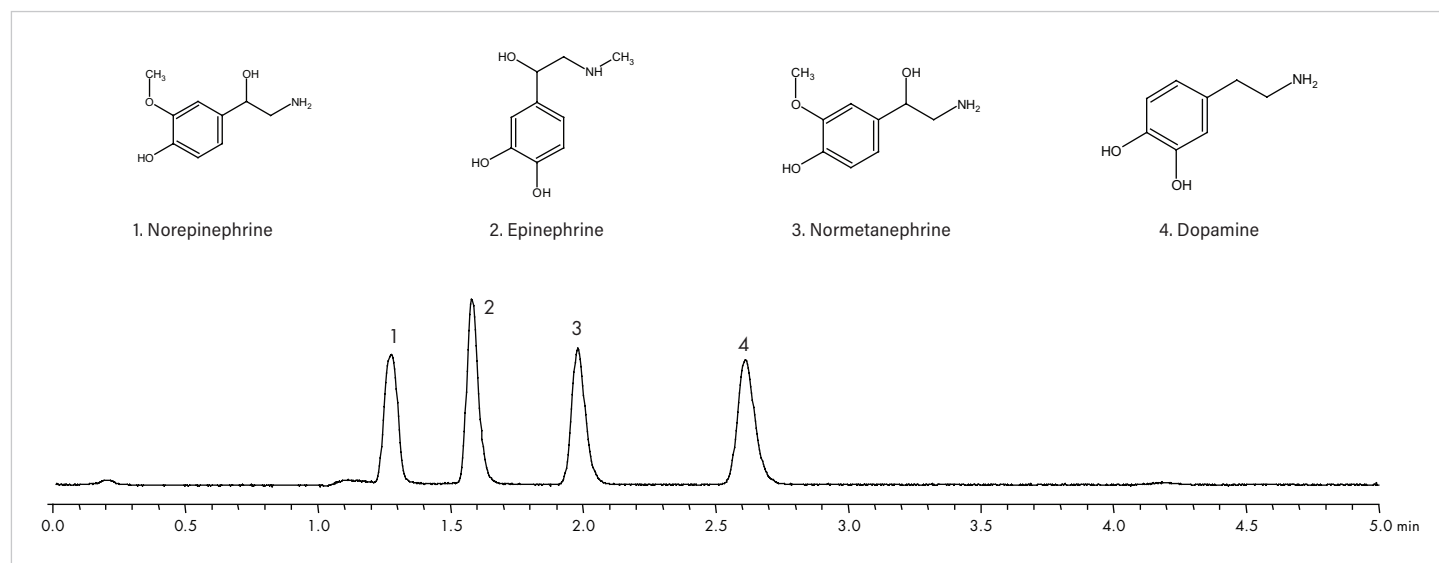
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	20 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 2.5/methanol (97/3)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	10 μL
UV detection:	210 nm

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 20 μg/mL in water



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE18](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Catecholamines Using XBridge BEH Shield RP18 Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector

 Column: XBridge BEH Shield RP18,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: Water

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Mobile phase C: 100 mM ammonium formate, pH 3.0

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	%C
	0.00	90	0	10
	5.00	90	0	10
	15.00	65	25	10
	16.00	65	25	10
	17.00	90	0	10
	20.00	90	0	10

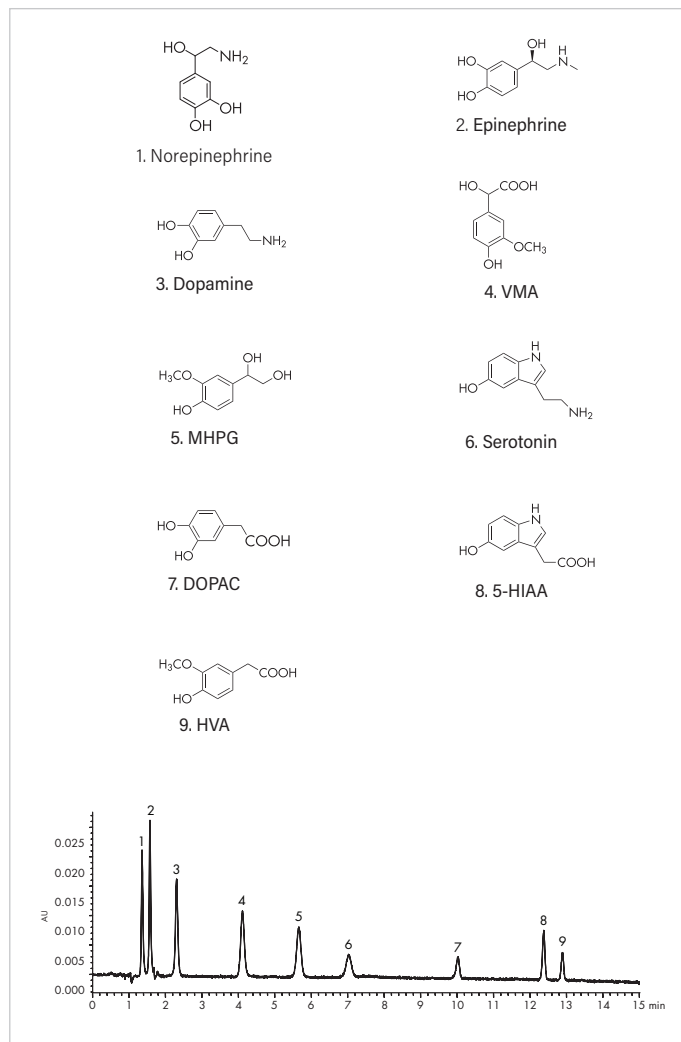
Flow rate: 1.0 mL /min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 10 µL

UV detection: 280 nm

#### Sample preparation

 Sample concentration  
and diluent: 10 µg/mL in H<sub>2</sub>O


### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003044</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64102](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Cellulosic Hydrolysates by ELSD

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water with  
0.2 % triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water with  
0.2 % triethylamine

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	100	0
	21.00	40	60
	21.01	100	0
	33.00	100	0

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

Injection volume: 15.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

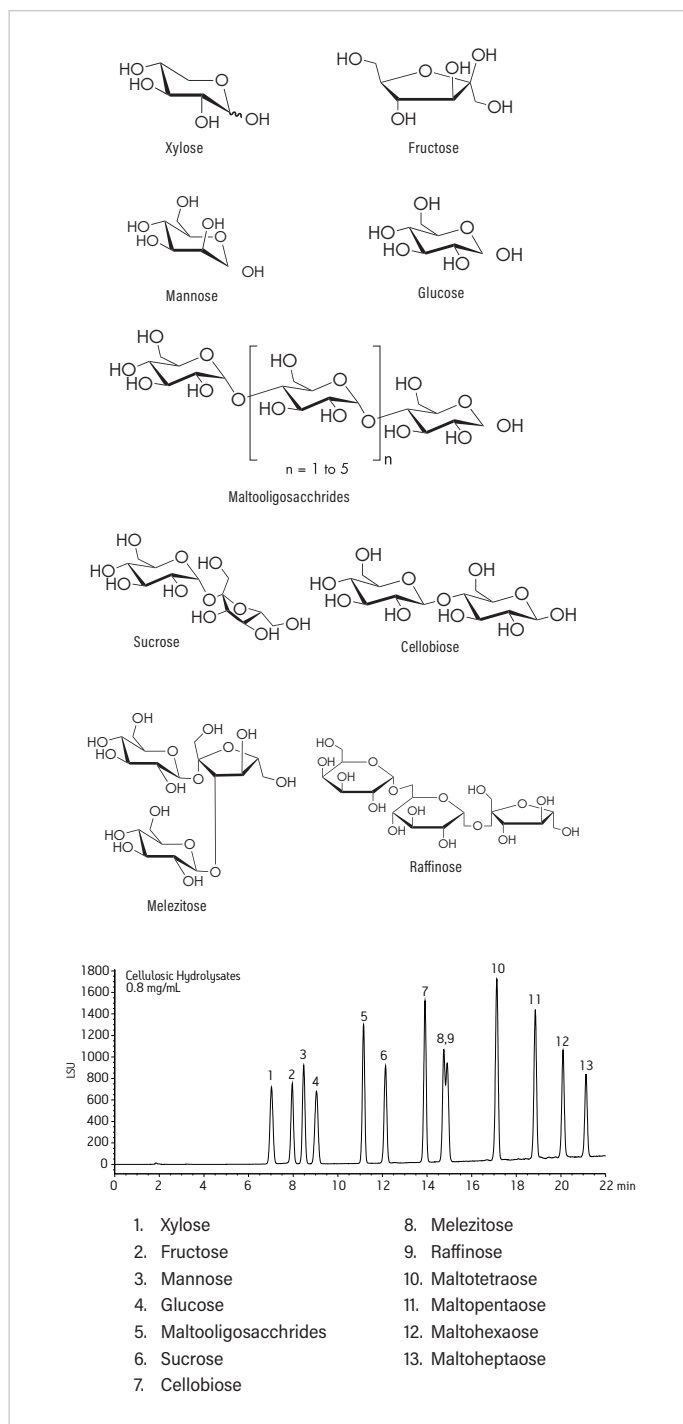
#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 0.8 mg/mL each

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE2](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Cephalosporin Antibiotics

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

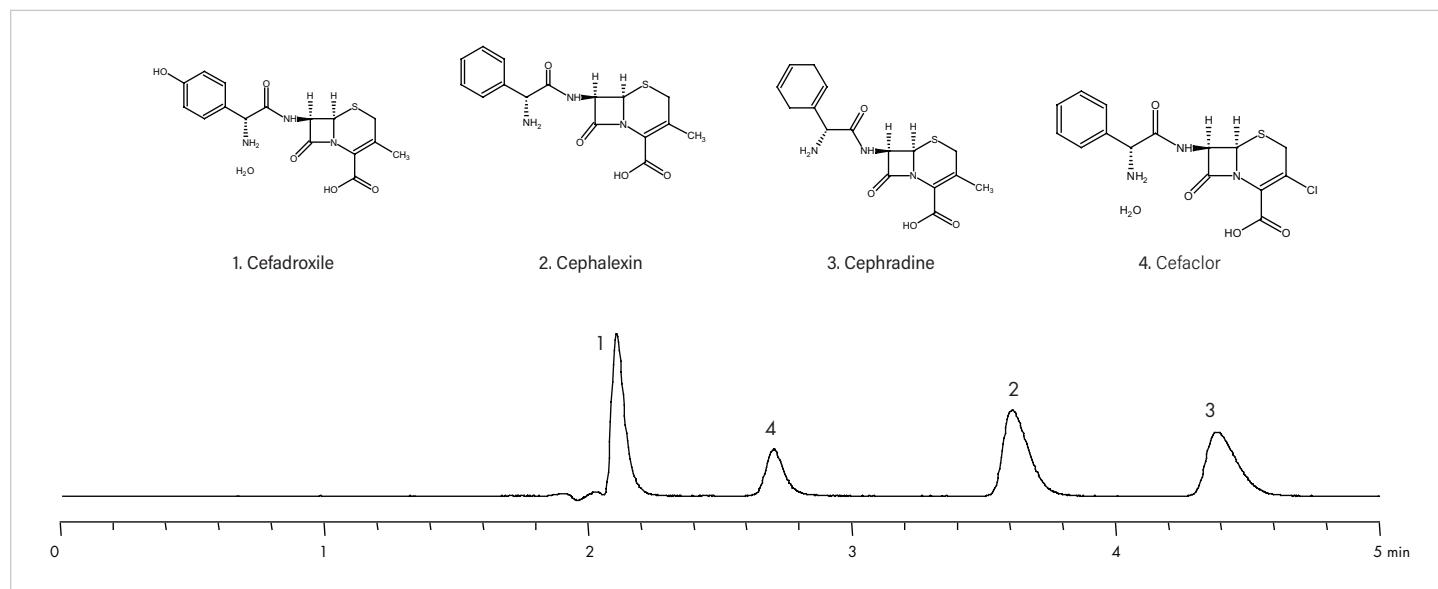
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	0.5% acetic acid/acetonitrile (85/15)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	10 µL
UV detection:	254 nm

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 20 µg/mL in water



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004461EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Clarithromycin

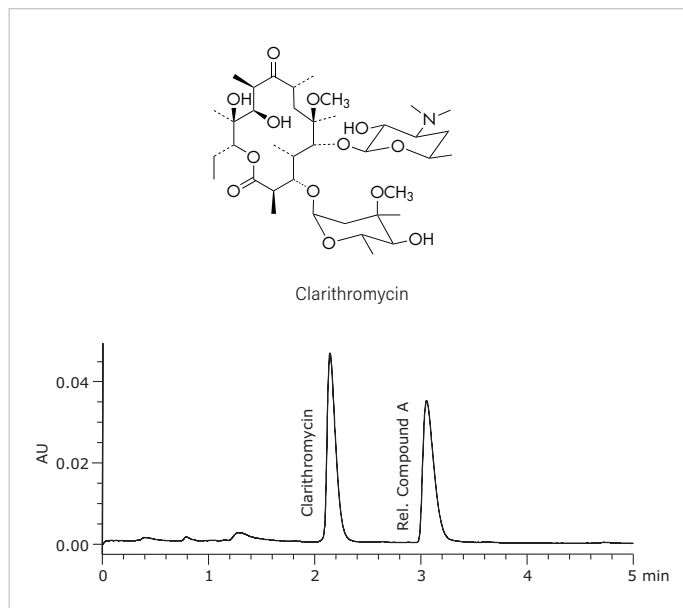
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695
Column:	XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <i>XP</i> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 75 mm
Mobile phase:	65:35 methanol:67 mM monobasic potassium phosphate, pH 4.0 with phosphoric acid
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	50 °C
Injection volume:	10 µL
UV detection:	210 nm

#### Sample preparation

Clarithromycin sample: clarithromycin and clarithromycin related compound A USP standards were prepared in the mobile phase to a concentration of 0.5 mg/mL. The sample was placed in a TruView Maximum Recovery Vial for injection.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <i>XP</i> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186006110</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64080](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Cytosine, 5-Fluorocytosine, and Uracil

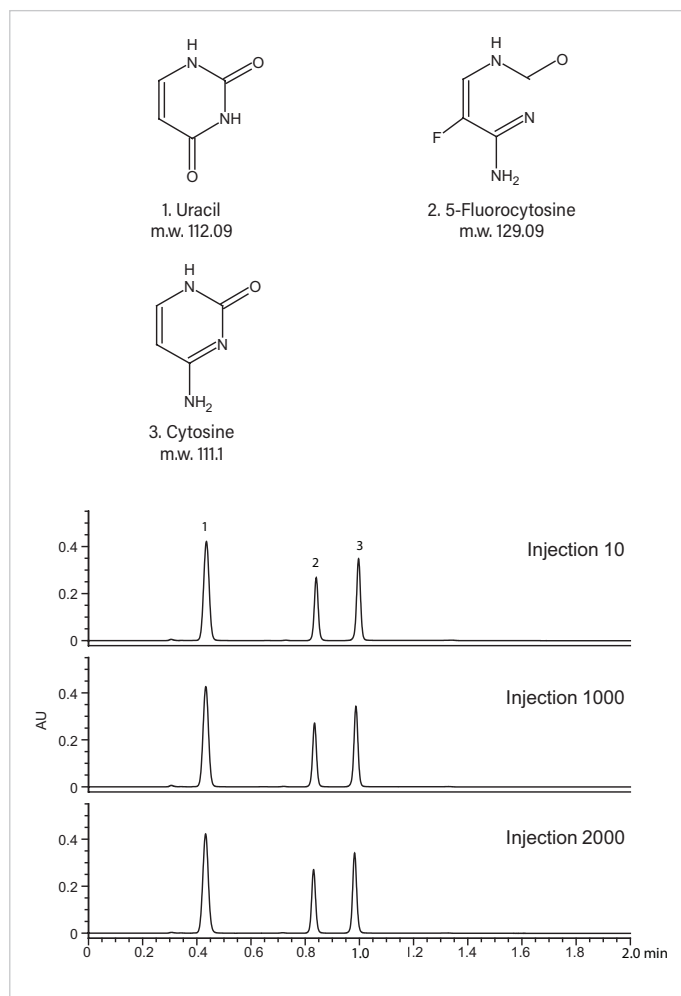
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with TUV detector			
Column:	XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 µm, 2.1 x 50 mm			
Mobile phase A:	95:5 acetonitrile:water with 10 mM ammonium acetate pH 5.5			
Mobile phase B:	50:50 acetonitrile:water with 10 mM ammonium acetate pH 5.5			
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>Curve</u>
	0.00	99	1	6
	2.00	1	99	6
	2.10	99	1	6
	2.50	99	1	6
Flow rate:	0.5 mL/min			
Column temp.:	30 °C			
Injection volume:	2.0 µL			
UV detection:	254 nm			

#### Sample preparation

Sample diluent: 75:25 acetonitrile:methanol



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 µm, 2.1 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186004432</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE20](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Dextromethorphan, Tetracaine, Triprolidine, and Warfarin

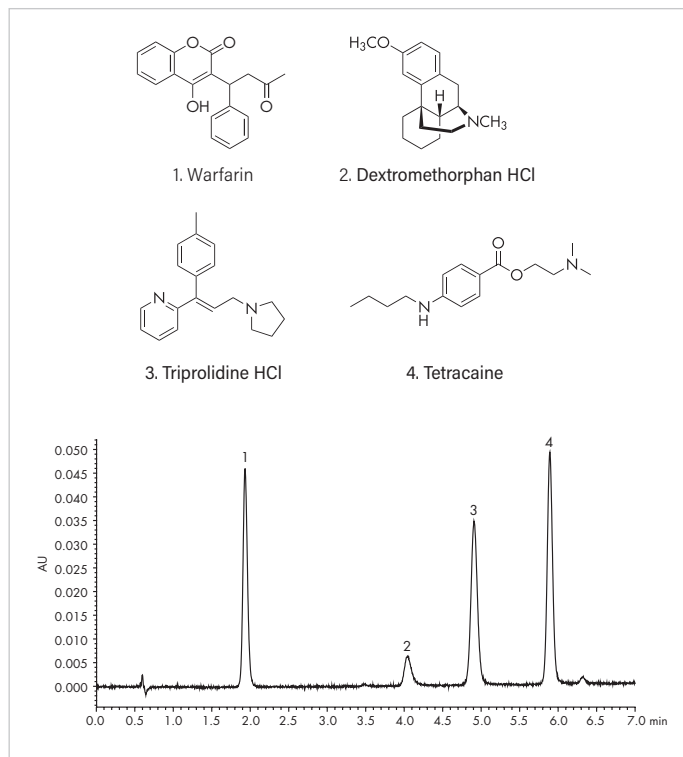
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 50 mm		
Mobile phase A:	25 mM monopotassium phosphate, pH 7		
Mobile phase B:	Methanol		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	60	40
	7.00	20	80
	7.50	60	40
	10.00	60	40
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	10 µL		
UV detection:	280 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration  
and diluent: 10 µg/mL in H<sub>2</sub>O



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186003042</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005552EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Disperse Dyes

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

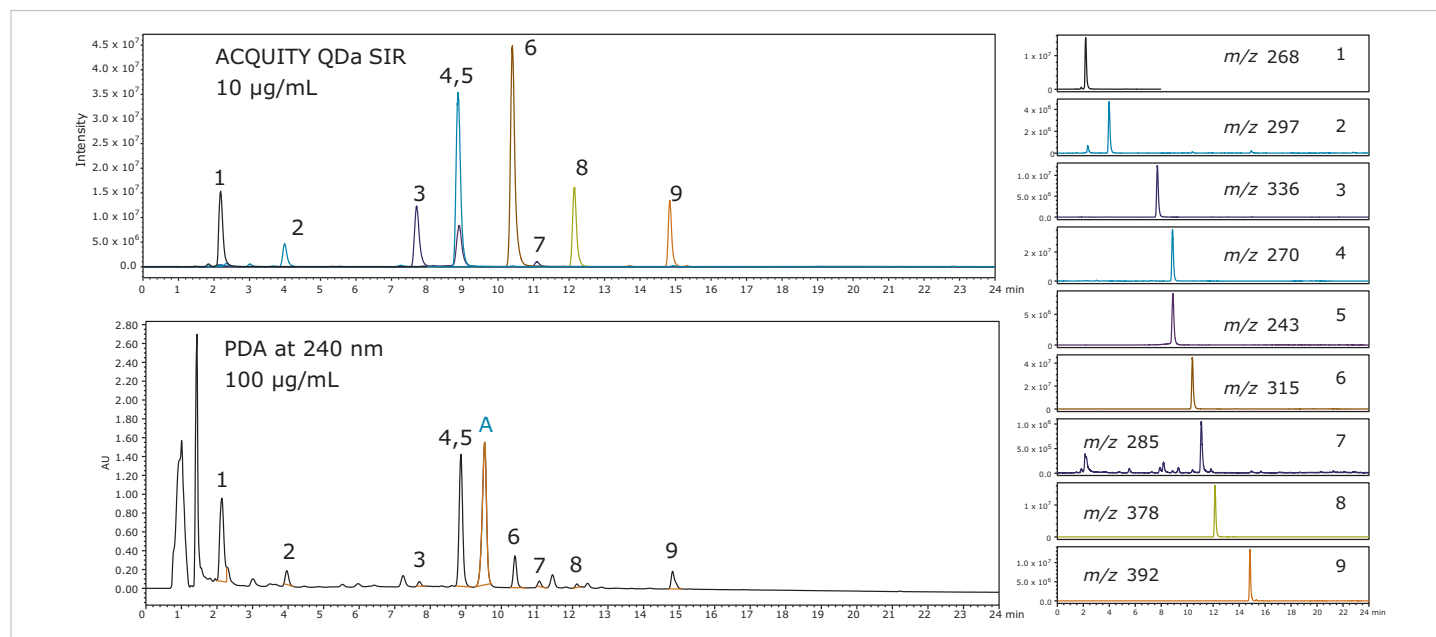
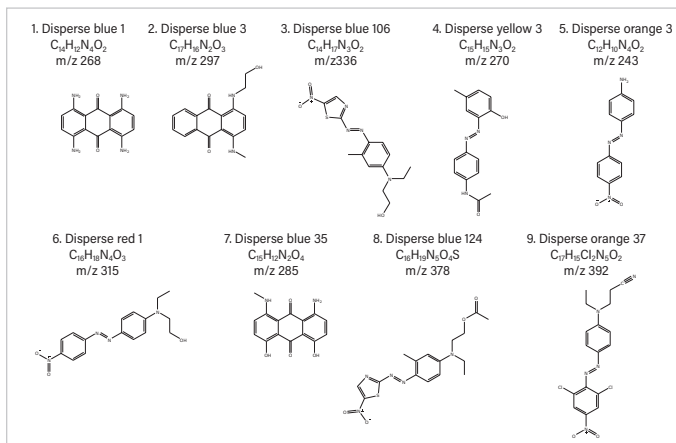
System:	ACQUITY Arc with ACQUITY QDa Detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 2.1 x 150 mm		
Mobile phase A:	Ammonium acetate 10 mmol pH 3.6		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	60	40
	7.00	40	60
	17.00	2	98
	24.00	2	98
	24.10	60	40
Flow rate:	0.30 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	5 μL		
UV detection:	210 to 800 nm		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	Full scan 100-600 m/z and SIR		

### Sample preparation

Dye standards were dissolved in methanol and sequentially diluted in preparation for sample analysis.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 2.1 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003110</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE10](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of DNPH Derivatives

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector

 Columns: XBridge BEH Phenyl,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: Water

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Mobile phase C: 0.2% formic acid in water

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	%C
	0.00	40	50	10
	2.67	40	50	10
	6.67	0	90	10
	7.33	40	50	10
	11.00	40	50	10

Flow rate: 1.2 mL /min

Column temp.: 30 °C

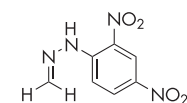
Injection volume: 10 µL

UV detection: 254 nm

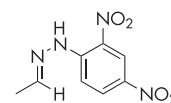
#### Sample preparation

 Sample: Acetaldehyde-DNPH (10 µg/mL),  
Acetone-DNPH (10 µg/mL),  
Cyclohexanone-DNPH (10 µg/mL),  
Formaldehyde-DNPH (10 µg/mL),  
Crotonaldehyde-DNPH (10 µg/mL) in  
H<sub>2</sub>O/ACN (60/40)

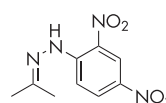
Sample temp.: 15 °C



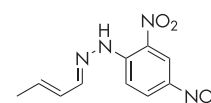
1. Formaldehyde-DNPH



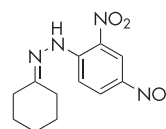
2. Acetaldehyde-DNPH



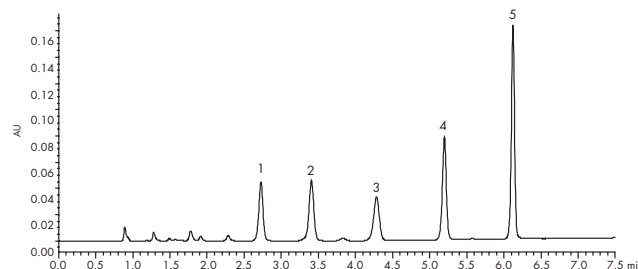
3. Acetone-DNPH



4. Crotonaldehyde-DNPH



5. Cyclohexanone-DNPH



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003334</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005666EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Dofetilide and Related Compounds

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

Systems:	Alliance HPLC and ACQUITY UPLC H-Class
Column:	Nova-Pak C <sub>8</sub> , 60Å, 4 μm, 3.9 x 150 mm  CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 90Å, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 100 mm  CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 90Å, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 75 mm  CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 90Å, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm
Mobile phase:	Acetonitrile:buffer solution (1:3)
Buffer solution:	1.36 g monobasic potassium phosphate and 5 mg ascorbic acid in 1 L water, adjusted with 0.01 M potassium hydroxide solution to pH 7.0
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.00 mL/min (4 μm column), 0.88 mL/min (2.7 μm column)
Column temp.:	30 °C

Injection volume: 50 μL (150 mm column), 19.8 μL (100 mm column), 14.8 μL (75 mm column), 9.9 μL (50 mm column)

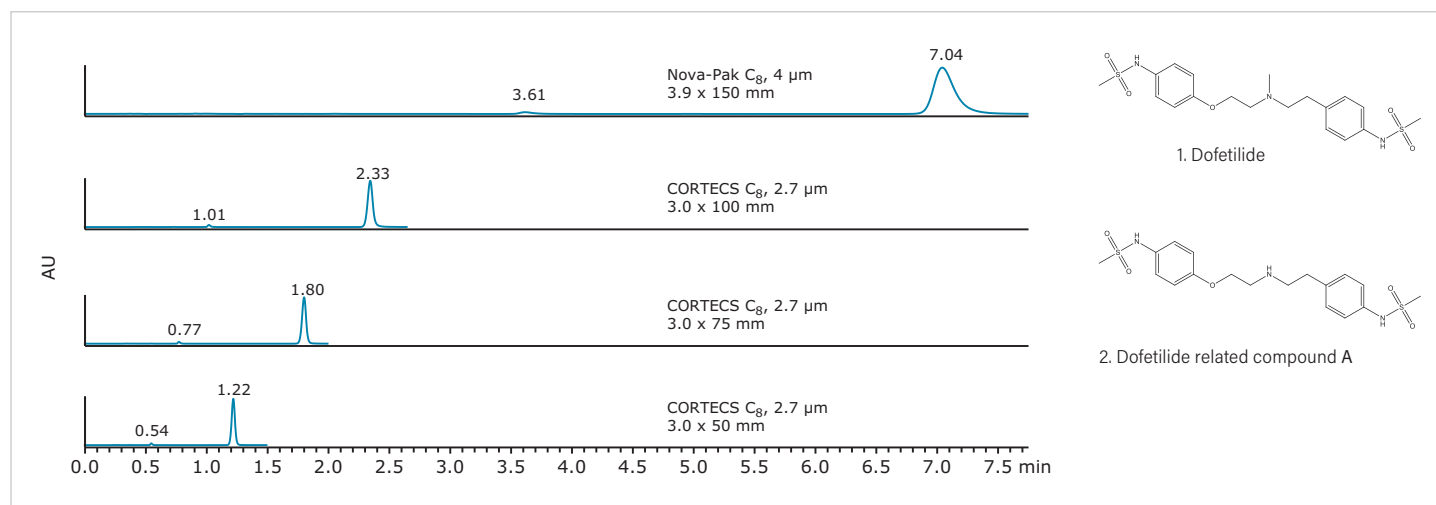
UV detection: 230 nm

#### Sample preparation

A sample containing dofetilide (25 μg/mL) and dofetilide related compound A (0.5 μg/mL) was prepared with mobile phase as the diluent.

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
Nova-Pak C <sub>8</sub> , 4 μm, 3.9 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">WAT035876</a>
CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186008361</a>
CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186008360</a>
CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186008359</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004261EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Donepezil Tablets

### EXPERIMENTAL

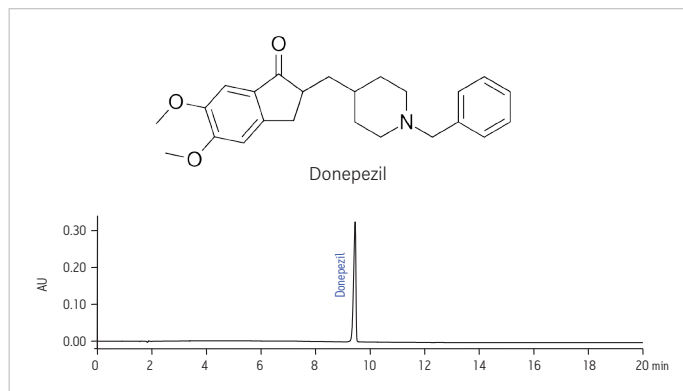
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% phosphoric acid in water, adjust to pH 6.5 with triethylamine		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	75	25
	10.00	40	60
	40.00	40	60
	41.00	75	25
	50.00	75	25
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min		
Column temp.:	50 °C		
Injection volume:	20 µL		
UV detection:	286 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Donepezil (1 mg/mL) in diluent: Waters Analytical Standard

Donepezil Tablets (1 mg/mL): Crushed tablets were weighed in a 50-mL volumetric flask and 25-mL diluent was added. The sample was sonicated for 15 minutes and made up to volume with diluent. The sample was mixed well, filtered through a 0.2 µm PTFE filter, and centrifuged at 12,000 rpm for 5 minutes.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186003117</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004453EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Drugs and Metabolites

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with Xevo TQ-S Detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 μm, 2.1 x 50 mm		
Mobile phase A:	Water with 0.1% formic acid		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile with 0.1% formic acid		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	95	5
	1.50	2	98
	2.00	2	98
	2.10	95	5
	2.50	95	5
Flow rate:	500 μL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	5 μL		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	MRM		

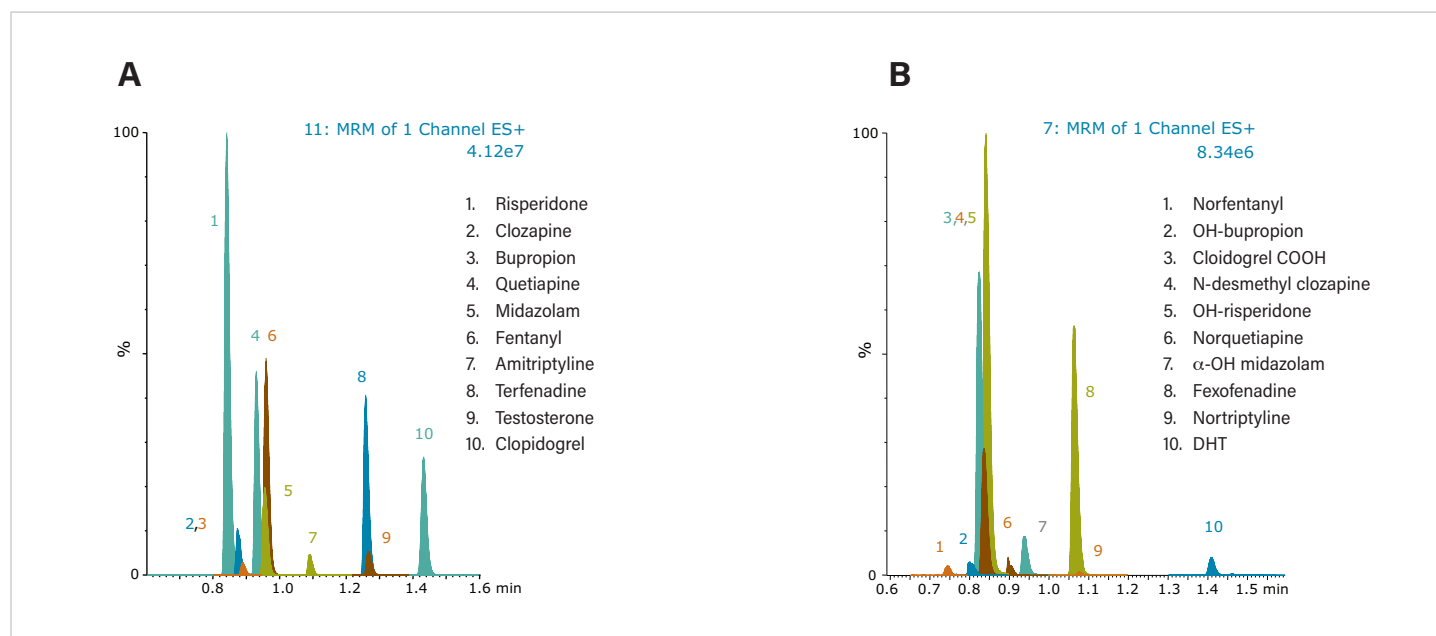
#### Sample preparation

Plasma samples containing parent drugs and metabolites were prepared by adding 20 μL each of working solutions of parent drugs and metabolites to 1 mL of plasma. All parent drugs were spiked at a concentration of 20 ng/mL, with the exception of testosterone, which was spiked at 100 ng/mL. Metabolites were spiked at 100%, 30%, 10%, and 0% of parent drug concentrations.

Sample temp.: 10 °C

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 μm, 2.1 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186006029</a>
96-well Plate with Deactivated 700 μL Glass Inserts	<a href="#">186000349DV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE19](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Drugs of Abuse

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

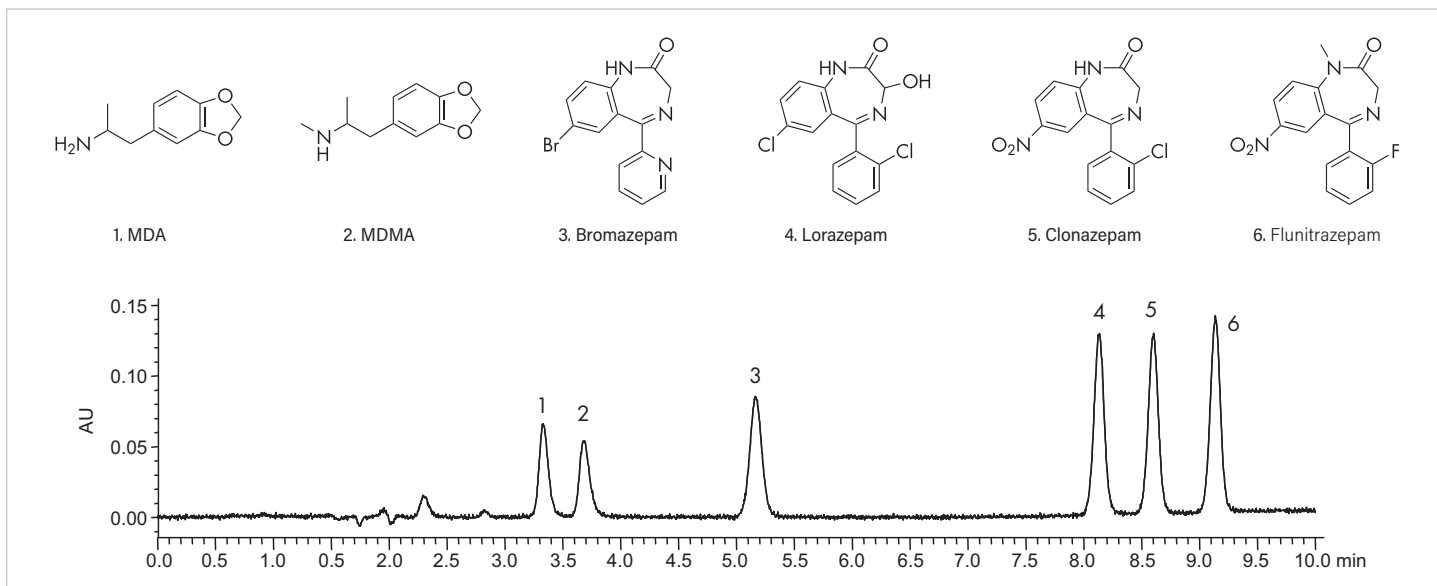
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector			
Column:	XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm			
Mobile phase A:	Water			
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile			
Mobile phase C:	100 mM ammonium bicarbonate, pH 9.6			
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>%C</u>
	0.00	63	32	5
	3.00	63	32	5
	7.00	45	50	5
	9.00	45	50	5
	10.00	63	32	5
	12.00	63	32	5
Flow rate:	0.6 mL/min			
Column temp.:	40 °C			
Injection volume:	10 µL			
UV detection:	210 nm			

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration  
and diluent: 10 µg/mL in water

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003044</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE1](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Estradiol

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

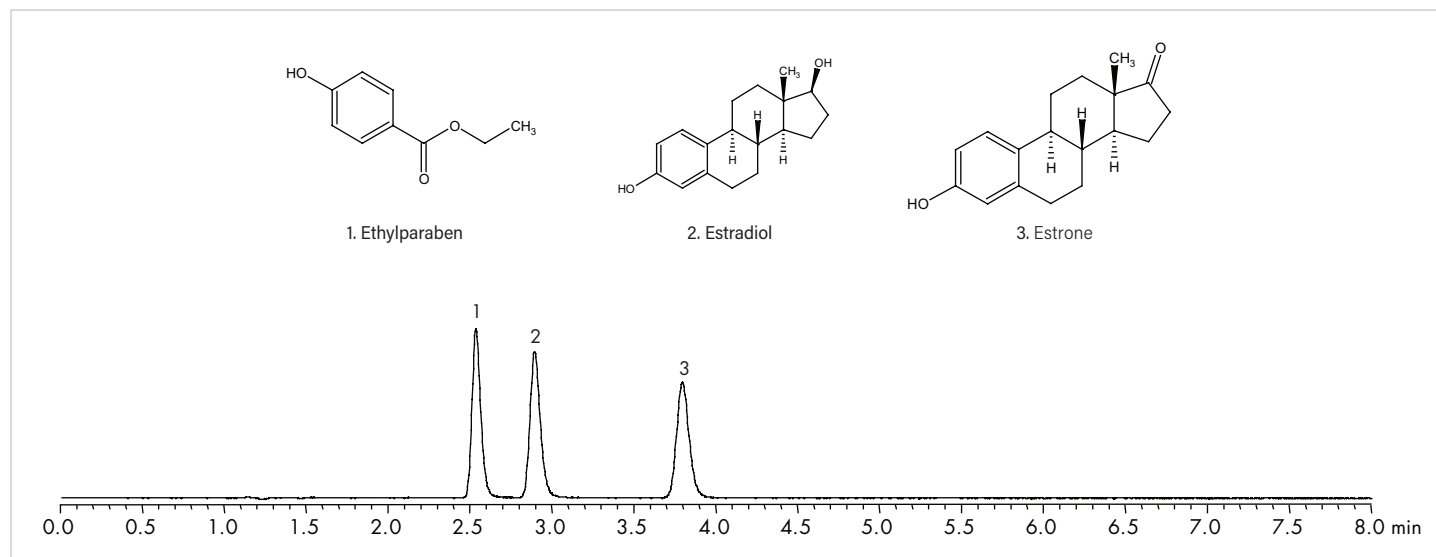
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	Water/acetonitrile (45/55)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	10 µL
UV detection:	205 nm

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 20 µg/mL in water/acetonitrile (50/50)



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60197](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Flavonoids in Fruit Juice

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance 2695 with 996 PDA detector

 Columns: XBridge BEH Shield RP18,  
 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm  
 XBridge BEH C<sub>8</sub>, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm

Mobile phase A: 2% acetic acid

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	90	10
	15.00	86	14
	20.00	82	18
	30.00	75	25
	55.00	45	55
	67.00	5	95
	80.00	5	95
	85.00	90	10

Flow rate: 0.75 mL/min

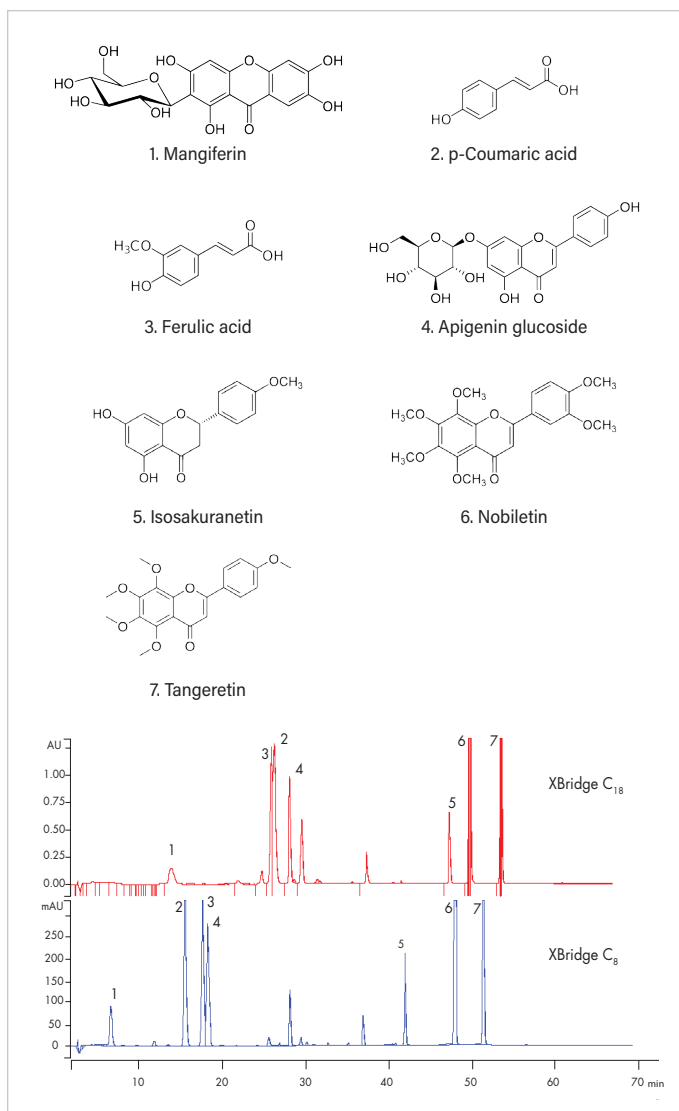
Column temp.: Ambient

Injection: 20 µL

UV detection: 310 nm

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003009</a>
XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003017</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>





For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64113](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of 5-Fluorouracil

### EXPERIMENTAL

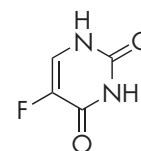
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	95/2.5/2.5 acetonitrile/ isopropyl alcohol/water with 5 mM ammonium acetate, pH 9.0
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	50.0 µL
UV detection:	265 nm

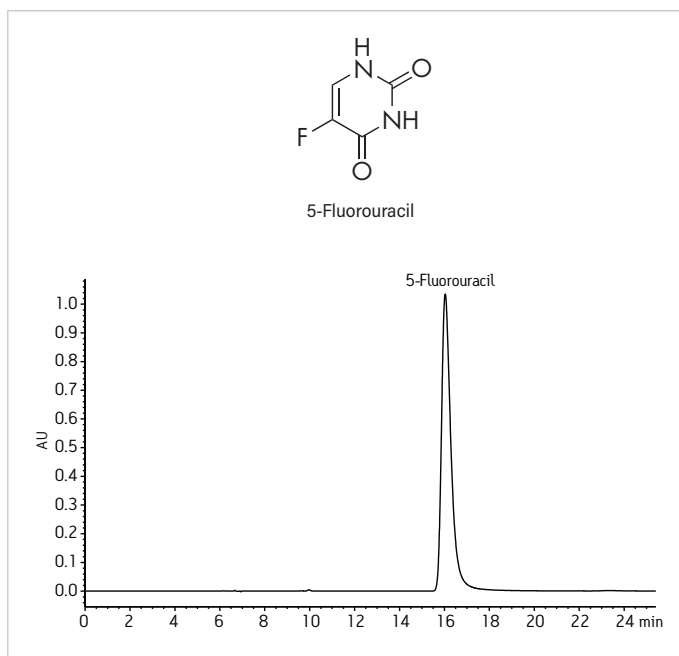
#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 100 µg/mL



5-Fluorouracil



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE16](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Additives and Preservatives

### EXPERIMENTAL

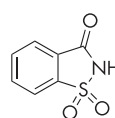
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector
Columns:	XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 100 mm
Mobile phase A:	20 mM $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$ , pH 2.5
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile
Isocratic conditions:	75% A; 25% B
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	10 $\mu\text{L}$
UV detection:	240 nm

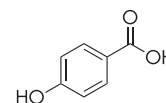
#### Sample preparation

Sample:	Saccharin (100 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ), P-hydroxybenzoic acid (10 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ), Dehydroacetic acid (100 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ), Methylparaben (25 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ), Sorbic acid (10 $\mu\text{g/mL}$ ) in $\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4/\text{ACN}$ (75/25)
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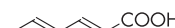
Sample temp.: 15 °C



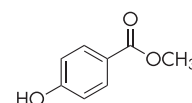
1. Saccharin



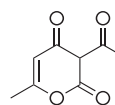
2. p-Hydroxybenzoic acid



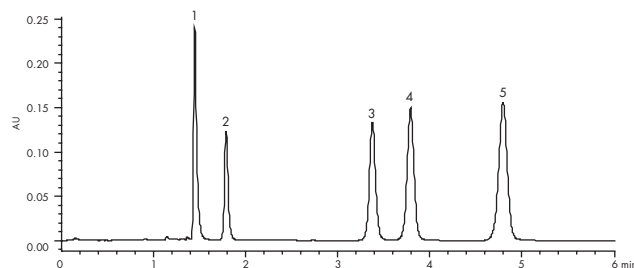
3. Sorbic acid



4. Methylparaben



5. Dehydroacetic acid



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003334</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64094](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars in Sports Drink

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5  $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Isocratic conditions: 90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile  
with 0.2% triethylamine)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

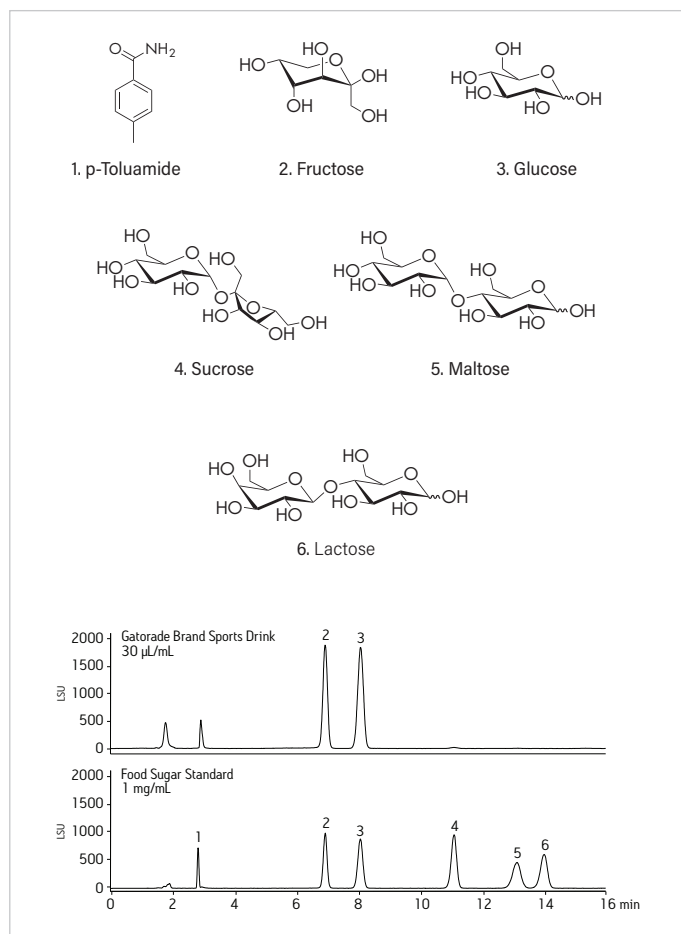
Column temp.: 35 °C

 Injection volume: 15.0  $\mu\text{L}$ 

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

 Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered  
using 0.45  $\mu\text{m}$  PVDF syringe filter.


### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu\text{m}$ , 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64089](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars in Bran with Raisin Cereal

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Isocratic conditions: 90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile  
with 0.2% triethylamine)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

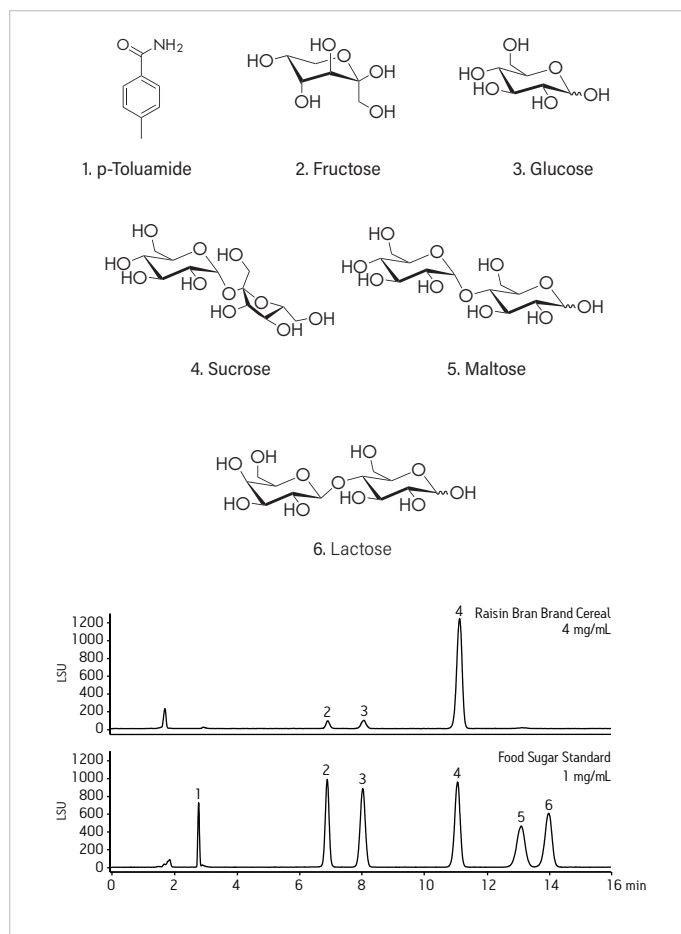
Injection volume: 15.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Add 25 mL of 50:50 acetonitrile/water to ~3 g sample, homogenize, centrifuge at 3200 rpm for 30 minutes, collect supernatant and filter using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64090](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars in Ketchup

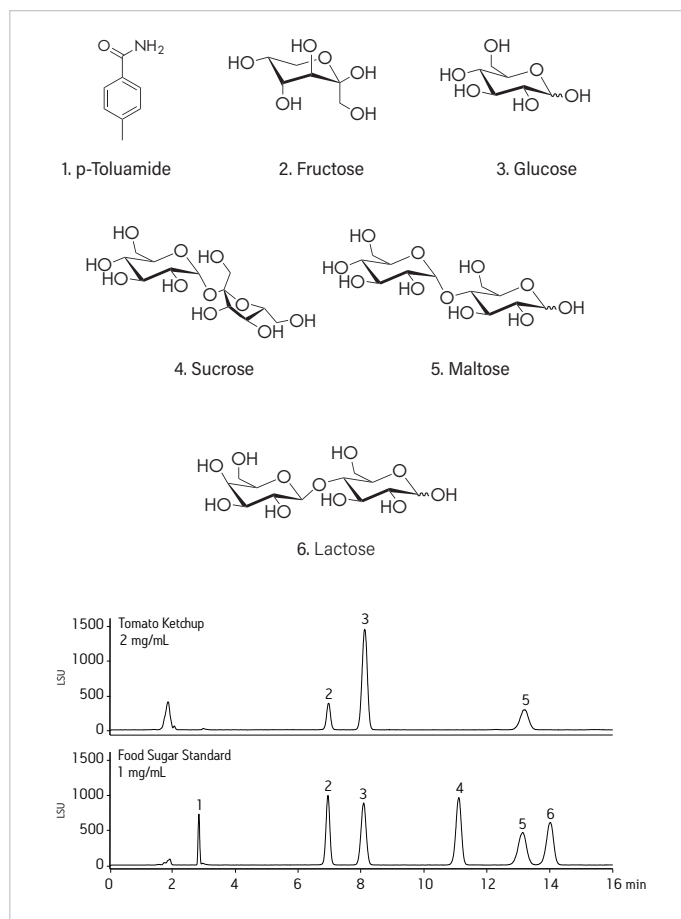
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase A:	80/20 acetonitrile/water with 0.2% triethylamine
Mobile phase B:	30/70 acetonitrile/water with 0.2% triethylamine
Isocratic conditions:	90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile with 0.2% triethylamine)
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	35 °C
Injection volume:	15.0 µL
ELSD pressure:	30 psi
Drift tube temp.:	50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Add 25 mL of 50:50 acetonitrile/water to ~3 g sample, homogenize, centrifuge at 3200 rpm for 30 minutes, collect supernatant and filter using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64091](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars in Milk

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5  $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Isocratic conditions: 90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile  
with 0.2% triethylamine)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

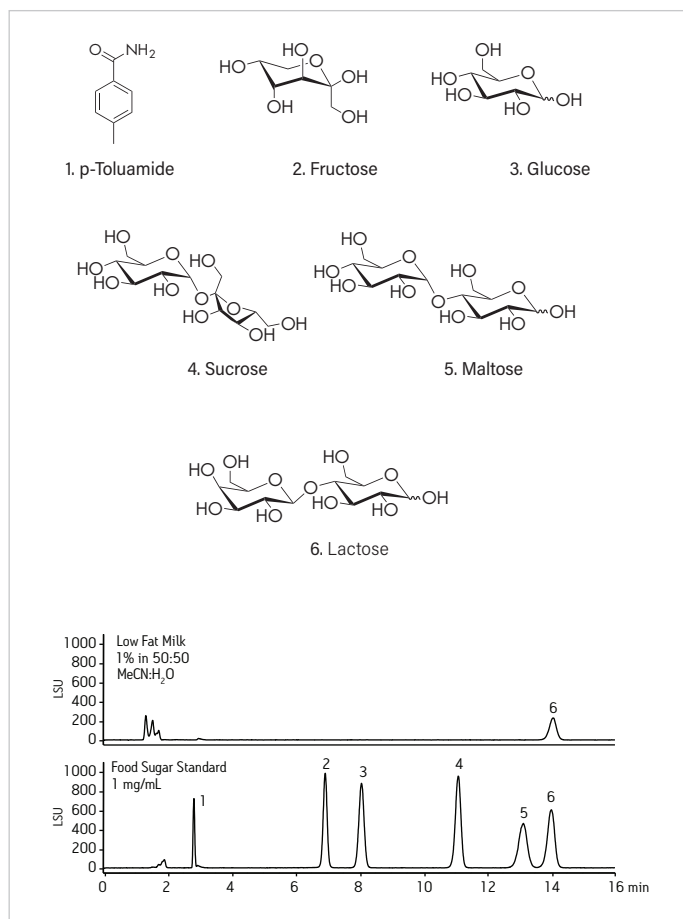
Column temp.: 35 °C

 Injection volume: 15.0  $\mu\text{L}$ 

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

 Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu\text{m}$  PVDF syringe filter.


### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu\text{m}$ , 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64092](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars in Molasses

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Isocratic conditions: 90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile  
with 0.2% triethylamine)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

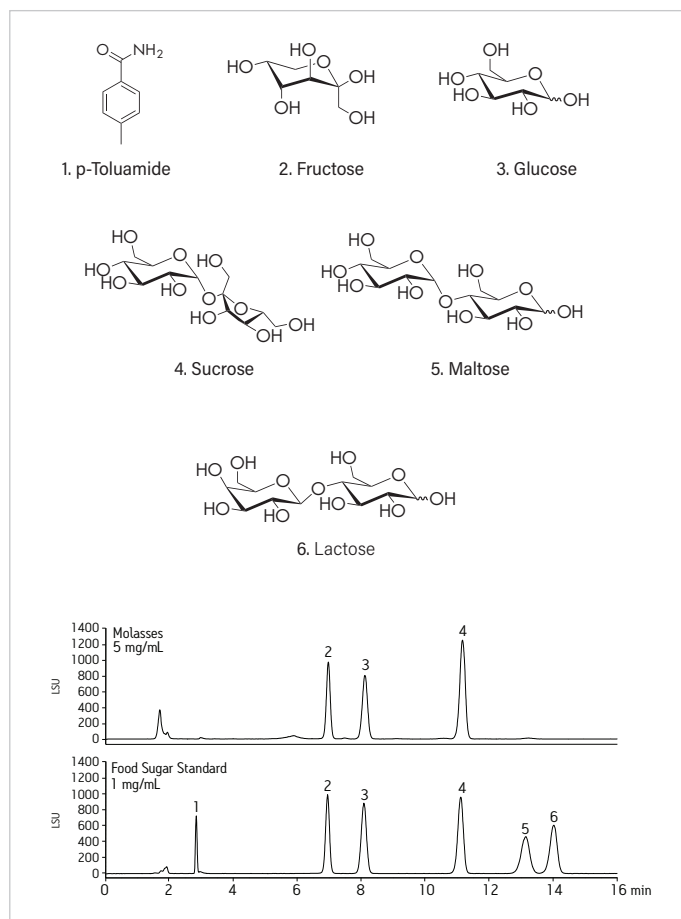
Injection volume: 15.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64096](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars in Potato Chips

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Isocratic conditions: 90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile  
with 0.2% triethylamine)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

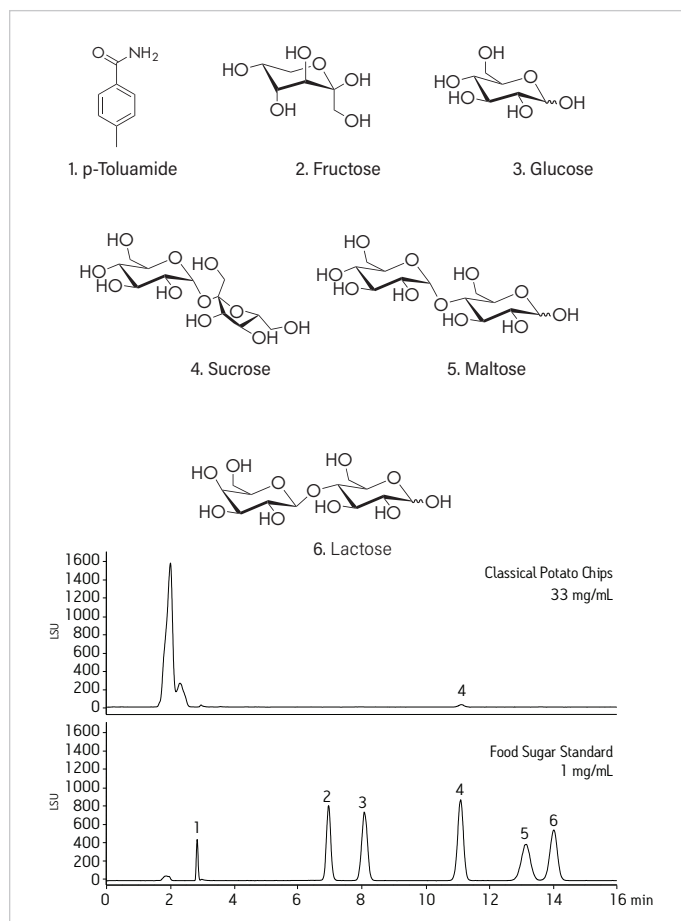
Injection volume: 15.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Add 25 mL of 50:50 acetonitrile/water to ~3 g sample, homogenize, centrifuge at 3200 rpm for 30 minutes, collect supernatant and filter using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64093](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars in Prepared Foods

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5  $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Isocratic conditions: 90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile  
with 0.2% triethylamine)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

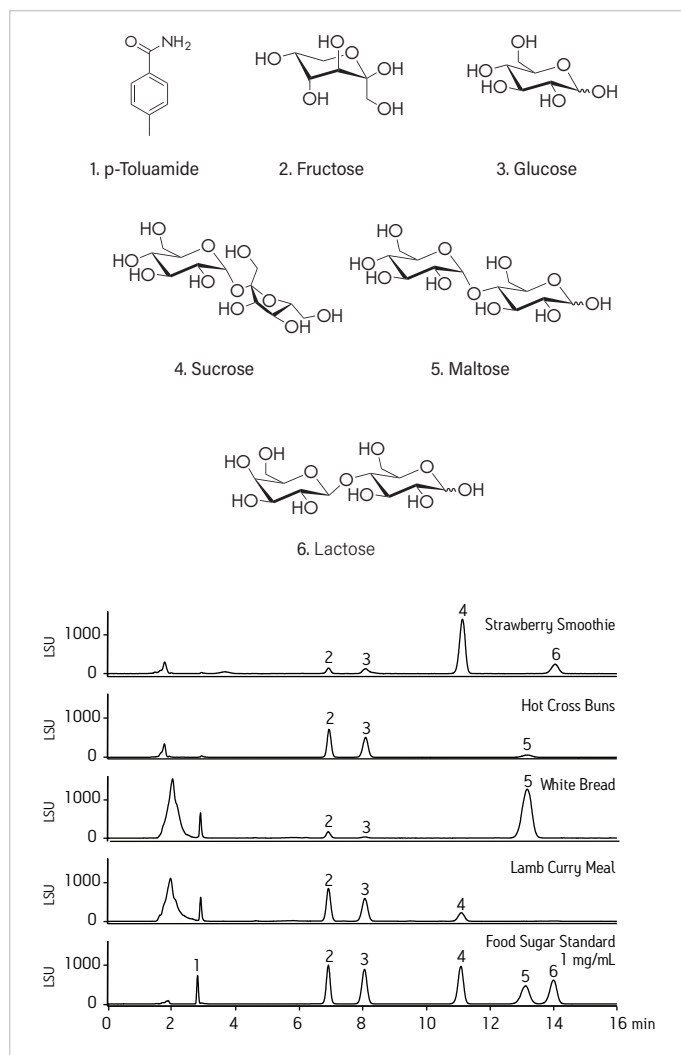
Column temp.: 35 °C

 Injection volume: 15.0  $\mu$ L

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

 Add 25 mL of 50:50 acetonitrile/water to ~3 g sample, homogenize, centrifuge at 3200 rpm for 30 minutes, collect supernatant and filter using 0.45  $\mu$ m PVDF syringe filter.


### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu$ m, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64095](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars in Wine

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Isocratic conditions: 90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile  
with 0.2% triethylamine)

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

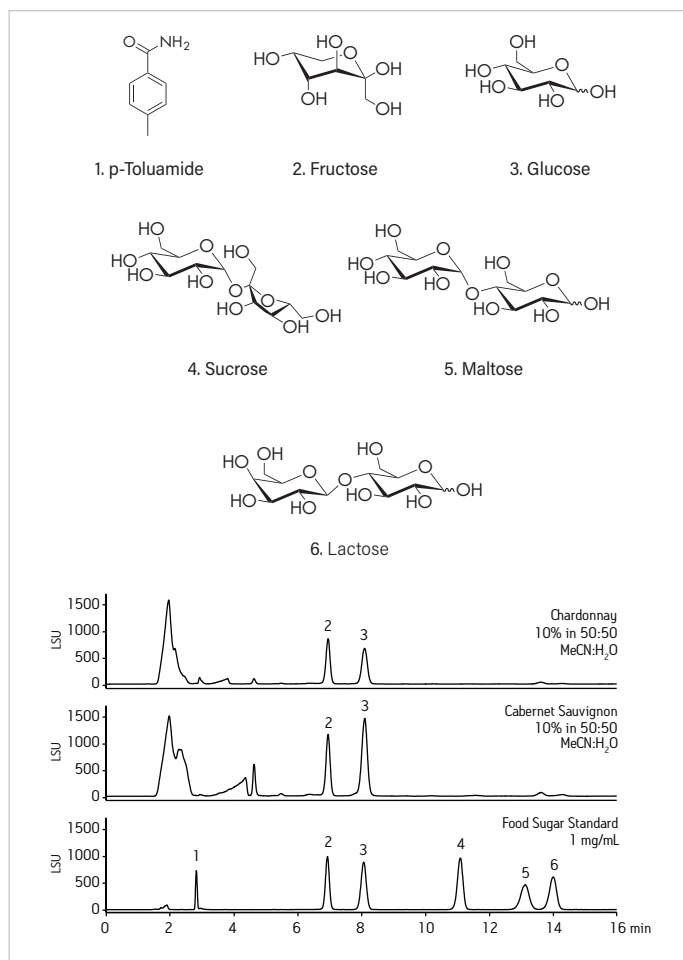
Injection volume: 15.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64088](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars Standard

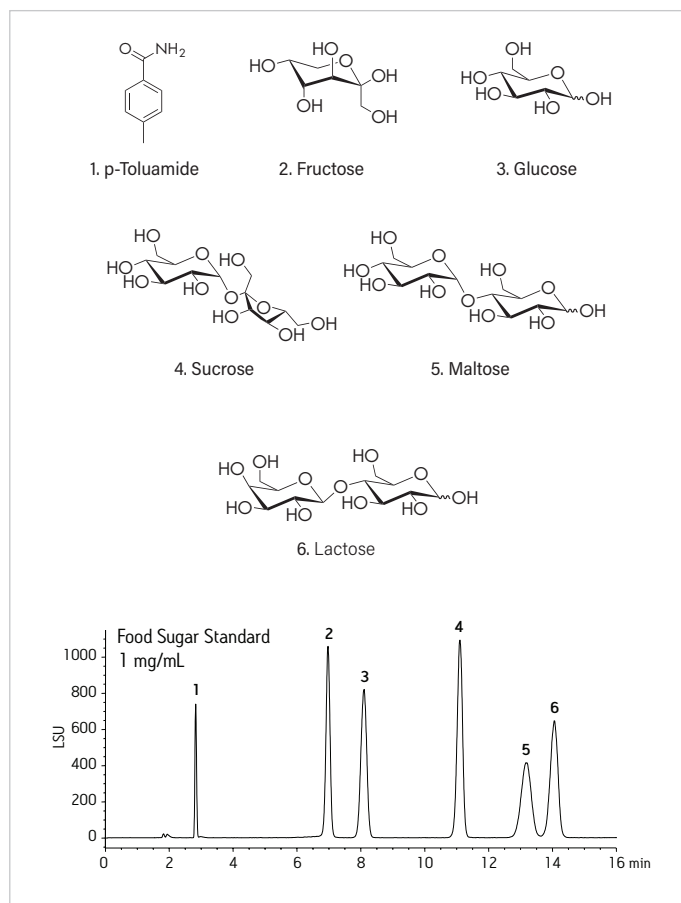
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase A:	80/20 acetonitrile/water with 0.2% triethylamine
Mobile phase B:	30/70 acetonitrile/water with 0.2% triethylamine
Isocratic conditions:	90% A/10% B (75% acetonitrile with 0.2% triethylamine)
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	35 °C
Injection volume:	15.0 $\mu\text{L}$
ELSD pressure:	30 psi
Drift tube temp.:	50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 1 mg/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu\text{m}$ , 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64101](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars/Saccharides in Beer by ELSD

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	90	10
	16.00	30	70
	16.01	90	10
	30.00	90	10

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

Injection volume: 10.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

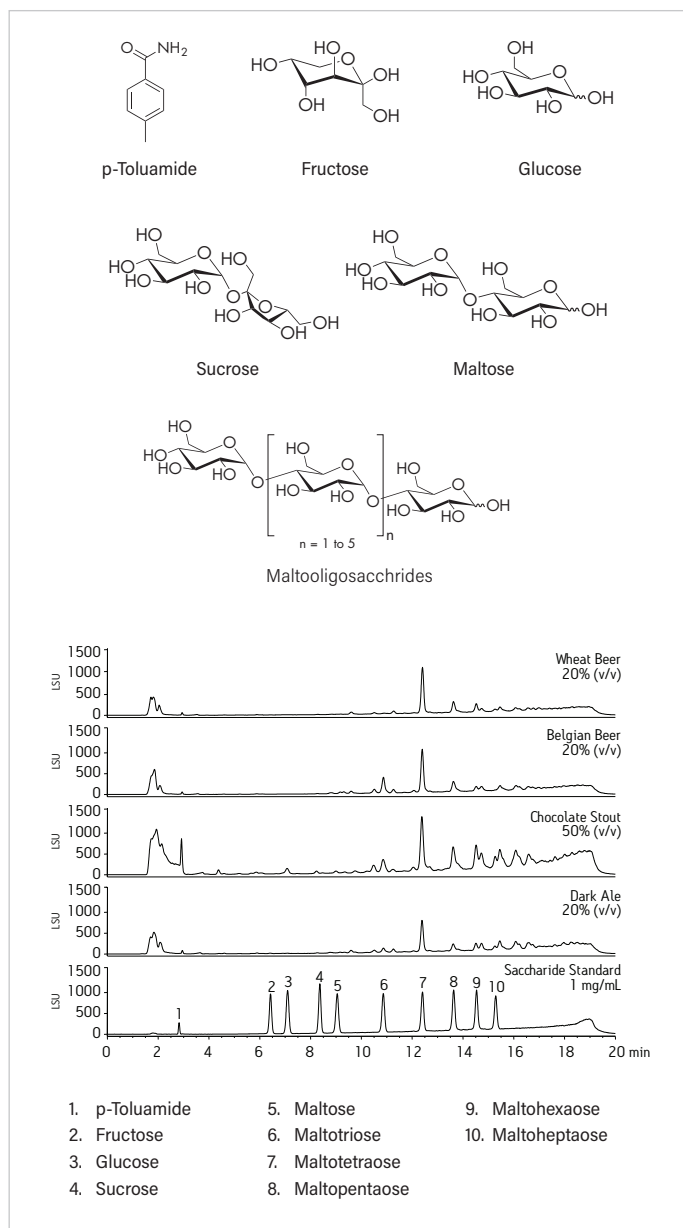
Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64105](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars/Saccharides in Beer by MS

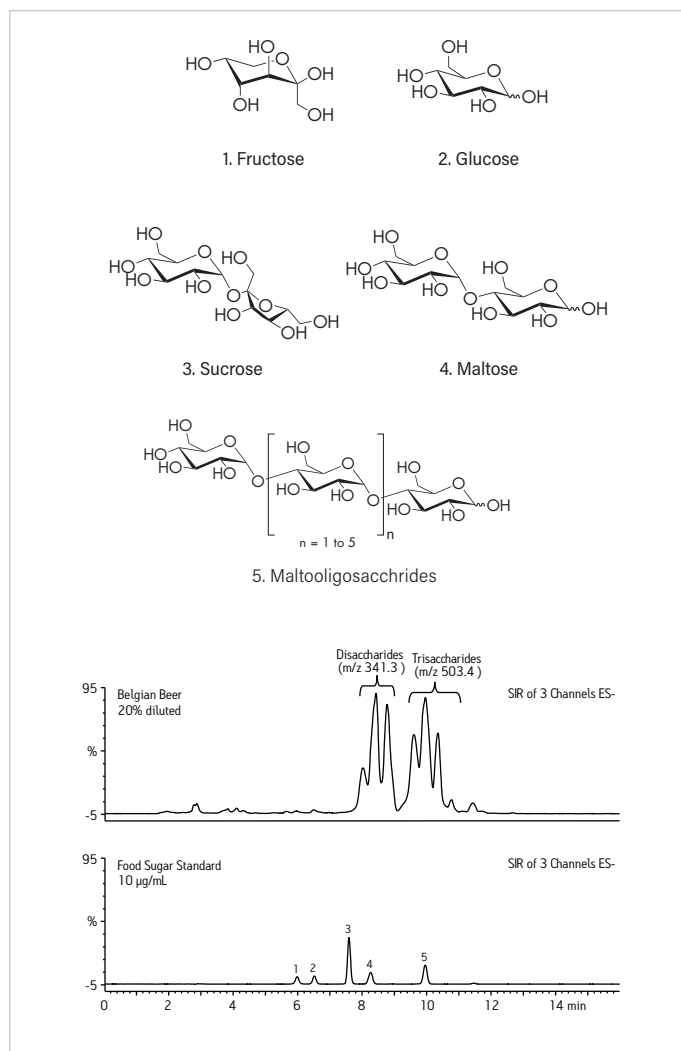
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with 30-cm column cooler/heater and ACQUITY TQD		
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	80/20 acetonitrile/water with 0.1% ammonium hydroxide		
Mobile phase B:	30/70 acetonitrile/water with 0.1% ammonium hydroxide		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	90	10
	16.00	30	70
	16.01	90	10
	30.00	90	10
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	35 °C		
Injection volume:	20.0 $\mu\text{L}$		
Ionization mode:	ESI-		
Acquisition mode:	SIR (m/z): 179.2 (fructose, glucose); 341.3 (sucrose, maltose); 503.4 (maltotriose)		

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu\text{m}$  PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu\text{m}$ , 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000668CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64098](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars/Saccharides in Cough Syrup

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	90	10
	16.00	30	70
	16.01	90	10
	30.00	90	10

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

Injection volume: 10.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

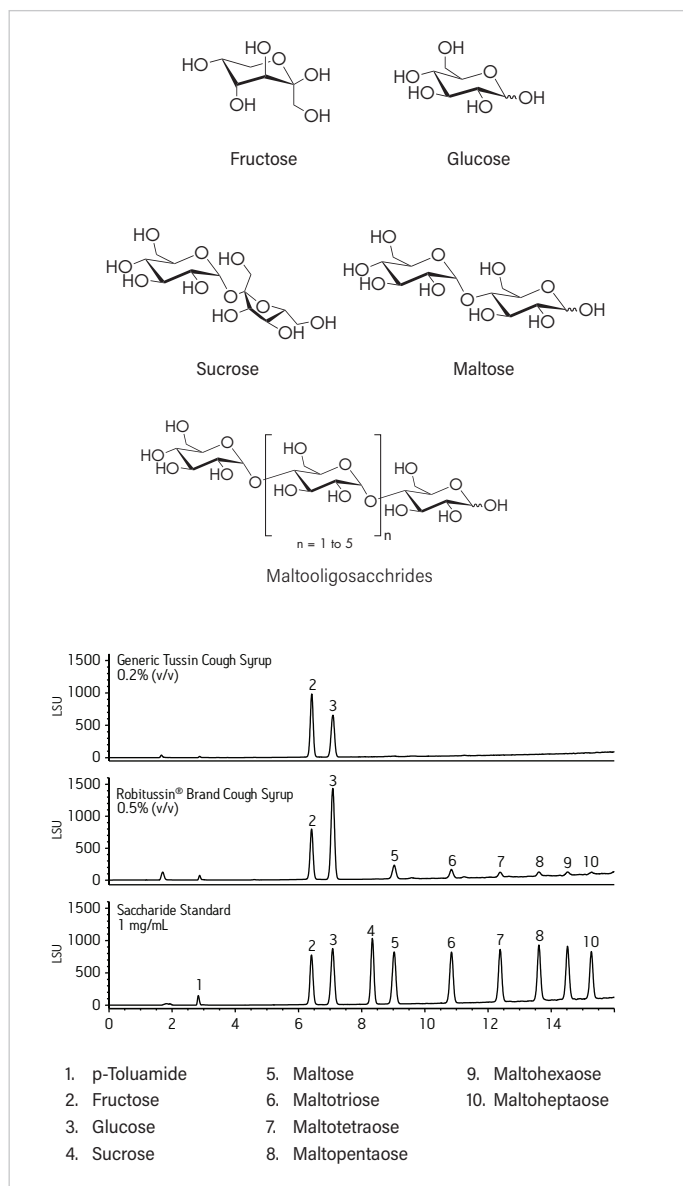
Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64099](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars/Saccharides in Honey

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

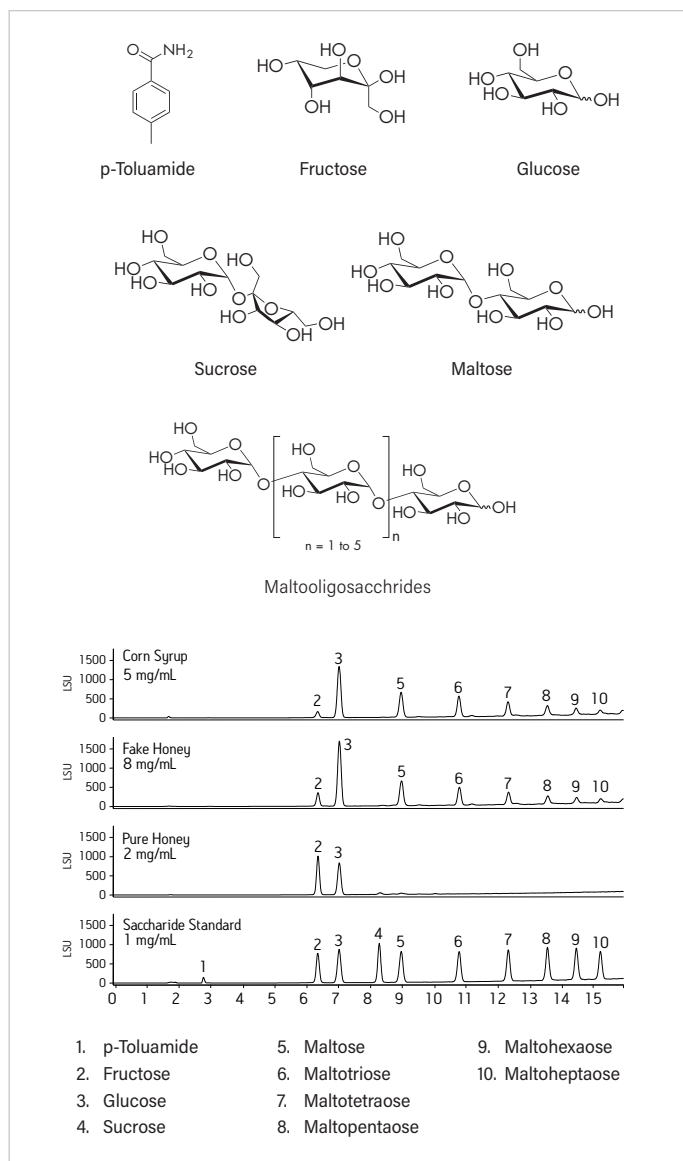
System:	Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD		
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	80/20 acetonitrile/water with 0.2% triethylamine		
Mobile phase B:	30/70 acetonitrile/water with 0.2% triethylamine		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	90	10
	16.00	30	70
	16.01	90	10
	30.00	90	10
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	35 °C		
Injection volume:	10.0 µL		
ELSD pressure:	30 psi		
Drift tube temp.:	50 °C		

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64100](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Food Sugars/Saccharides in Maple Syrup

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water with  
0.2% triethylamine

Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water with  
0.2% triethylamine

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	90	10
	16.00	30	70
	16.01	90	10
	30.00	90	10

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

Injection volume: 10.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

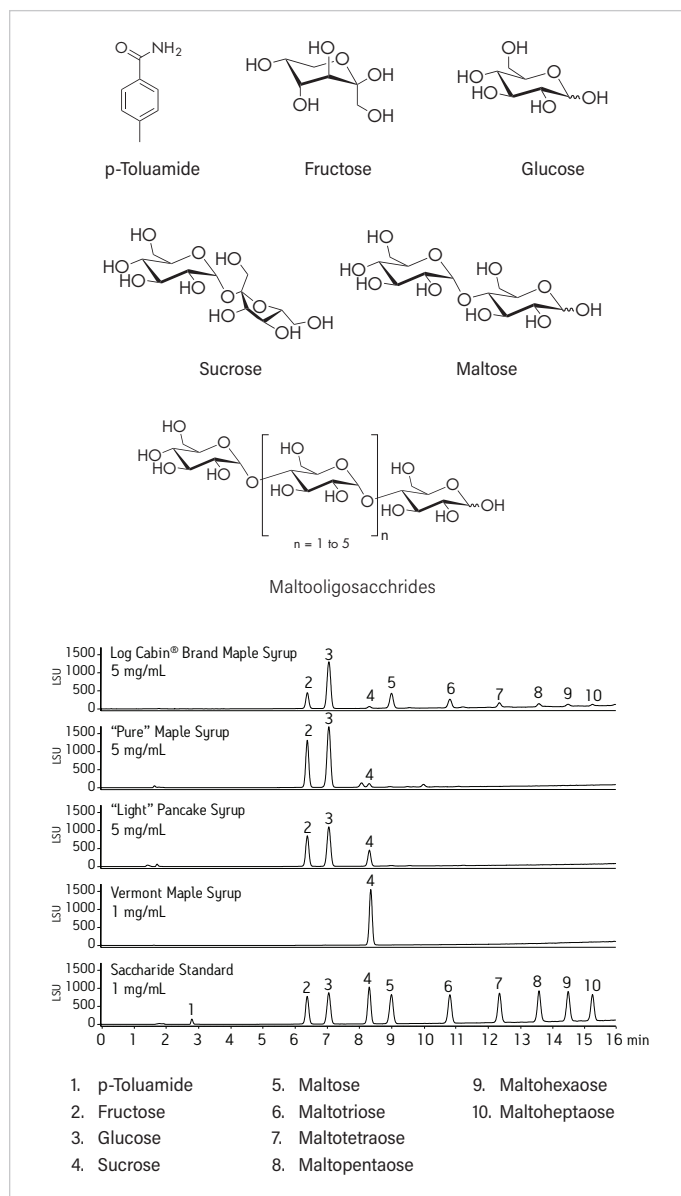
Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>





For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64097](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Food Sugars/Saccharide Standards by ELSD

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.2% triethylamine

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	90	10
	16.00	30	70
	16.01	90	10
	30.00	90	10

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

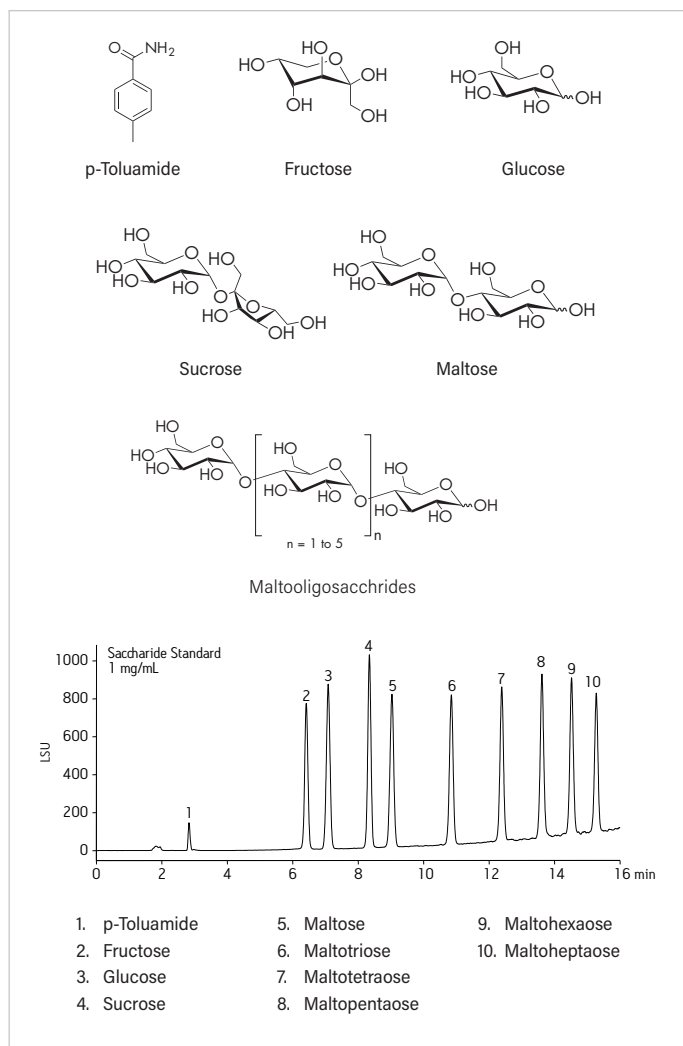
Injection volume: 10.0 µL

ELSD pressure: 30 psi

Drift tube temp.: 50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 1 mg/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64104](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Food Sugars/Saccharide Standards by MS

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC with ACQUITY TQD

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm

 Mobile phase A: 80/20 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.1% ammonium hydroxide

 Mobile phase B: 30/70 acetonitrile/water  
with 0.1% ammonium hydroxide

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	100	0
	30.60	40	60
	30.61	100	0
	52.00	100	0

Flow rate: 0.4 mL/min

Column temp.: 35 °C

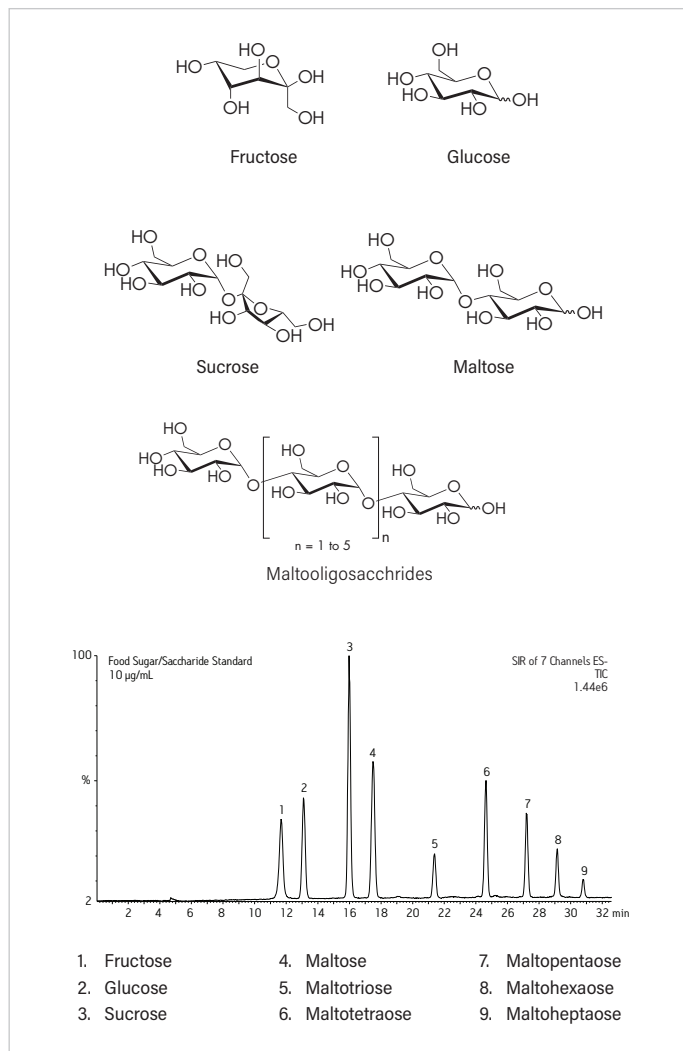
Injection volume: 10.0 µL

Ionization mode: ESI-

 Acquisition mode: SIR (m/z): 178.96 (fructose, glucose);  
341.04 (sucrose, maltose); 503.08  
(maltotriose); 665.10 (maltotetraose);  
827.22 (maltopentaose); 989.21  
(maltohexaose); 1151.29 (maltoheptaose)

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentrations: 10 µg/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186004869</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000668CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720002738EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Formaldehyde in Ambient Air

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with UV detection

Column: XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm

Mobile phase A: 90% water, 10% tetrahydrofuran (THF)

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient: Eluent gradient for EPA methods 554 and 8315 Option 1.

Time	Flow	%A	%B	Curve
Initial	1.5	70	30	-
20.0	1.5	36	64	6
22.0	1.5	36	64	6
22.1	1.5	70	30	6

Eluent gradient for EPA Methods TO11 and 8315 Option 2.

Time	Flow	%A	%B	Curve
Initial	1.5	70	30	-
16.0	1.5	53	47	6
21.0	1.5	53	47	6
21.1	1.5	70	30	6

Flow rate: 1.5 mL/min

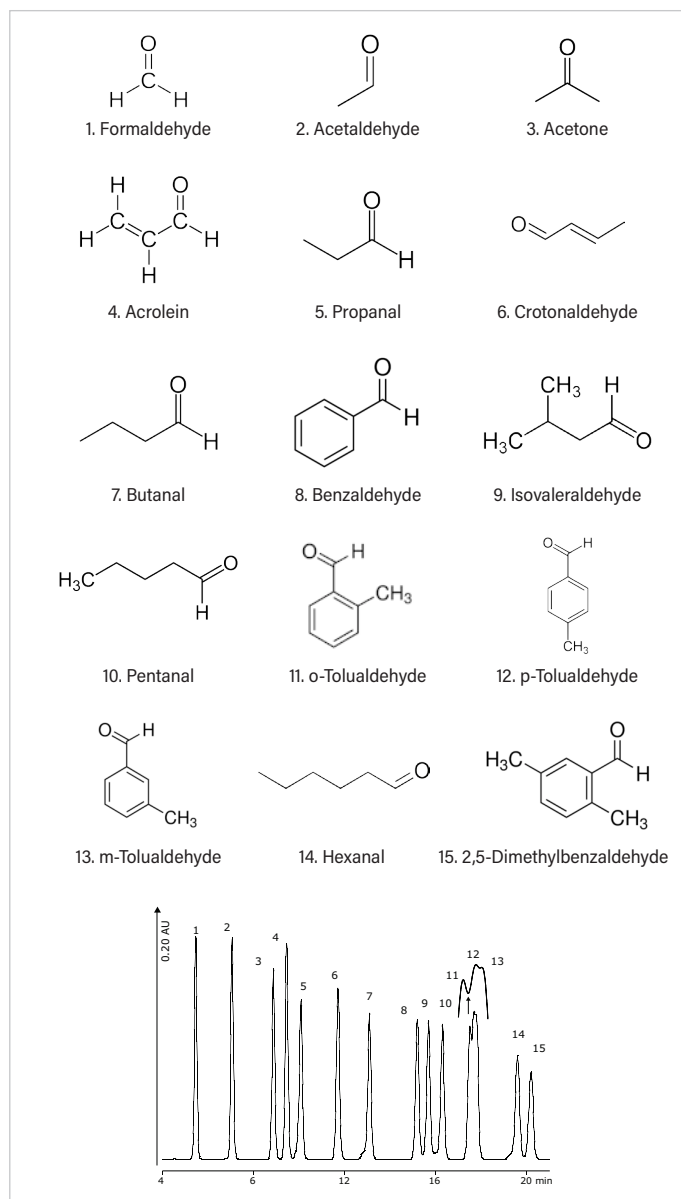
Column temp.: 35 °C

Injection: 20 µL each

UV detection: 360 nm

#### Sample preparation

AccuStandard mix (M- 8315-R1- DNPH and M- 8315-R2- DNPH) diluted 1:5 in 40:60 water/acetonitrile. Online derivatization carried out on Sep-Pak DNPH Silica Cartridge, backflush cartridge with acetonitrile.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003335</a>
Sep-Pak DNPH-Silica Cartridge	<a href="#">WAT037500</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60198](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Furanocoumarins in Fruit Juice

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance 2695 with 996 PDA detector

 Columns: XBridge BEH Shield RP18,  
 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm;  
 XBridge BEH C<sub>8</sub>, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm

Mobile phase A: 2% acetic acid

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.0	90	10
	15.0	80	20
	20.0	75	25
	30.0	60	40
	55.0	30	70
	67.0	5	95
	80.0	5	95
	85.0	90	10
	95.0	90	10

Flow rate: 0.75 mL/min

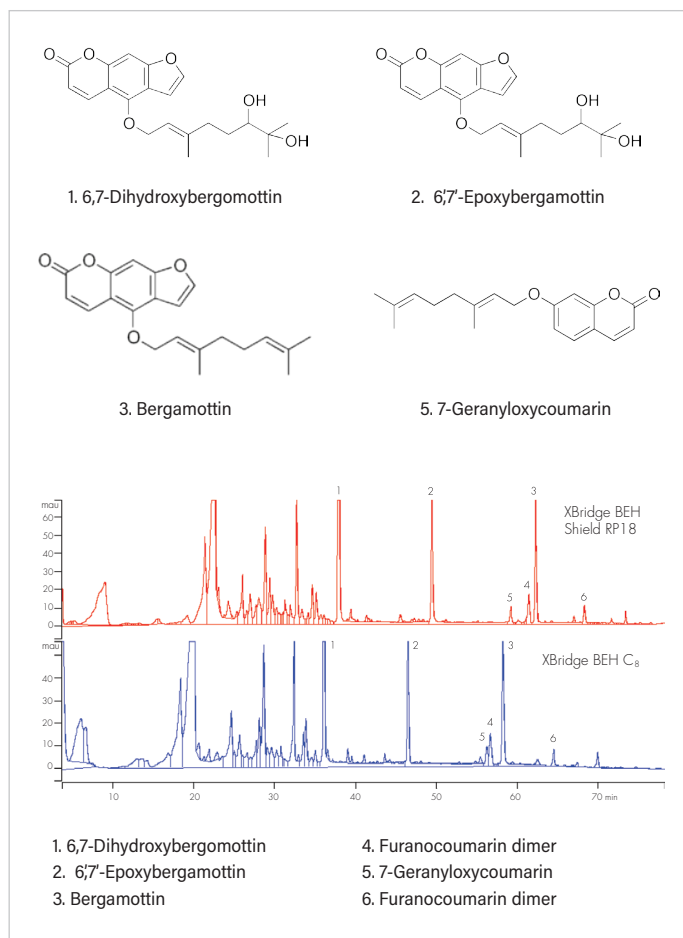
Column temp.: Ambient

Injection: 20 µL

UV detection: 310 nm

#### Sample preparation

The juice samples were obtained from white grapefruit. Samples were centrifuged and the furanocoumarins then extracted into ethyl acetate.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003009</a>
XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003017</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720003721EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Galantamine and Related Substances

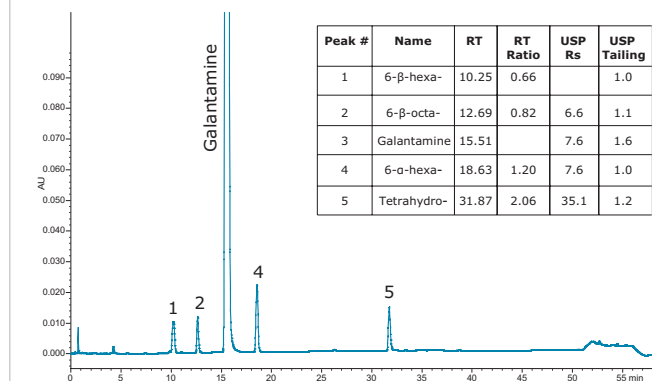
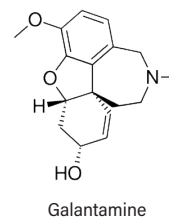
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	95% phosphate buffer solution: 5% methanol		
Buffer:	Dissolve 0.79 g of dibasic sodium phosphate dihydrate and 2.46 g of monobasic sodium phosphate anhydrous in 1 L of water.		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	100	0
	6.00	100	0
	20.00	95	5
	35.00	85	15
	50.00	80	20
	51.00	40	60
	55.00	40	60
	56.00	100	0
	60.00	100	0
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min		
Column temp.:	55 °C		
Injection volume:	20 µL		
UV detection:	230 nm		

#### Sample preparation

United States Pharmacopeia reference standards: USP Galantamine Hydrobromide RS and USP Galantamine Hydrobromide Related Compounds Mixture RS.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003033</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64086](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Ginsenoside Rb1 in Ginseng Root Powder Extract

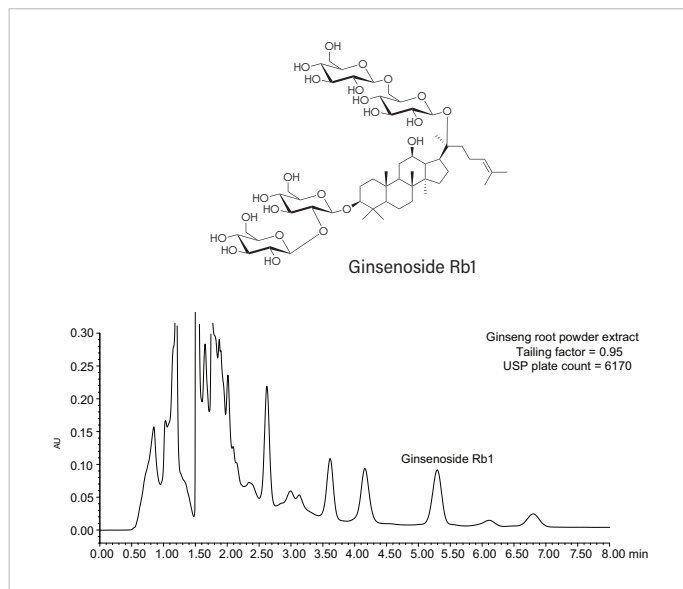
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	80:20 acetonitrile/water
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.4 mL/min
Column temp.:	60 °C
Injection volume:	11.5 µL
UV detection:	203 nm

#### Sample preparation

1. Weigh 200 mg ginseng root powder into an extraction vessel.
2. Add 1 mL 80% methanol, sonicate for 5 minutes.
3. Centrifuge at 10,000 rpm for 5 minutes.
4. Collect the supernatant.
5. Repeat steps 2-4 two more times.
6. Combine the extracts, mix well.
7. Filter through 13 mm nylon 0.2 µm filter for injection.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186004869</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, Nylon, 13 mm, 0.2 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200524</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

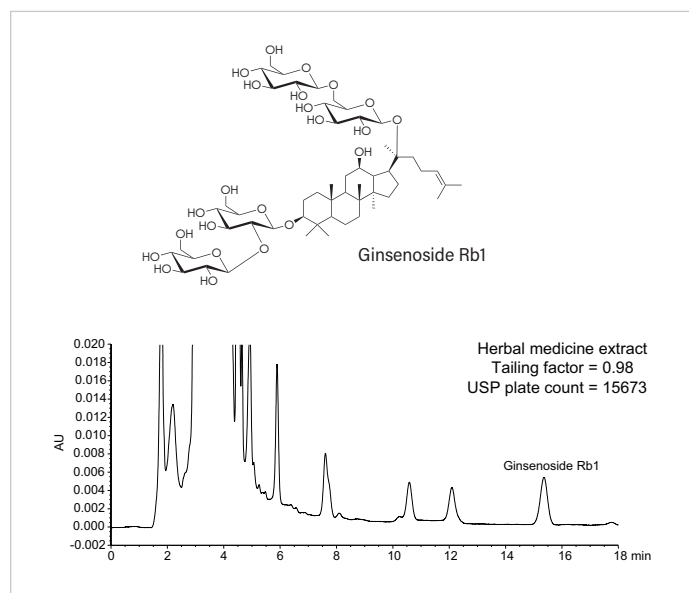
For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64087](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Ginsenoside Rb1 in Herbal Medicine Extract

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	80:20 acetonitrile/water
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.8 mL/min
Column temp.:	60 °C
Injection volume:	20 µL
UV detection:	203 nm



#### Sample preparation

##### Pretreatment

1. Weigh 2 g of herbal medicine powder into a centrifuge tube.
2. Add 30 mL of 60% methanol/40% water.
3. Shake for 15 minutes.
4. Centrifuge at 4000 rpm for 10 minutes.
5. Obtain the supernatant.
6. Repeat steps 2-5 with the residue using 15 mL of 60% methanol/40% water.
7. Combine the supernatant, and make exactly 50 mL by adding 60% methanol/40% water.
8. Take 10 mL of this solution and add 3 mL of sodium hydroxide test solution (1 mol/L).
9. Let stand for 30 minutes.
10. Add 3 mL of HCl test solution (1 mol/L).
11. Add 60% methanol/40% water to make exactly 20 mL.

##### Solid-Phase Extraction Procedure

1. Condition Sep-Pak Plus C<sub>18</sub> Cartridge, 360 mg (55-105 µm) with 2 mL methanol.
2. Equilibrate with 2 mL of 30% methanol/70% water just before loading.
3. Load 5 mL of the solution from step 11 in the pretreatment stage.
4. Wash with 2 mL of 30% methanol/70% water.
5. Wash with 1 mL of sodium carbonate test solution (1 mol/L).
6. Wash with 10 mL of 30% methanol/70% water.
7. Elute with 5 mL methanol (this is the injection solution).

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Sep-Pak C <sub>18</sub> Plus Short Cartridge	<a href="#">WAT020515</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005229EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Goldenseal

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with ACQUITY QDa Detector		
Column:	CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> +, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	93	7
	5.00	70	30
	5.01	93	7
	6.01	93	7
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	1.0 μL		
UV detection:	300 nm		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	Full scan 150–1250 m/z		

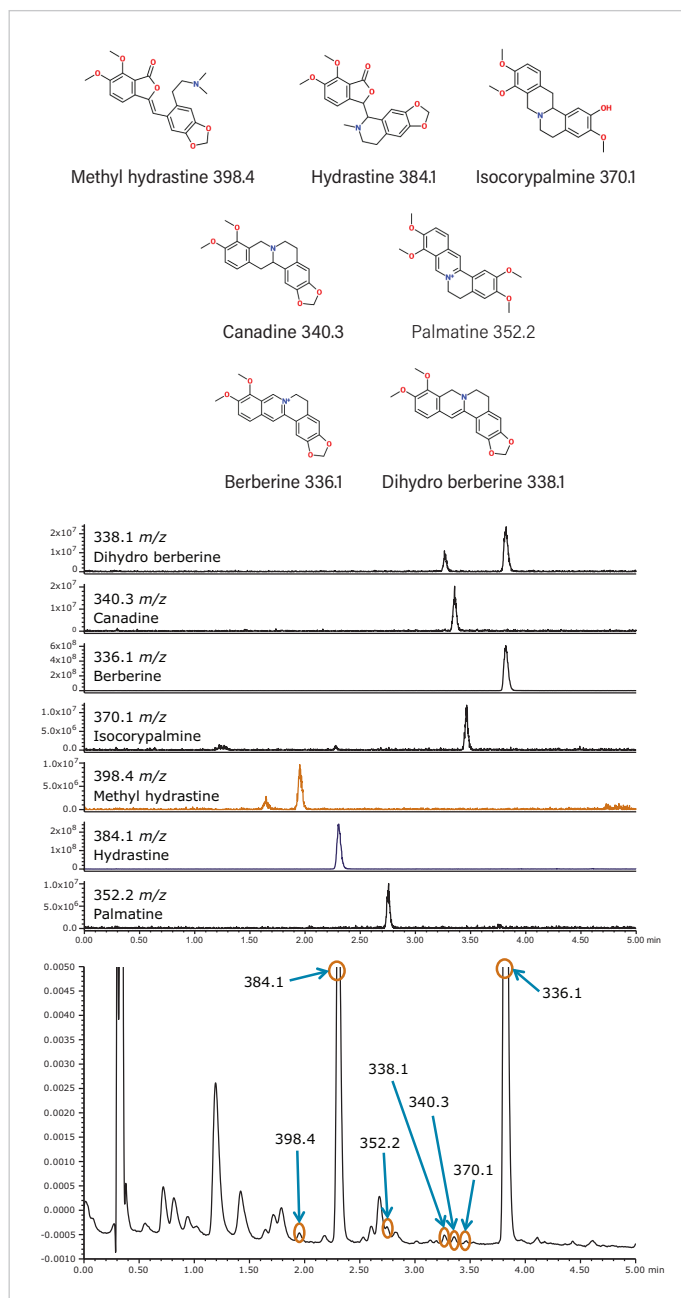
#### Sample preparation

Capsule samples: Add 2.5 mL of 90:10 methanol/water with 0.1% acetic acid to 20 mg sample, sonicate 15 minutes, centrifuge at 4000 rpm for 5 minutes. Remove supernatant and repeat extraction three additional times. Combine extracted liquid and filter through a 0.1 μm nylon syringe filter.

Liquid sample: Two drops of liquid Goldenseal was added to 10 mL of 90:10 methanol/water with 0.1% acetic acid and filter through.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> +, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186007400</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Max Recovery Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000670CV</a>





For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64109](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Histidine Dipeptides

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC with 30-cm column cooler/heater and TQD detector

Column: XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

Mobile phase A: 50/50 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate and 0.04% ammonium hydroxide, pH 9.0

Mobile phase B: 95/5 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate and 0.04% ammonium hydroxide, pH 9.0

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	90	10
	16.00	30	70
	16.01	90	10
	30.00	90	10

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 65 °C

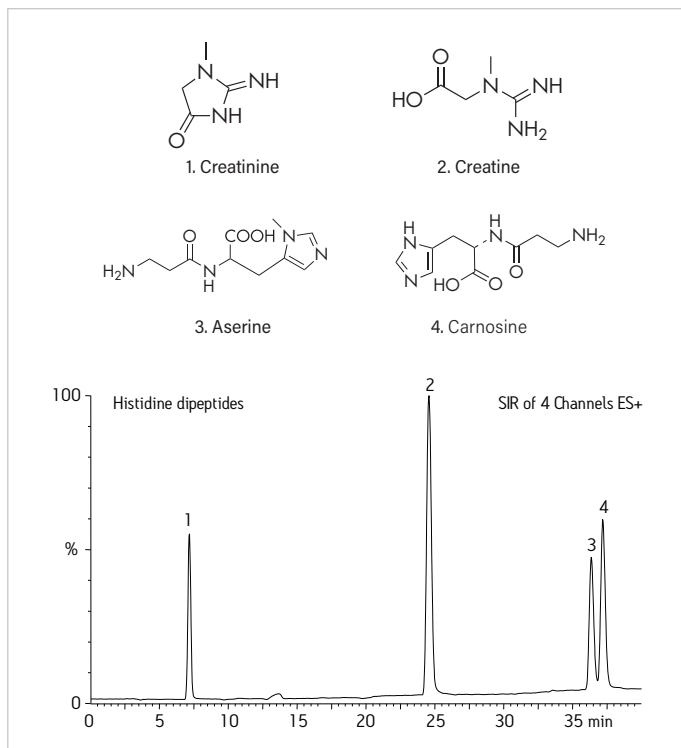
Injection volume: 15.0 µL

Ionization mode: ESI+

Acquisition mode: SIR

#### Sample preparation

Add 25 mL of 50:50 acetonitrile/water to ~3 g sample, homogenize, centrifuge at 3200 rpm for 30 minutes, collect supernatant and filter using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000668CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004130EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Irbesartan Tablets

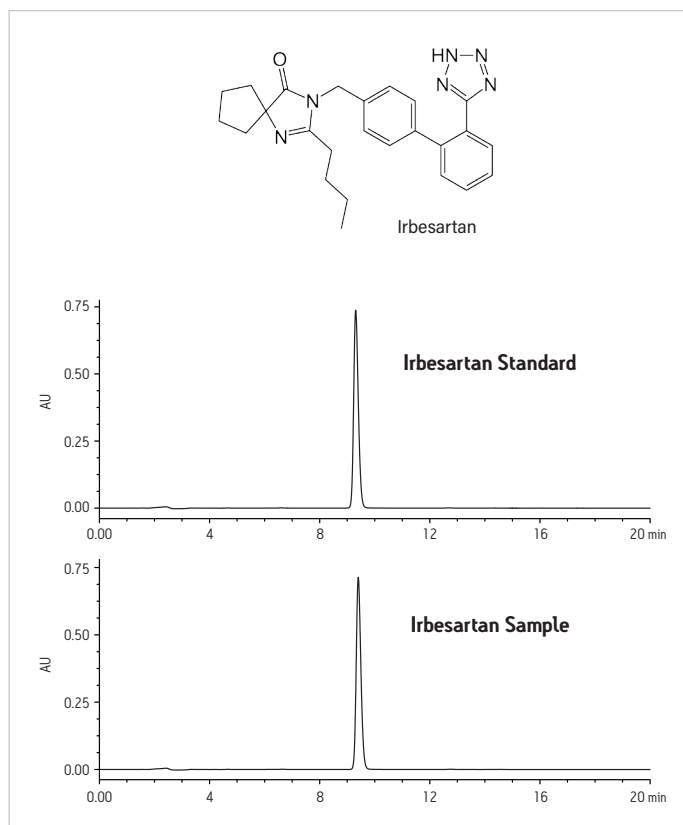
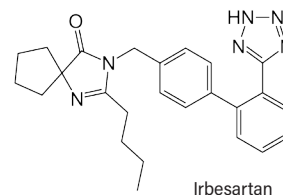
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2489 UV/Visible detector
Column:	XSelect HSS T3, 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	Acetonitrile and buffer solution (40:60); Buffer solution: 0.55% phosphoric acid in water adjusted to pH 3.0 with triethylamine
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	10 µL
UV detection:	220 nm

#### Sample preparation

The concentration of the working standard and sample specified in the USP monograph is 0.15 mg/mL. The sample was prepared from AVAPRO (irbesartan) tablets as specified in the USP Monograph for Irbesartan: USP34-NF29. Five tablets of irbesartan were weighed and finely powdered. An equivalent of 15 mg of this powder was weighed and transferred to a 100-mL volumetric flask. Seventy-five milliliters of methanol was added to the flask and this solution was sonicated for 15 minutes, with stirring at 5-minute intervals. Methanol was added to make up the volume to 100 mL and this solution was passed through a 0.45-µm porous glass microfiber membrane filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect HSS T3, 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004793</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004132EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Lamotrigine and Related Compounds

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

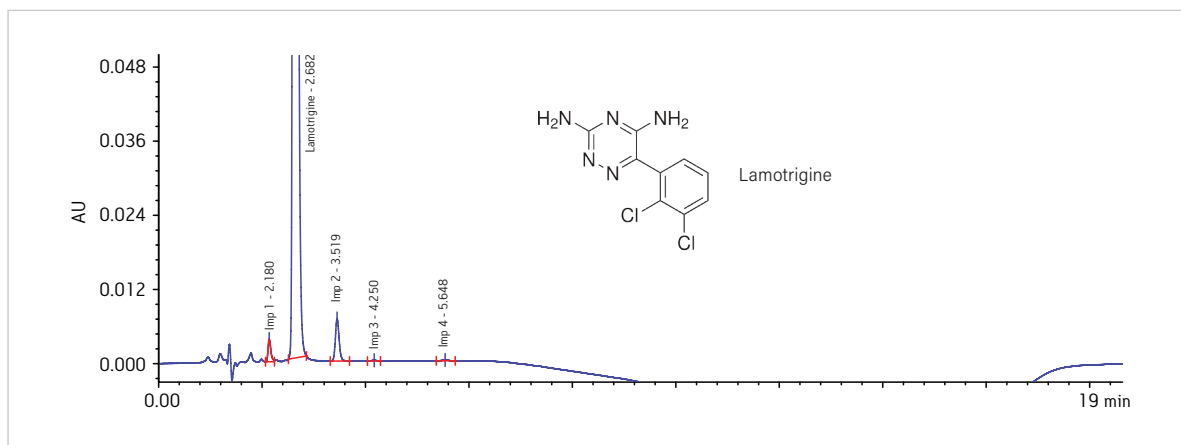
System:	Alliance 2695		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm		
Buffer:	20 mM potassium phosphate monobasic		
Mobile phase A:	150:1 buffer:triethylamine, adjusted to pH 2.0 with phosphoric acid		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile		
Gradient:			<u>Column</u>
	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	Initial	76.5	23.5
	4.00	76.5	23.5
	14.00	20.0	80.0
	15.00	76.5	23.5
	19.00	76.5	23.5
			<u>Volumes</u>
			-
			2.43
			6.08
			0.61
			2.43
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	35 °C		
Injection volume:	10 µL		
UV detection:	270 nm		

#### Sample preparation

The samples were prepared by transferring an appropriate pooled number of tablets to a 1 L volumetric flask to obtain a concentration equivalent to 1.0 mg/mL lamotrigine. Tablets were dissolved in 200 mL water and 800 mL methanol. This solution was mechanically shaken for 20 minutes followed by centrifugation at 4000 rpm for 20 minutes. Aliquots from the dissolved tablet sample solution were diluted with diluent (0.1 M hydrochloric acid) to obtain a working sample concentration of 0.2 mg/mL.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005407EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Levonorgestrel and Ethinyl Estradiol Tablets

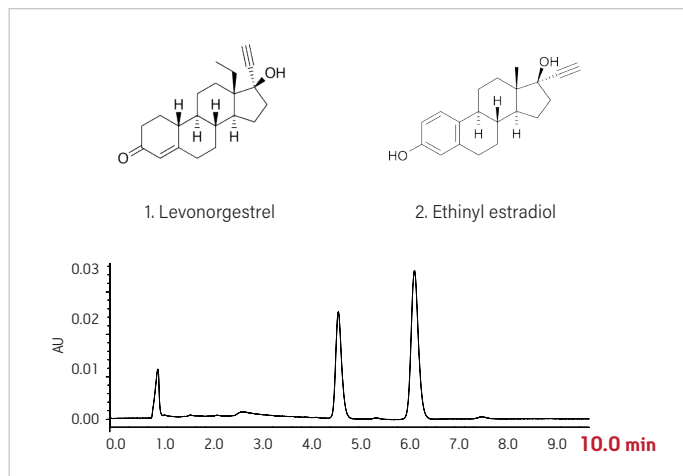
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	7:3:9 acetonitrile:methanol:water
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1 mL/min
Injection volume:	50 µL
UV detection:	215 nm

#### Sample preparation

Dissolve levonorgestrel and ethinyl estradiol commercially-available tablets in mobile phase to a final concentration of 15 µg/mL levonorgestrel and 3 µg/mL ethinyl estradiol. Sonicate for 5 minutes, shake mechanically for 20 minutes. Centrifuge at 4000 rpm for 10 minutes. Collect supernatant and re-centrifuge at 12,000 rpm for 30 minutes, pipet clear supernatant for injection.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003017</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005786EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Lipid Soluble Antioxidants Using Atlantis T3, 3 µm Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY Arc with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	Atlantis T3, 3 µm, 3.0 x 75 mm
Mobile phase A:	Water
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile
Mobile phase C:	Methanol
Mobile phase D:	2% formic acid in water (autoblended to 0.1% formic acid)

Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>%C</u>	<u>%D</u>
	0.00	60	17.5	17.5	5
	2.00	40	27.5	27.5	5
	3.00	14	40.0	41.0	5
	7.50	14	40.0	41.0	5
	8.00	60	17.5	17.5	5
	10.00	60	17.5	17.5	5

Flow rate: 0.85 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 2.1 µL

UV detection: 280 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample diluted to the described concentrations using 65:35 water:methanol.

Propyl gallate (0.05 mg/mL)

2,4,5-Trihydroxybutyrophenone (0.05 mg/mL)

Tert-butylhydroquinone (0.1 mg/mL)

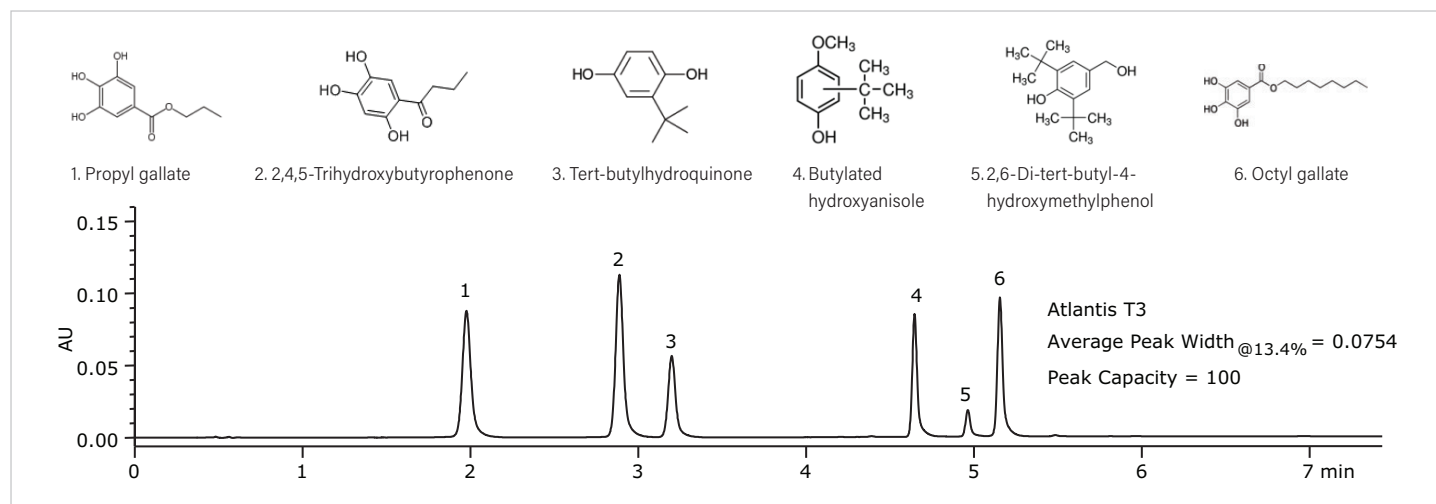
Butylated hydroxyanisole (0.1 mg/mL)

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxymethylphenol (0.1 mg/mL)

Octyl gallate (0.05 mg/mL)

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
Atlantis T3, 3 µm, 3.0 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186005653</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005786EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Lipid Soluble Antioxidants Using CORTECS T3, 2.7 µm Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY Arc with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	CORTECS T3, 2.7 µm, 3.0 x 75 mm
Mobile phase A:	Water
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile
Mobile phase C:	Methanol
Mobile phase D:	2% formic acid in water (autoblended to 0.1% formic acid)

Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>%C</u>	<u>%D</u>
	0.00	60	17.5	17.5	5
	2.00	40	27.5	27.5	5
	3.00	14	40.0	41.0	5
	7.50	14	40.0	41.0	5
	8.00	60	17.5	17.5	5
	10.00	60	17.5	17.5	5

Flow rate: 0.85 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 2.1 µL

UV detection: 280 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample diluted to the described concentrations using 65:35 water:methanol.

Propyl gallate (0.05 mg/mL)

2,4,5-Trihydroxybutyrophenone (0.05 mg/mL)

Tert-butylhydroquinone (0.1 mg/mL)

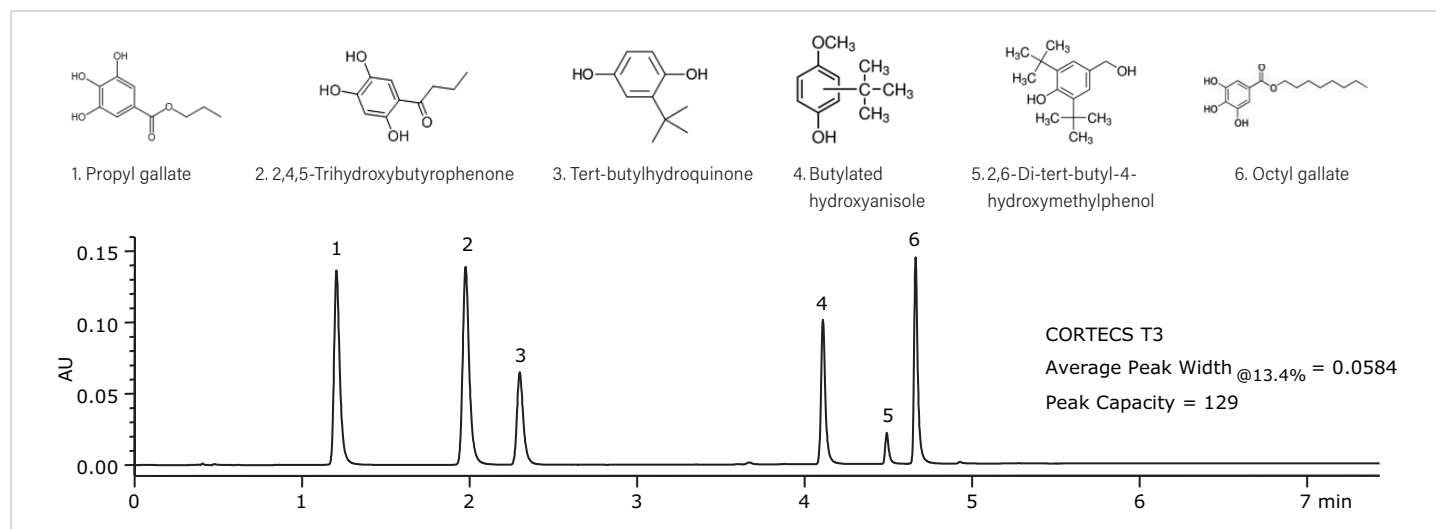
Butylated hydroxyanisole (0.1 mg/mL)

2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxymethylphenol (0.1 mg/mL)

Octyl gallate (0.05 mg/mL)

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS T3, 2.7 µm, 3.0 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186008488</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE5](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Local Anesthetics

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

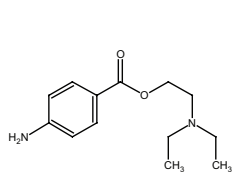
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	10 mM ammonium bicarbonate, pH 10.5/acetonitrile (50/5)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	10 μL
UV detection:	210 nm

#### Sample preparation

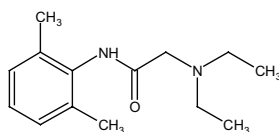
Sample concentration: 20 μg/mL in water/acetonitrile (50/50)

### ORDERING INFORMATION

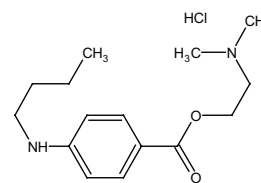
Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



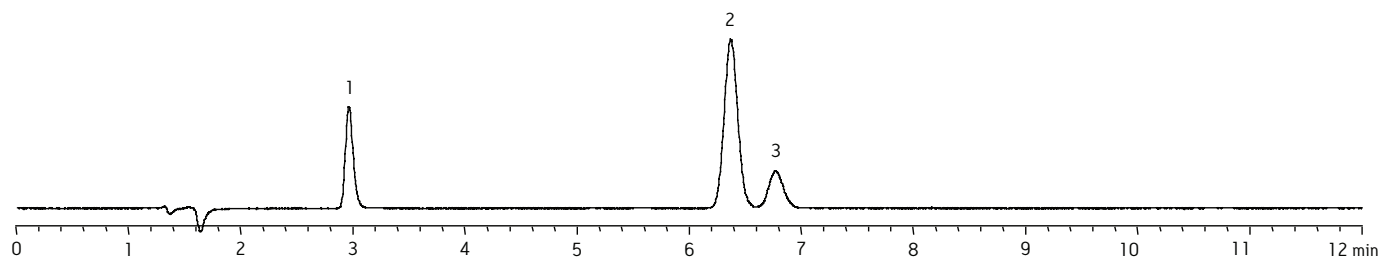
1. Procaine



2. Lidocaine



3. Tetracaine



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720003721EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Loratadine Using XBridge BEH C<sub>18</sub> Columns

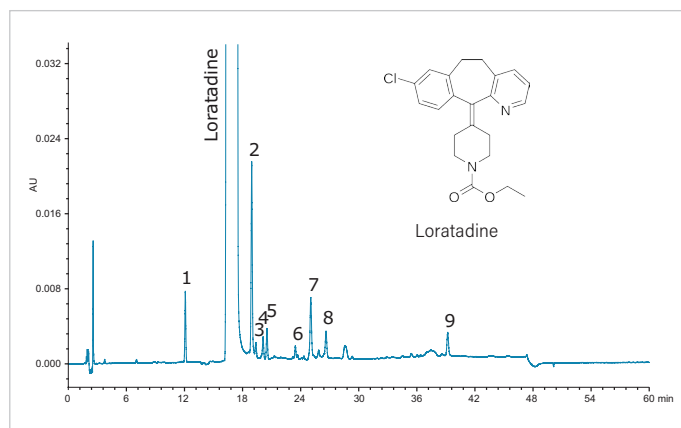
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.96 g of 1-pentaesulfonic acid in 1 L water adjusted to pH 3.00 ± 0.05 with 10% phosphoric acid		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	75	25
	20.00	50	50
	30.00	40	60
	35.00	30	70
	45.00	30	70
	50.00	75	25
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min		
Column temp.:	35 °C		
Injection volume:	20 µL		
UV detection:	254 nm		

#### Sample preparation

United States Pharmacopeia reference standards: USP Loratadine RS, USP Loratadine Related Compound A RS, and USP Loratadine Compound B RS, Claritin.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003033</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005579EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Loratidine Using XBridge BEH C<sub>8</sub> Columns

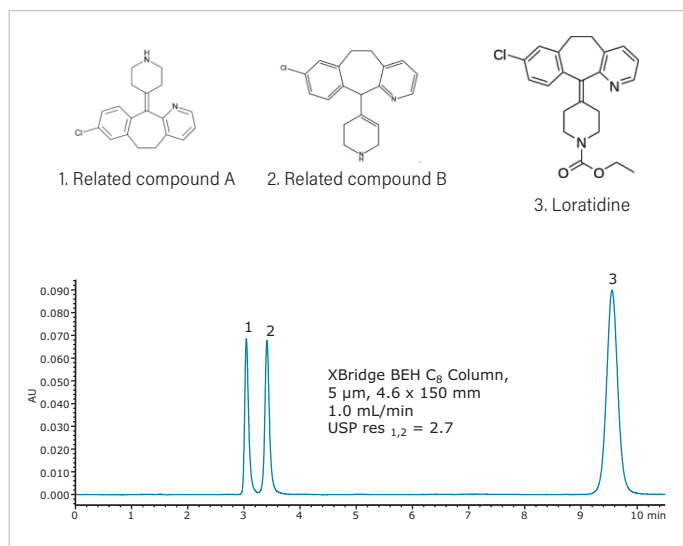
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	Acetonitrile:methanol:0.01 M dibasic potassium phosphate (6:6:7) adjusted with phosphoric acid to an apparent pH of 7.2
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	15.0 μL
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

A sample containing loratidine (40 μg/mL), loratidine related compound A (10 μg/mL), and loratidine related compound B (10 μg/mL) was created using the 260:260:400:80 acetonitrile:methanol:0.05 N HCl:0.6M dibasic potassium phosphate.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003017</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005579EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Loratidine Using CORTECS C<sub>8</sub> Columns

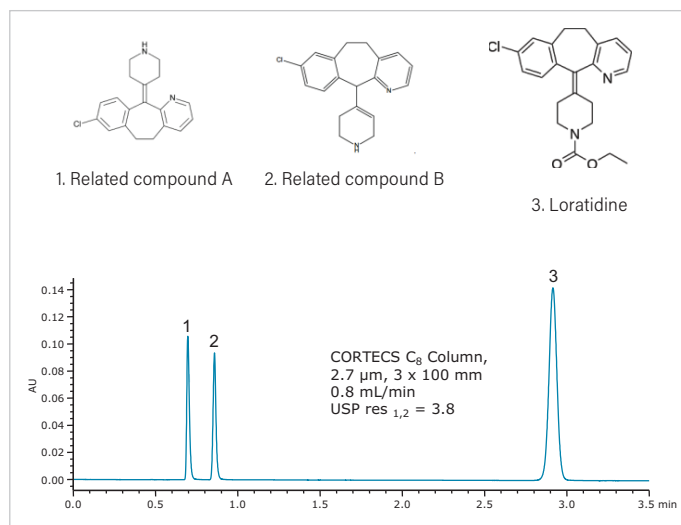
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class
Column:	CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3 x 100 mm
Mobile phase:	Acetonitrile:methanol:0.01 M dibasic potassium phosphate (6:6:7) adjusted with phosphoric acid to an apparent pH of 7.2
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.8 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	4.3 μL
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

A sample containing loratidine (40 μg/mL), loratidine related compound A (10 μg/mL), and loratidine related compound B (10 μg/mL) was created using the 260:260:400:80 acetonitrile:methanol: 0.05 N HCl:0.6M dibasic potassium phosphate.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186008361</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005200EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of 2- and 4-Methylimidazole in Beverages

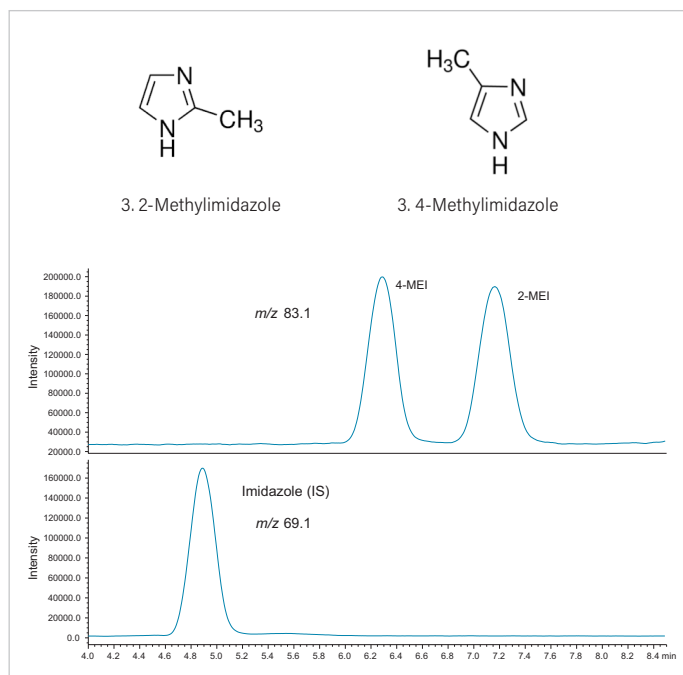
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with ACQUITY QDa detector		
Column:	CORTECS HILIC, 2.7 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	10 mM ammonium formate pH-4 with formic acid		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile (0.1% formic acid)		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	7.5	92.5
	8.50	7.5	92.5
	9.00	60.0	40.0
	11.00	60.0	40.0
	11.50	7.5	92.5
	20.50	7.5	92.5
Flow rate:	0.4 mL/min		
Injection volume:	5 $\mu$ L		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	SIR (m/z) imidazole 69.1; 2 and 4-MEI 83.1		

#### Sample preparation

Soft drink samples were sonicated to remove carbonation. Each of the six samples was fortified with 100 ppb imidazole as an internal standard. Separate portions of each sample were fortified with 100 ppb 2-MEI and 4-MEI to determine recovery.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS HILIC, 2.7 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007382</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005558EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Metoclopramide Using an HPLC 5 µm Column

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

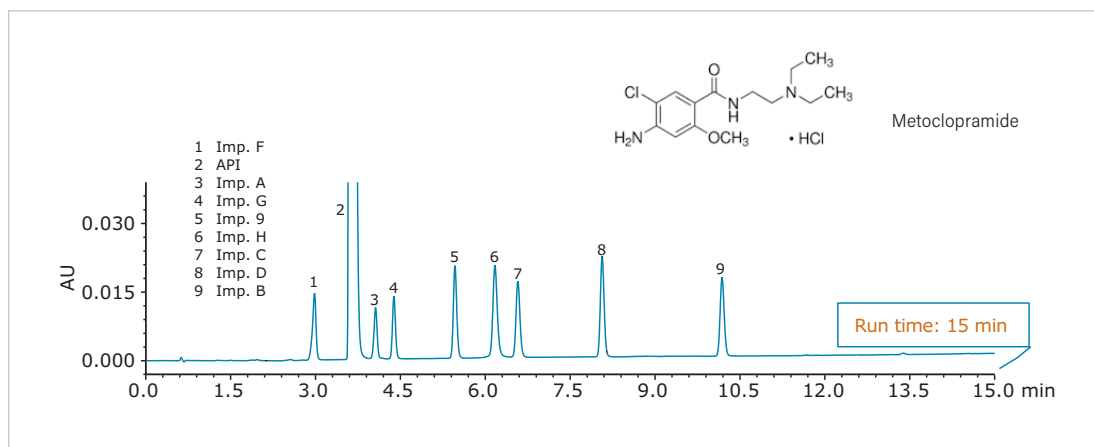
System:	ACQUITY Arc with 2998 PDA and ACQUITY QDa detectors		
Column:	XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in methanol		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	95	5
	15.00	40	60
	16.50	40	60
	16.80	95	5
	21.00	95	5
Flow rate:	2.9 mL/min		
Injection volume:	10.0 µL		
UV detection:	270 nm		
Ionization mode:	ESI+, ESI-		
Acquisition mode:	Full scan 100–440 m/z		

#### Sample preparation

The related compounds of metoclopramide HCl used in this study are listed in Table 1 of the full application note (p/n [720005558EN](#)). Separate stock solutions were prepared in methanol at 1.0 mg/mL. A metoclopramide stock solution was diluted with water to 0.5 mg/mL and spiked with related substances at 1.0% level.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186005290</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005558EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Metoclopramide Using an HPLC 3.5 µm Column

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

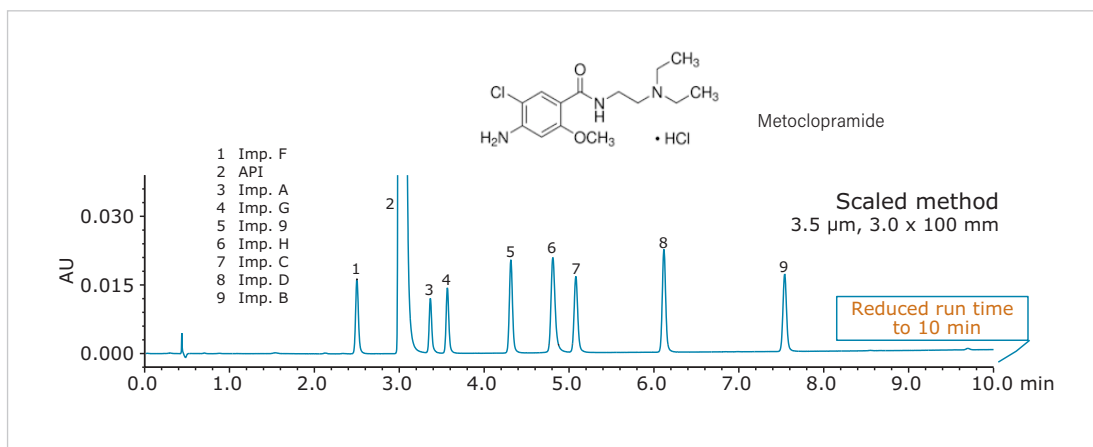
System:	ACQUITY Arc with 2998 PDA and ACQUITY QDa detectors		
Column:	XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 3.0 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in methanol		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	95	5
	10.00	40	60
	11.00	40	60
	11.20	95	5
	14.00	95	5
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min		
Injection volume:	2.8 µL		
UV detection:	270 nm		
Ionization mode:	ESI+, ESI-		
Acquisition mode:	Full scan 100–440 m/z		

#### Sample preparation

The related compounds of metoclopramide HCl used in this study are listed in Table 1 of the full application note (p/n [720005558EN](#)). Separate stock solutions were prepared in methanol at 1.0 mg/mL. A metoclopramide stock solution was diluted with water to 0.5 mg/mL and spiked with related substances at 1.0% level.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm 3.0 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186005262</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005558EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Metoclopramide Using an HPLC 2.5 µm Column

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

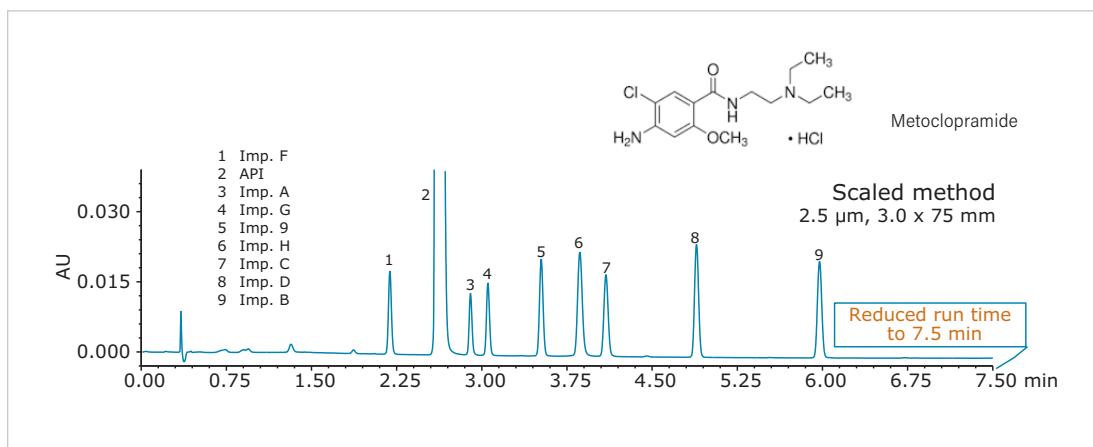
System:	ACQUITY Arc with 2998 PDA and ACQUITY QDa detectors		
Column:	XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 2.5 µm, 3.0 x 75 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in methanol		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	95	5
	7.50	40	60
	8.25	40	60
	8.40	95	5
	10.50	95	5
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min		
Injection volume:	2.1 µL		
UV detection:	270 nm		
Ionization mode:	ESI+, ESI-		
Acquisition mode:	Full scan 100–440 m/z		

#### Sample preparation

The related compounds of metoclopramide HCl used in this study are listed in Table 1 of the full application note (p/n [720005558EN](#)). Separate stock solutions were prepared in methanol at 1.0 mg/mL. A metoclopramide stock solution was diluted with water to 0.5 mg/mL and spiked with related substances at 1.0% level.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 2.5 µm, 3.0 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186006106</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005622EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Miconazole Nitrate Cream Using XBridge BEH Phenyl Columns

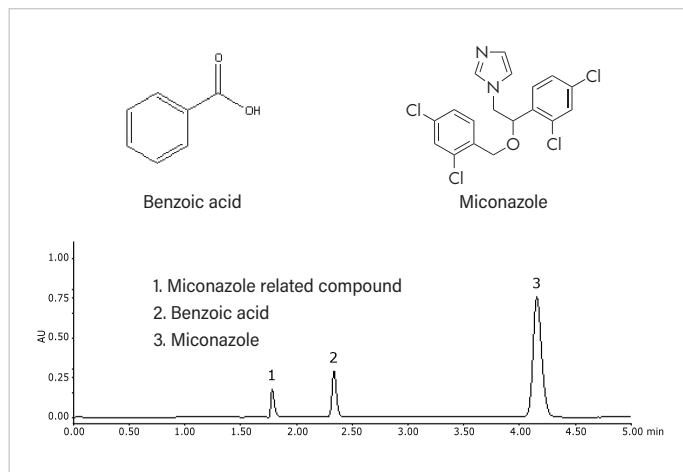
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance e2695 with 2489 UV/Visible detector
Column:	XBridge BEH Phenyl, 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	Methanol/acetonitrile/tetrahydrofuran/ 1% triethylamine, pH 2.5 (25/20/15/40, v/v)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.50 mL/min
Column temp.:	45 °C
Injection volume:	10 µL
UV detection:	225 nm

#### Sample preparation

A standard solution of 0.28 mg/mL of miconazole nitrate and 0.02 mg/mL of benzoic acid were prepared in mobile phase. A sample solution with a concentration of 0.28 mg/mL of miconazole nitrate and 0.02 mg/mL of benzoic acid was prepared by dispersing one applicator of an OTC (over-the-counter) cream preparation containing 100 mg of miconazole per dose in 357 mLs of mobile phase. The solution was heated for one hour at 40-45 °C in an ultrasonic bath, and then allowed to cool to room temperature. Twenty milliliters was filtered through a 0.45 µm PTFE filter, and a 2 mL aliquot was transferred to a TruView LCMS Clear Glass Vial for analysis.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186003353</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005622EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Miconazole Nitrate Cream Using CORTECS Phenyl Columns

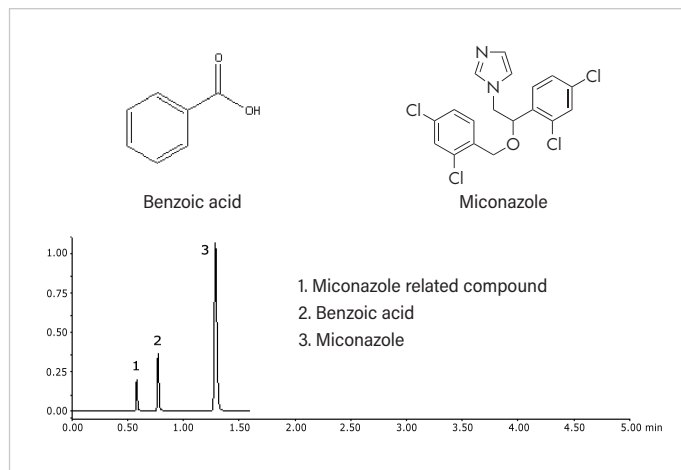
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with PDA detector
Column:	CORTECS Phenyl, 2.7 $\mu\text{m}$ , 3.0 x 100 mm
Mobile phase:	Methanol/acetonitrile/tetrahydrofuran/ 1% triethylamine, pH2.5 (25/20/15/40, v/v)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.64 mL/min
Column temp.:	45 °C
Injection volume:	1.7 $\mu\text{L}$
UV detection:	225 nm

#### Sample preparation

A standard solution of 0.28 mg/mL of miconazole nitrate and 0.02 mg/mL of benzoic acid were prepared in mobile phase. A sample solution with a concentration of 0.28 mg/mL of miconazole nitrate and 0.02 mg/mL of benzoic acid was prepared by dispersing one applicator of an OTC (over-the-counter) cream preparation containing 100 mg of miconazole per dose in 357 mLs of mobile phase. The solution was heated for one hour at 40-45 °C in an ultrasonic bath, and then allowed to cool to room temperature. Twenty milliliters was filtered through a 0.45  $\mu\text{m}$  PTFE filter, and a 2 mL aliquot was transferred to a TruView LCMS Clear Glass Vial for analysis.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS Phenyl, 2.7 $\mu\text{m}$ , 3.0 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186008331</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004147EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Mometasone Furoate Ointment

### EXPERIMENTAL

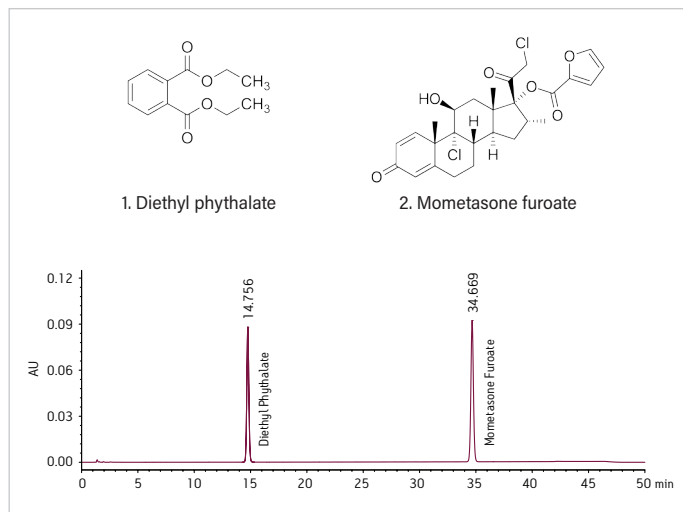
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2489 UV/Visible detector		
Column:	XBridge Shield RP18, 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	100% water		
Mobile phase B:	100% acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	Initial	70	30
	2	70	30
	45	45	55
	46	70	30
	50	70	30
Flow rate:	2.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	25 °C		
Injection volume:	20 µL		
UV detection:	254 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Mometasone furoate stock standard was prepared by dissolving an accurate amount of mometasone furoate reference material in Diluent A (100:1 tetrahydrofuran:acetic acid) to make a solution at approximately 0.2 mg/mL concentration. Internal standard and mometasone furoate stock were diluted with Diluent B (50:50:1 acetonitrile:water:acetic acid) to obtain a working standard of approximately 0.05 mg/mL of mometasone furoate and 0.35 mg/mL of diethyl phthalate, respectively.

Sample temp.: 15 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186003010</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005609EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Mono- and Disaccharides and Selected Alditols in Juice, Beer, Wine, and Whiskey

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY Arc with ACQUITY QDa Detector

Column: XBridge BEH Amide **XP**, 2.5 µm,  
3.0 x 150 mm

Mobile phase A: 90% acetonitrile: 5% IPA:5% water\*

Mobile phase B: 80% acetonitrile: 20% water\*

\*Both containing 500 ppb guanidine hydrochloride and 0.05% diethylamine.

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	100	0
	4.50	100	0
	18.00	0	100
	25.00	0	100
	25.10	100	0
	40.00	100	0

Flow rate: 0.8 mL/min

Column temp.: 85 °C

Injection volume: 1 µL

Ionization mode: ESI-

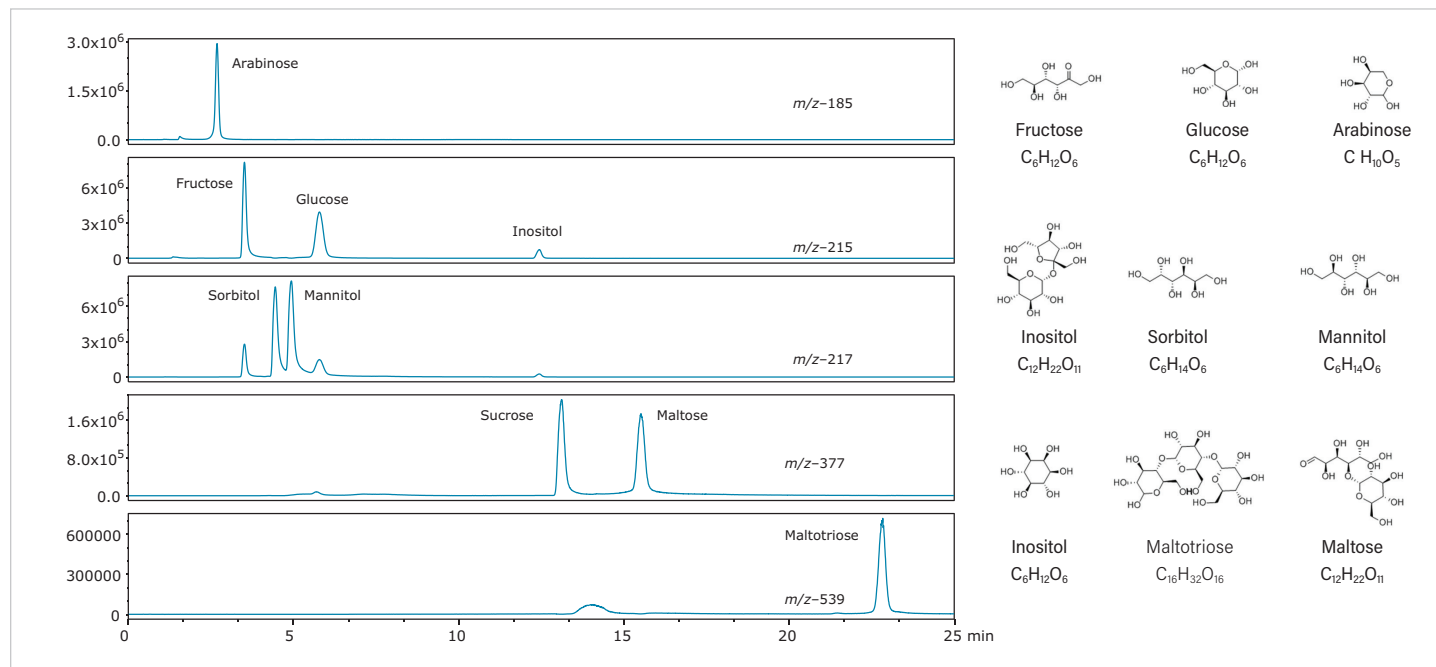
Acquisition mode: SIR (m/z) ([M+Cl]<sup>-</sup> ion): 185 (arabinose); 215 (fructose); 215 (glucose); 215 (inositol); 217 (sorbitol); 217 (mannitol); 377 (sucrose); 377 (maltose); 539 (maltotriose)

### Sample preparation

A 100 mg/L stock of the nine saccharides listed below was prepared in 1:1 acetonitrile-water.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 3.0 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186006725</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004389EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Monoamine Neurotransmitters

### EXPERIMENTAL

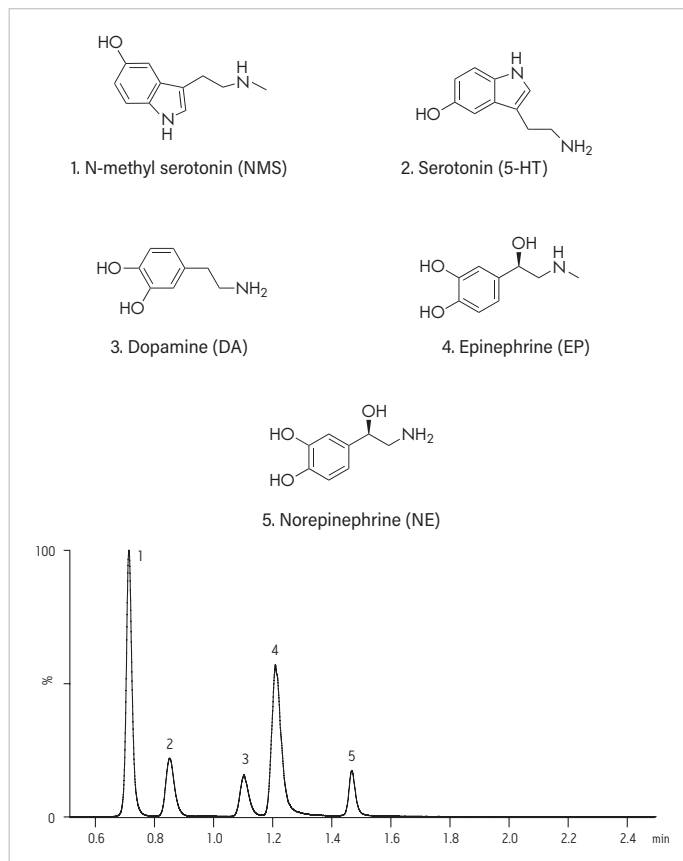
#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with Xevo TQ-S detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide <i>XP</i> , 2.5 µm, 2.1 x 75 mm		
Mobile phase A:	95:5 water:acetonitrile containing 100 mM ammonium formate, pH 3.0		
Mobile phase B:	85:15 acetonitrile:water containing 30 mM ammonium formate, pH 3.0		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	0	100
	2.50	30	70
	2.60	0	100
	4.00	0	100
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	20 µL		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	MRM (m/z): NMS 191.1 > 160; 5-HT 177.0 > 160; DA 154 > 137; EP 184 > 166; NE 152 > 107		

#### Sample preparation

Combined stock standards of dopamine, norepinephrine, epinephrine, serotonin, and N-methyl serotonin (NMS) were prepared in methanol containing 0.1% ascorbic acid and 2.5% 1N HCl to prevent oxidation. Working standards of 100 ng/mL DA, NE, EP, 5-HT, and 10 ng/mL NMS were prepared fresh each day in starting mobile-phase conditions.

Sample temp.: 5 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide <i>XP</i> , 2.5 µm, 2.1 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186006090</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

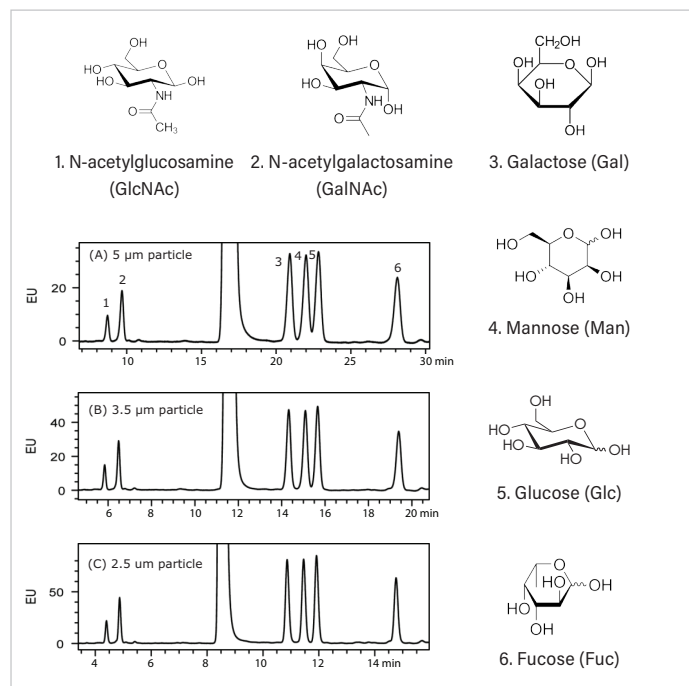
For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005255EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Monosaccharides

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class Bio with FLR detector
Columns:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 100 mm XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 μm, 2.1 x 100 mm XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 μm, 2.1 x 100 mm
Mobile phase A:	0.2% N-butylamine, 0.5% phosphoric acid, and 1% THF in water
Mobile phase B:	50% mobile phase A in acetonitrile
Gradient and flow rate:	See table
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	4.6 x 100 mm format, 4.8 μL; 2.1 x 100 mm format, 1 μL
FLR detection:	Excitation wavelength = 360 nm; Emission wavelength = 425 nm



#### Sample preparation

Monosaccharides from bovine fetuin were released by acid hydrolysis using 2 M TFA with hydrolysis occurring for 3 h at 100 °C. Resulting hydrolysates were then dried by centrifugal evaporation followed by reconstitution in 5 μL of 80 mg/mL sodium acetate trihydrate. A 2AA labeling solution was prepared by dissolving 30 mg of 2AA in 1 mL of 2% (w/v) boric acid in methanol. This suspension was then used to dissolve 30 mg of sodium cyanoborohydride. Of this preparation, 10 μL was added to each of the monosaccharide mixtures. Monosaccharides were labeled at 80 °C for 60 minutes. Upon completion of labeling, serial dilutions were performed to generate a 1000-fold dilution of the labeled material. For preparation of monosaccharide standards, labeling was performed as outlined above with the omission of acid hydrolysis.

Step	%B	Method details (flow rate and time)					
		5 μm		3.5 μm		2.5 μm	
		Flow (mL min <sup>-1</sup> )	Time (min)	Flow (mL min <sup>-1</sup> )	Time (min)	Flow (mL min <sup>-1</sup> )	Time (min)
1	7	0.480	0.00	0.685	0.00	0.200	0.00
2	7	0.480	7.78	0.685	5.45	0.200	3.89
3	17	0.480	27.78	0.685	19.47	0.200	13.88
4	100	0.480	28.89	0.685	20.24	0.200	14.43
5	100	0.480	40.00	0.685	28.03	0.200	19.99
6	7	0.480	41.11	0.685	28.81	0.200	20.54
7	7	0.480	50.00	0.685	35.04	0.200	24.98

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003115</a>
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 μm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003033</a>
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 μm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186006031</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64111](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Morphine and Related Compounds

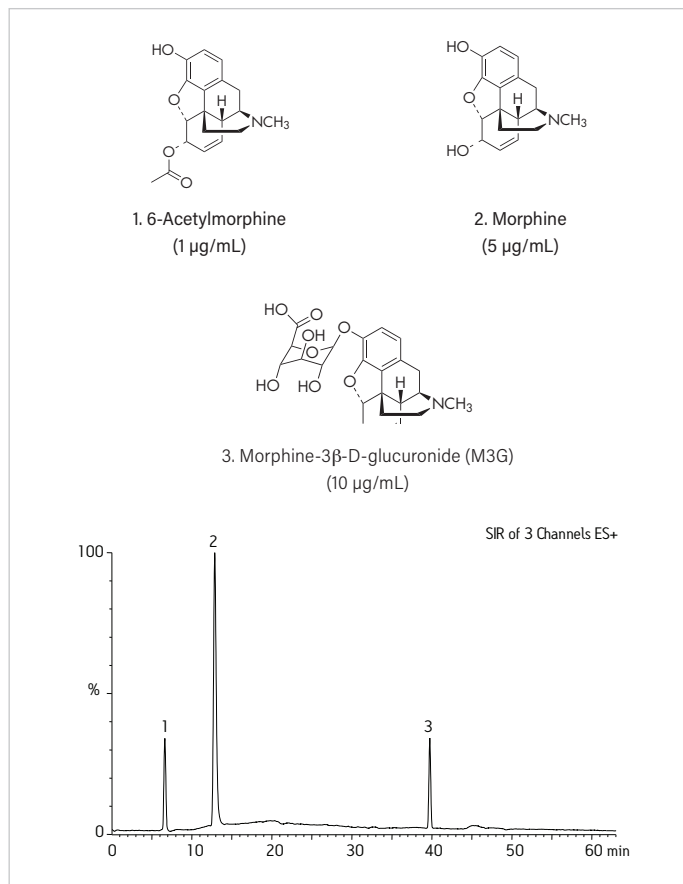
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with 30-cm column cooler/heater and TQD detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	50/50 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium formate, pH 3.0		
Mobile phase B:	90/10 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium formate, pH 3.0		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	15.00	0.1	99.9
	62.50	99.9	0.1
	62.60	0.1	99.9
	75.00	0.1	99.9
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	15.0 $\mu$ L		
Ionization mode:	ESI-		
Acquisition mode:	SIR (m/z): 287.5 (morphine); 329.5 (6-acetylmorphine); 463.6 (M3G)		

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu$ m PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu$ m, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000668CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64079](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Morphine and Metabolites Using XBridge BEH HILIC Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm		
Mobile phase A:	10 mM ammonium formate in water, 0.125% formic acid in 50:50 acetonitrile/water		
Mobile phase B:	10 mM ammonium formate in water, 0.125% formic acid in 90:10 acetonitrile/water		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	1.05	0.1	99.9
	4.35	99.9	0.1
	4.50	0.1	99.9
	6.00	0.1	99.9
Flow rate:	0.6 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	5 $\mu$ L		
UV detection:	280 nm		

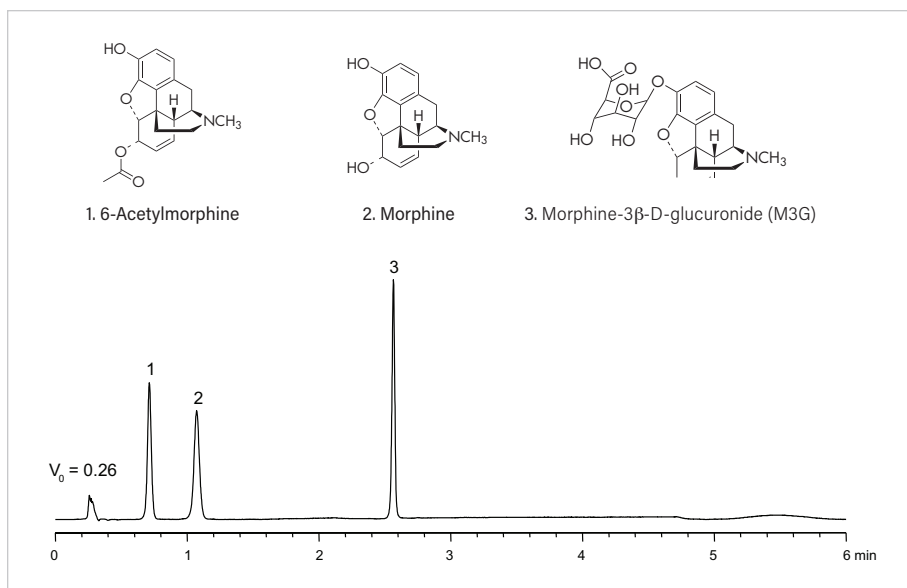
#### Sample preparation

 Sample concentration: 25  $\mu$ g/mL each

Sample diluent: 75:25 ACN:MeOH with 0.2% HCOOH

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186004432</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64701](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Morphine and Metabolites Using CORTECS 2.7 µm Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector

Column: CORTECS HILIC, 2.7 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm

 Mobile phase A: 10 mM ammonium formate in  
 50% acetonitrile/49.875%  
 water/0.125% formic acid

 Mobile phase B: 10 mM ammonium formate  
 in 90% acetonitrile/9.875%  
 water/0.125% formic acid

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	Curve
	Initial	0.1	99.9	–
	4.42	0.1	99.9	6
	18.29	99.9	0.1	6
	18.99	0.1	99.9	11
	26.01	0.1	99.9	11

Flow rate: 1.99 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 14.4 µL

UV detection: 280 nm

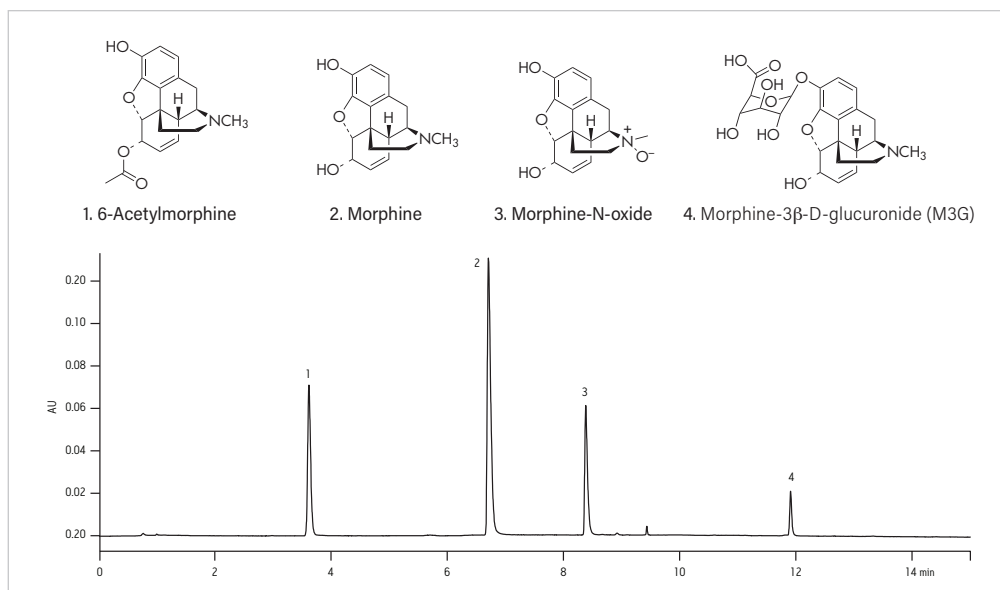
#### Sample preparation

Sample: Morphine metabolites

Sample diluent: Mobile phase B

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS HILIC, 2.7 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186007393</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60184](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Mouthwash

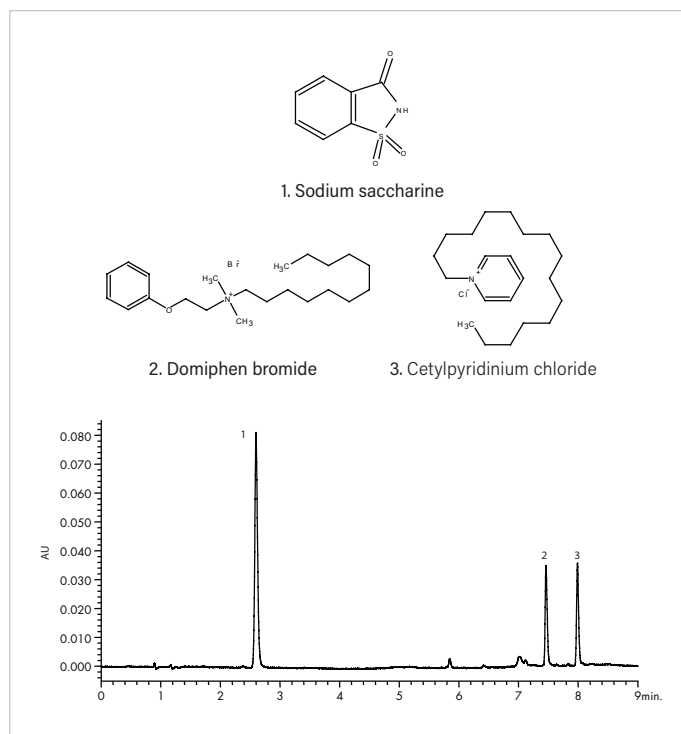
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1 mM ammonium acetate, pH 5.4		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	95	5
	2.00	85	15
	7.00	5	95
	8.00	5	95
	9.00	95	5
	12.00	95	5
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	20 $\mu\text{L}$		
UV detection:	262 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Sample:	Sodium saccharin (50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ ), Domiphen bromide (50 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ ), Cetylpyridinium chloride (10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ ) in ACN/ $\text{CH}_3\text{COONH}_4$ (5/95)
Sample temp.:	20 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003044</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60199](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Nerve Agent Degradation Products in Drinking Water

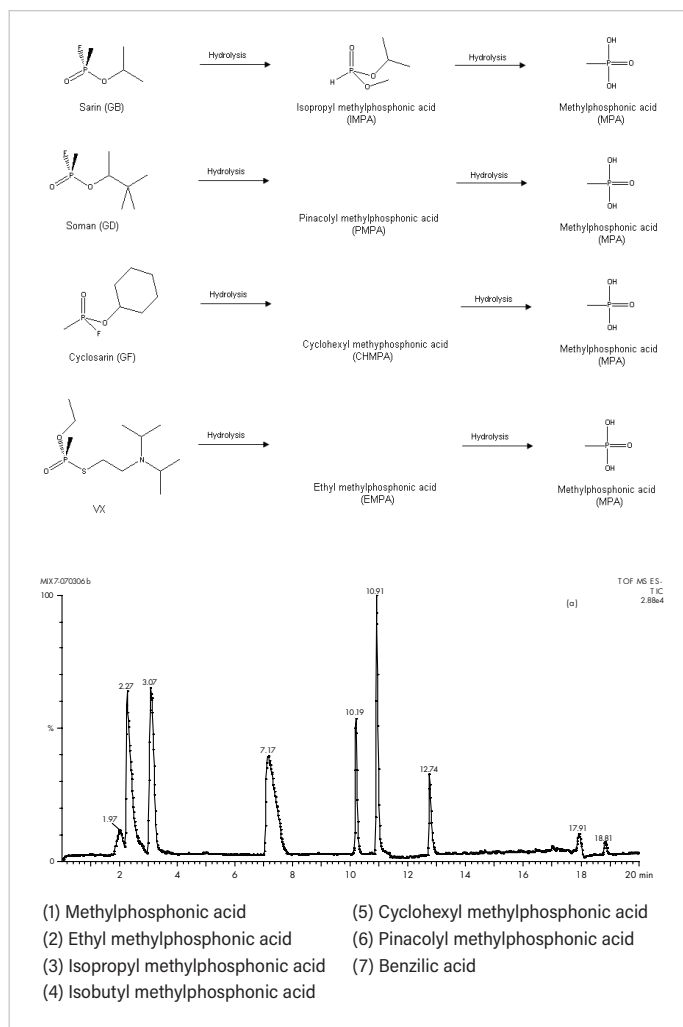
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2690		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 μm, 2.1 x 150 mm		
Mobile phase A:	10 mM ammonium formate in water		
Mobile phase B:	10 mM ammonium formate in methanol		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	99	1
	2.00	99	1
	17.00	30	70
	25.00	30	70
Flow rate:	0.2 mL/min		
Injection volume:	5 μL		
Ionization mode:	ESI-		

#### Sample preparation

Five milliliters of water sample was spiked with solutions of GB, GD, GF, VX and RVX in methanol to the appropriate concentration and then stored at room temperature for 5 days prior to analysis (ensuring that hydrolysis occurred). The water sample was filtered through a 0.2 μm membrane filter and then analyzed by LC-MS.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 μm, 2.1 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003023</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64076](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Neurotransmitters

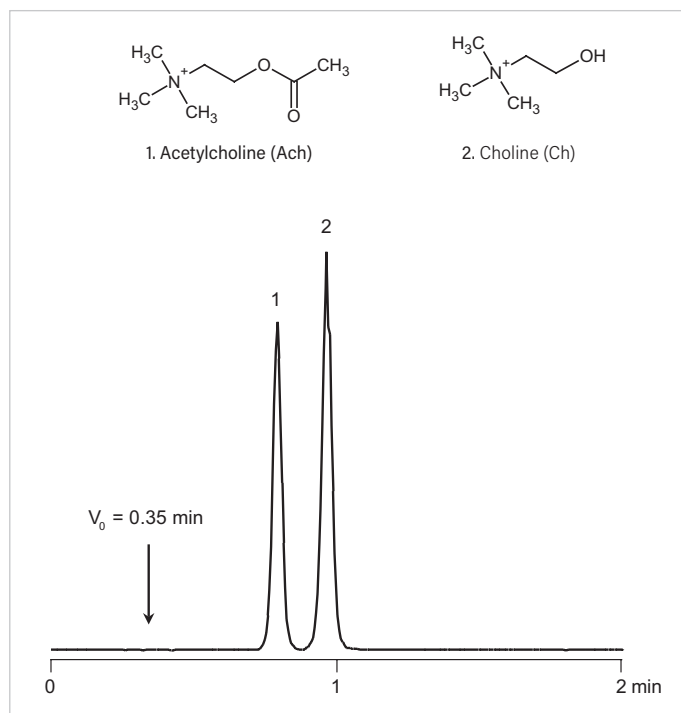
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with TQD detector
Column:	XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm
Mobile phase A:	10 mM ammonium formate with 0.125% formic acid in water
Mobile phase B:	10 mM ammonium formate with 0.125% formic acid in 90/5/5 acetonitrile/methanol/water
Isocratic conditions:	10% A; 90% B
Flow rate:	0.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	10.0 $\mu$ L
Ionization mode:	ESI+
Acquisition mode:	SIR (m/z): 146.1 (acetylcholine); 104.0 (choline)

#### Sample preparation

Sample diluent:	75/25 acetonitrile/methanol with 0.2% formic acid
Sample concentration:	5 ng/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186004432</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE8](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Nimodipine

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

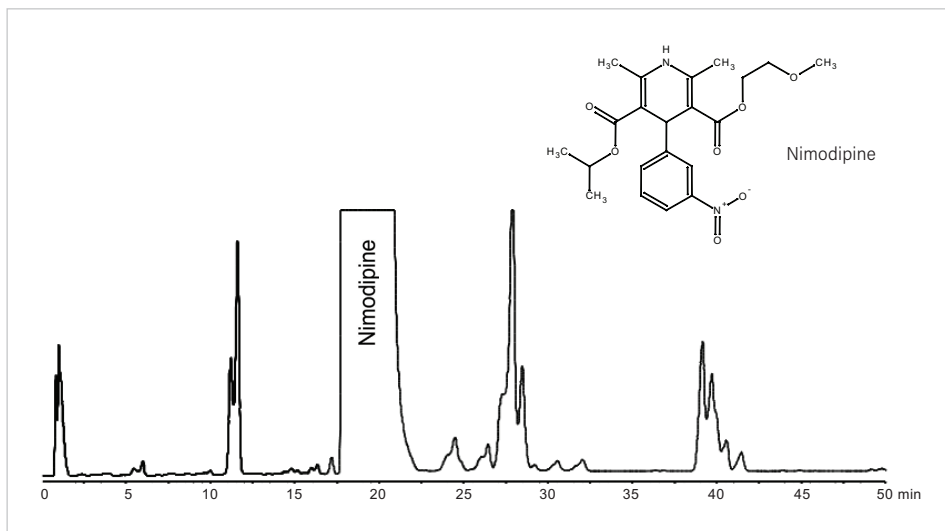
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector			
Column:	XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm			
Mobile phase A:	200 mM ammonium formate pH 3			
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile			
Mobile phase C:	Water			
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>C%</u>
	0.00	10	30	60
	50.00	10	60	30
Flow rate:	1.4 mL/min			
Column temp.:	30 °C			
Injection:	100 µL			
UV detection:	254 nm			

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 30 mg/mL in DMSO

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Shield RP18, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003044</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005580EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Nitroaromatic Compounds

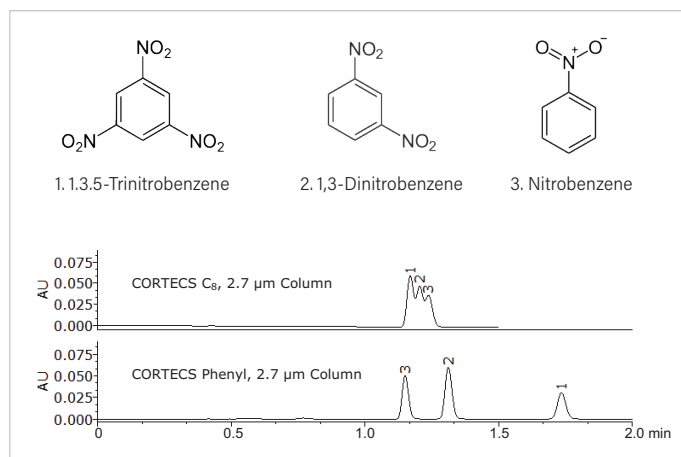
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC
Column:	CORTECS Phenyl, 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm; CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm
Mobile phase:	45:55 methanol:water
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	40 °C
Injection volume:	1.0 µL
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

The nitroaromatic compounds were prepared as 10 µg/mL solutions in 100% methanol.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS Phenyl, 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186008321</a>
CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186008351</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Max Recovery Vial	<a href="#">186005662CV</a>
Neutrals QC Reference Material	<a href="#">186006360</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE9](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Non-Steroidal Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs)

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector

 Column: XBridge BEH Phenyl,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: Water

Mobile phase B: Methanol

Mobile phase C: 0.2% formic acid in water

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	C%
	0.00	40	50	10
	13.33	25	65	10
	16.67	25	65	10
	17.33	40	50	10
	20.00	40	50	10

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

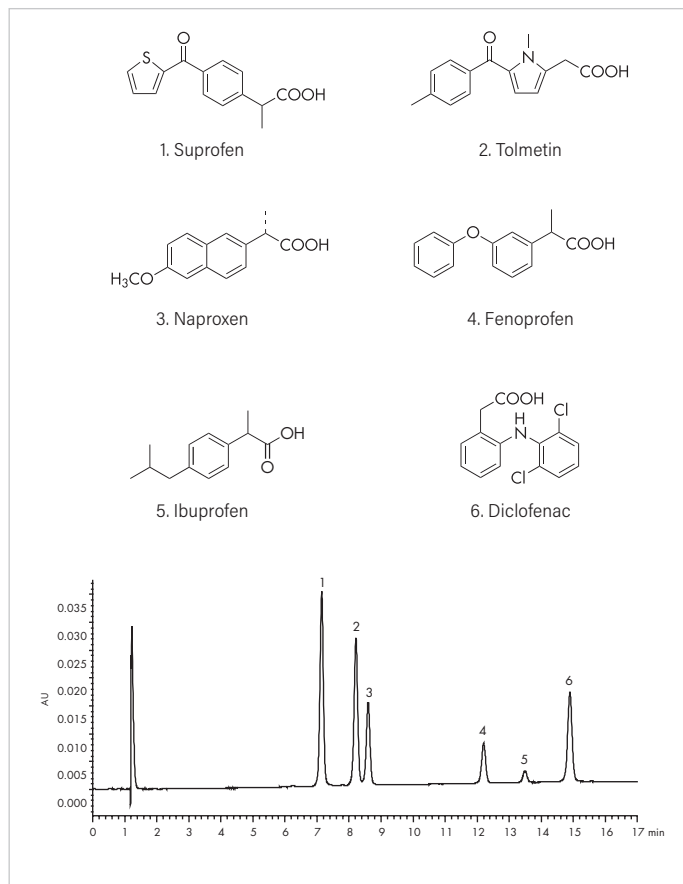
Injection volume: 15 µL

UV detection: 254 nm

#### Sample preparation

 Sample: Fenoprofen (20 µg/mL),  
Ibuprofen (20 µg/mL),  
Diclofenac (10 µg/mL),  
Tolmetin (10 µg/mL),  
Suprofen (10 µg/mL),  
Naproxen (10 µg/mL)  
in H<sub>2</sub>O/MeOH (60/40)

Sample temp.: 15 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003334</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64116](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Nucleobases

### EXPERIMENTAL

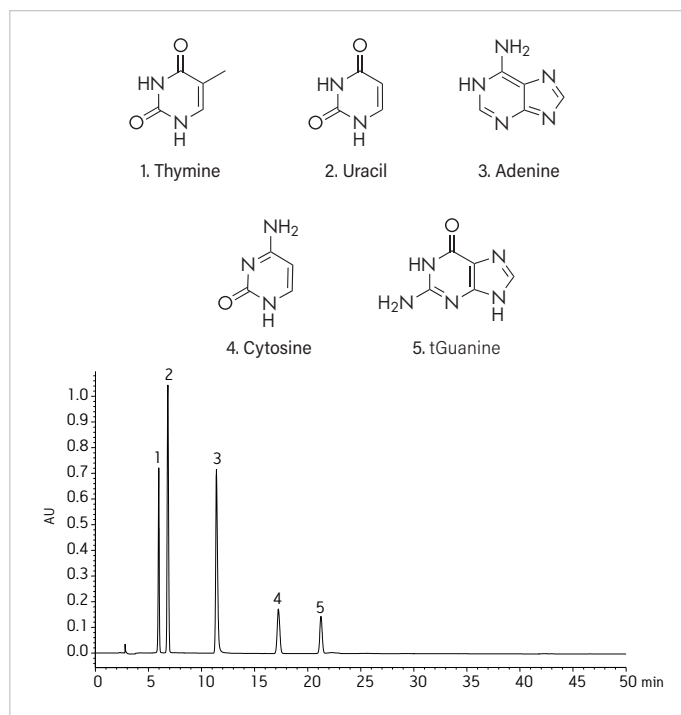
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	50/50 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium formate, pH 3.0		
Mobile phase B:	95/5 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium formate, pH 3.0		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	1	99
	50.00	50	50
	50.10	1	99
	60.00	1	99
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	60.0 µL		
UV detection:	260 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 20 µg/mL



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64121](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Nucleotide Phosphates

### EXPERIMENTAL

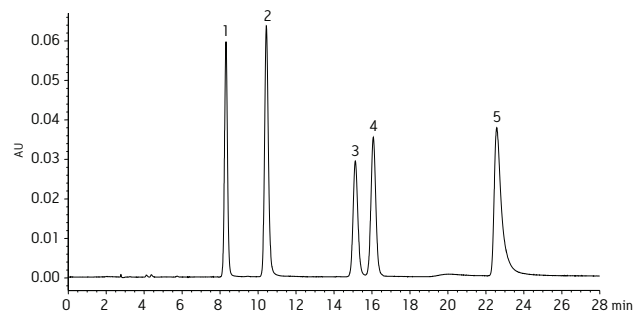
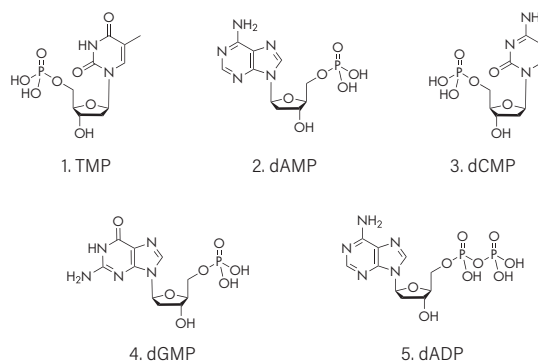
#### LC conditions

**System:** Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector  
**Column:** XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5  $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm  
**Mobile phase:** 80/20 acetonitrile/water with 2 mM monopotassium phosphate  
**Separation mode:** Isocratic  
**Flow rate:** 1.2 mL/min  
**Column temp.:** 25 °C  
**Injection volume:** 40.0  $\mu\text{L}$   
**UV detection:** 254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu\text{m}$  PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 10  $\mu\text{g/mL}$



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu\text{m}$ , 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64075](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Nutrients

### EXPERIMENTAL

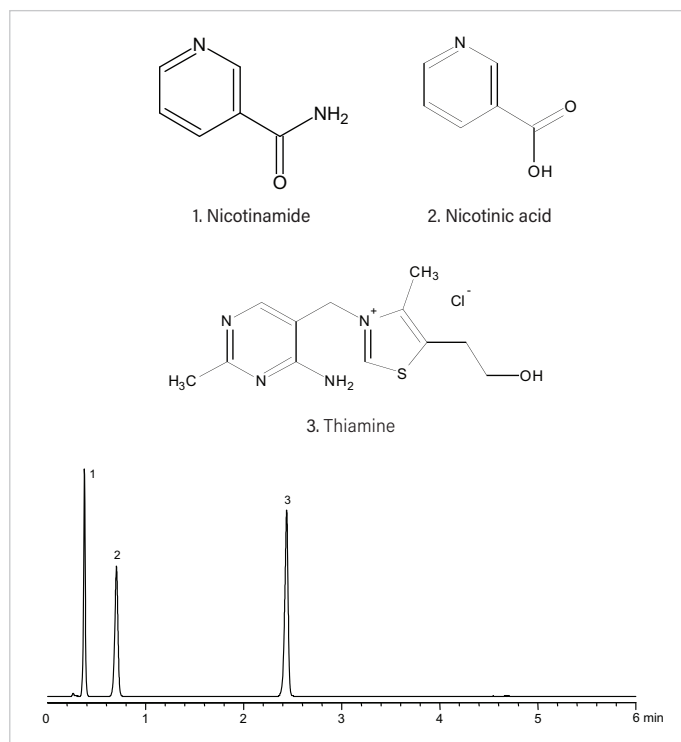
#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm		
Mobile phase A:	10 mM ammonium formate in water, 0.125% formic acid in 50/50 acetonitrile/water		
Mobile phase B:	10 mM ammonium formate in water, 0.125% formic acid in 90/10 acetonitrile/water		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	1.05	0.1	99.9
	4.35	99.9	0.1
	4.50	0.1	99.9
	6.00	0.1	99.9
Flow rate:	0.6 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	5 $\mu$ L		
UV detection:	268 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Sample diluent: 75/25 acetonitrile/methanol with 0.2% formic acid

Sample concentration: 25  $\mu$ g/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH HILIC, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 2.1 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186004432</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



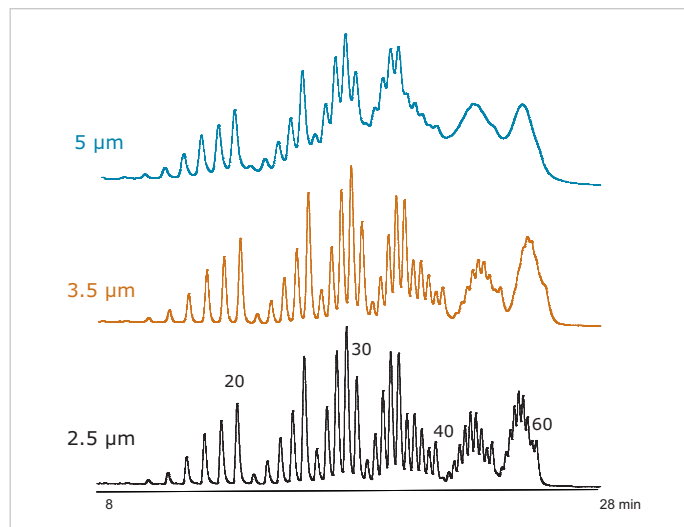
For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720002376EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Oligonucleotides

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2796 Bioseparations System with 2996 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge Oligonucleotide BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 2.5 μm, 2.1 x 50 mm
Mobile phase A:	100 mM TEAA, pH 7
Mobile phase B:	80% A, 20% acetonitrile
Gradient:	40 to 62.5% B in 30 min
Flow rate:	0.2 mL/min
Column temp.:	60 °C
UV detection:	260 nm



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge Oligonucleotide BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 2.5 μm, 2.1 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186003952</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005103EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Omeprazole

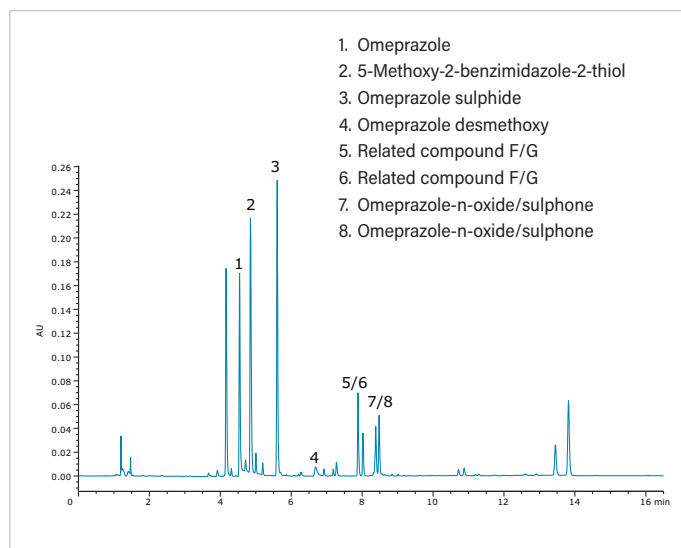
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2998 PDA and ACQUITY QDa detectors		
Column:	CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> +, 2.7 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	90	10
	16.50	22	78
	16.60	90	10
	20.00	90	10
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	9.6 µL		
UV detection:	280 nm		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		
Acquisition mode:	Full scan 120–420 m/z		

#### Sample preparation

Two Omeprazole tablets (20 mg Omeprazole) were separately crushed with a mortar and pestle and transferred to two 100 mL volumetric flasks. To one flask (A), 25 mL 0.1 N HCl was added and the solution was left at room temperature for 1.5 hours. Twenty-five milliliters 0.1 N NaOH was added to neutralize the solution. Methanol was added to the flask to bring the sample up to 100 mL. The other solution (B) was diluted to 100 mL with 50:50 methanol:water. Both solutions were then filtered through a 0.2 µm filter. To create the sample for injection 0.66 mL of solution A and 0.34 mL of solution B were combined in an LCMS Certified Max Recovery Vial.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> +, 2.7 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186007408</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Max Recovery Vial	<a href="#">600000749CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64110](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Organic Acids

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC with 30-cm column cooler/heater and ACQUITY TQD Detector

Column: XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5  $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm

Mobile phase A: 50/50 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate and 0.04% ammonium hydroxide, pH 9.0

Mobile phase B: 95/5 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate and 0.04% ammonium hydroxide, pH 9.0

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	3.00	0.1	99.9
	3.10	40.0	60.0
	14.00	70.0	30.0
	14.10	0.1	99.9
	26.00	0.1	99.9

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 50 °C

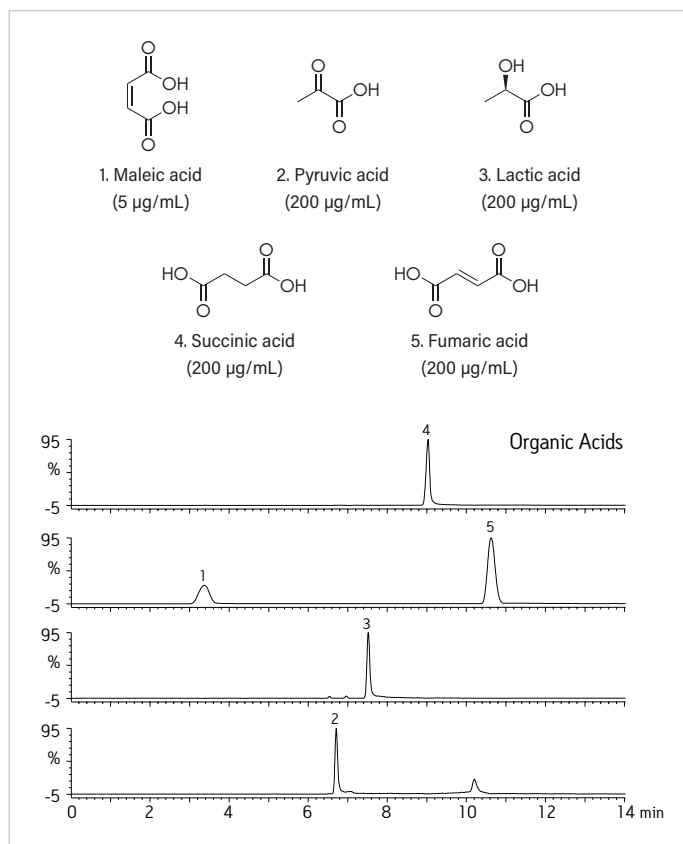
Injection volume: 15.0  $\mu\text{L}$

Ionization mode: ESI-

Acquisition mode: MRM (m/z): pyruvic acid 86.92 > 42.9; lactic acid 88.92 > 42.9; succinic acid 116.93 > 72.9; maleic acid and fumaric acid 114.88 > 70.9

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu\text{m}$  PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu\text{m}$ , 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu\text{m}$ , 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000668CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA43181](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Organic Acids and Bases

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector

#### Stability Testing

 Column: XBridge BEH C<sub>18</sub>, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm

Mobile phase A: 200 mM potassium phosphate (pH 12):acetonitrile (80:20)

Mobile phase B: Water

Mobile phase C: Acetonitrile

Isocratic conditions: 10% A; 37% B; 53% C

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 µL of 440 µg/mL (total concentration)

UV detection

wavelength: 254 nm

#### Selectivity Study

 Column: XBridge C<sub>18</sub>, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A1: 30 mM potassium phosphate, pH 2

Mobile phase A2: 30 mM potassium phosphate, pH 7

Mobile phase A2: 30 mM potassium phosphate, pH 12

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.0	90	10
	7.0	20	80
	8.0	20	80

Flow rate: 1.4 mL/min

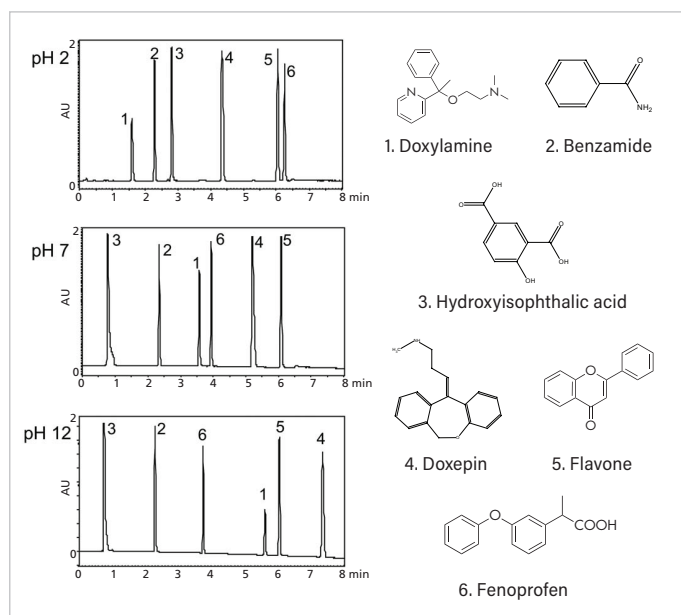
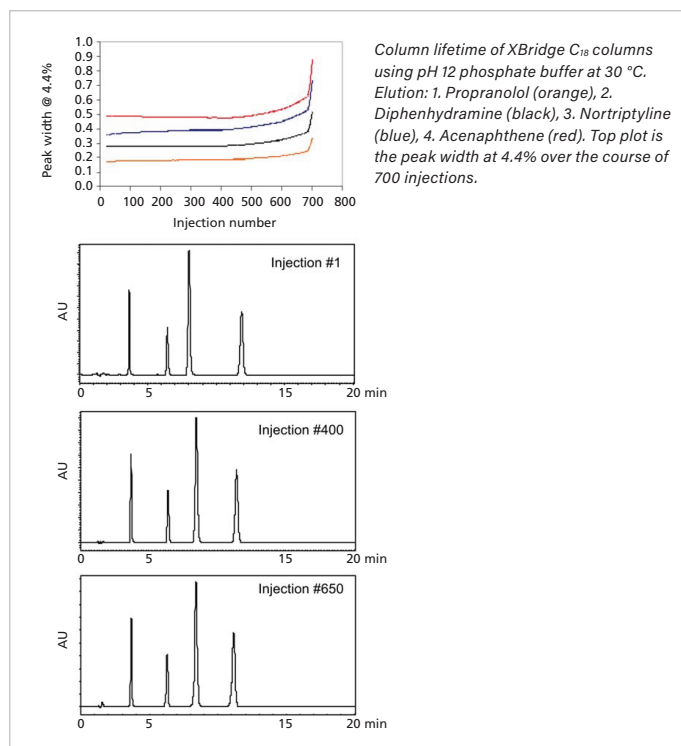
Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 20 µL of 5 µg/mL (each) standard

UV detection: 210 nm (pH 2, 7); 220 nm (pH 12)

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003033</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64108](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Organophosphonic Acids by Isocratic MS

### EXPERIMENTAL

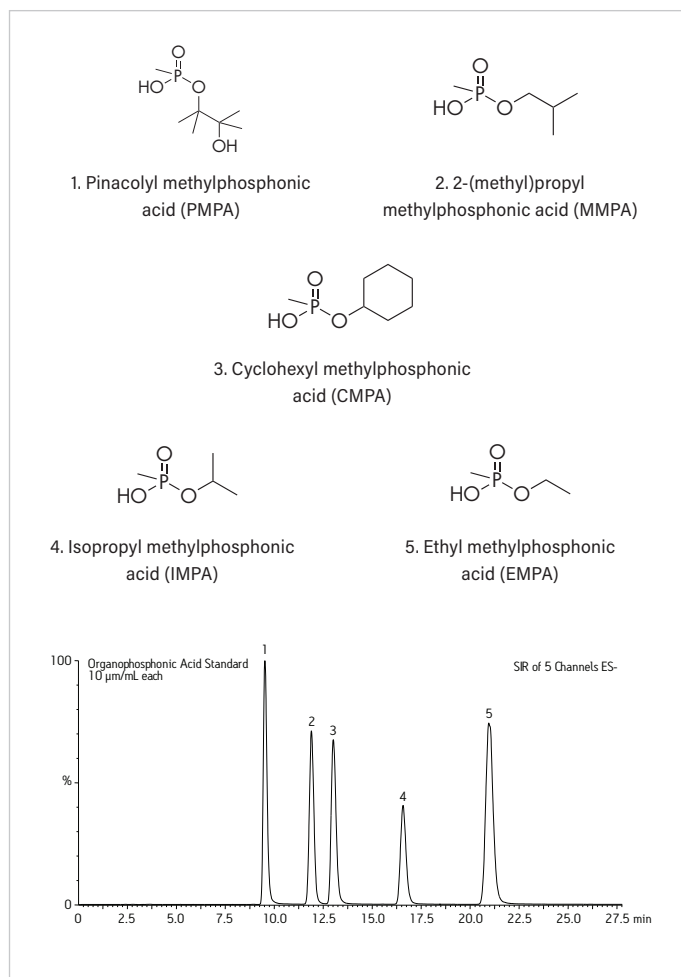
#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with 30-cm column cooler/heater and ACQUITY TQD detector
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	90/10 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate and 0.04% ammonium hydroxide, pH 9.0
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	65 °C
Injection volume:	15.0 µL
Ionization mode:	ESI-
Acquisition mode:	SIR (m/z): 122.9 (EMPA); 136.95 (IMPA); 150.95 (MMPA); 177.0 (CMPA); 179.0 (PMPA)

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 10 µg/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000668CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64107](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Organophosphonic Acids by MS

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC with 30-cm column cooler/heater and ACQUITY TQD detector

Column: XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5  $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm

Mobile phase A: 50/50 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate and 0.04% ammonium hydroxide, pH 9.0

Mobile phase B: 95/5 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate and 0.04% ammonium hydroxide, pH 9.0

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	60.00	10	90.0
	60.01	0.1	99.9
	72.00	0.1	99.9

Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 65 °C

Injection volume: 15.0  $\mu$ L

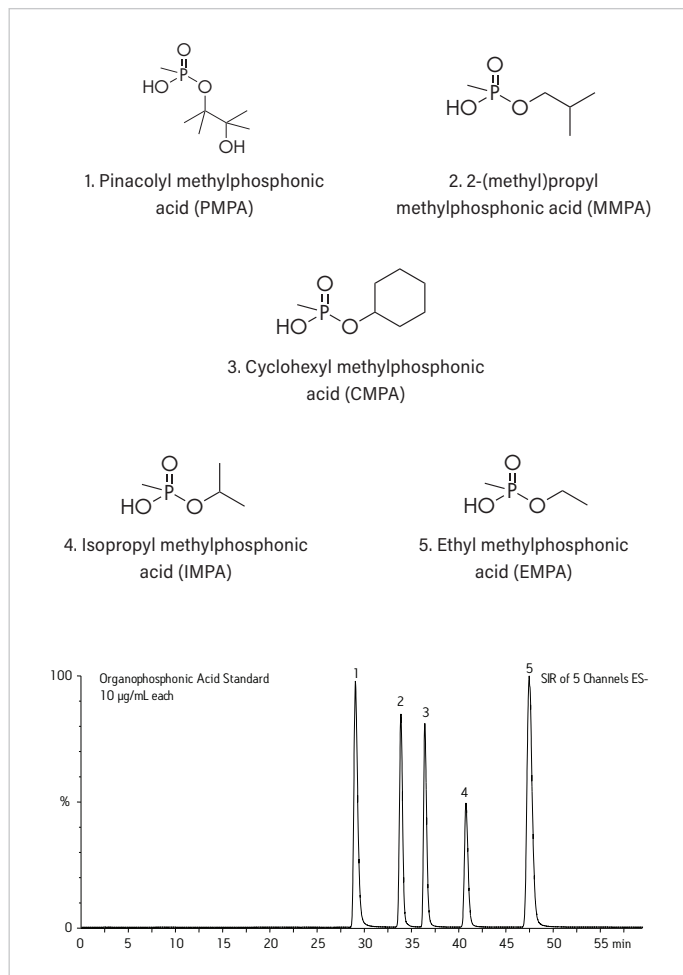
Ionization mode: ESI-

Acquisition mode: SIR (m/z): 122.9 (EMPA); 136.95 (IMPA); 150.95 (MMPA); 177.0 (CMPA); 179.0 (PMPA)

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45  $\mu$ m PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 10  $\mu$ g/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu$ m, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000668CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005185EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of a Comprehensive Panel of Pain Management Drugs Using XBridge BEH Phenyl Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC I-Class, Fixed Loop (FL) with Column Manager (CMA), Xevo TQD Mass Spectrometer

Columns: XBridge BEH Phenyl **XP**, 2.5 µm, 3.0 x 50 mm

Mobile phase A: Water with 0.1% formic acid

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile with 0.1% formic acid

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.0	95	5
	4.0	40	60
	4.1	95	5
	5.0	95	5

Flow rate: 0.6 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 10 µL

Ionization mode: ESI+

Acquisition mode: MRM

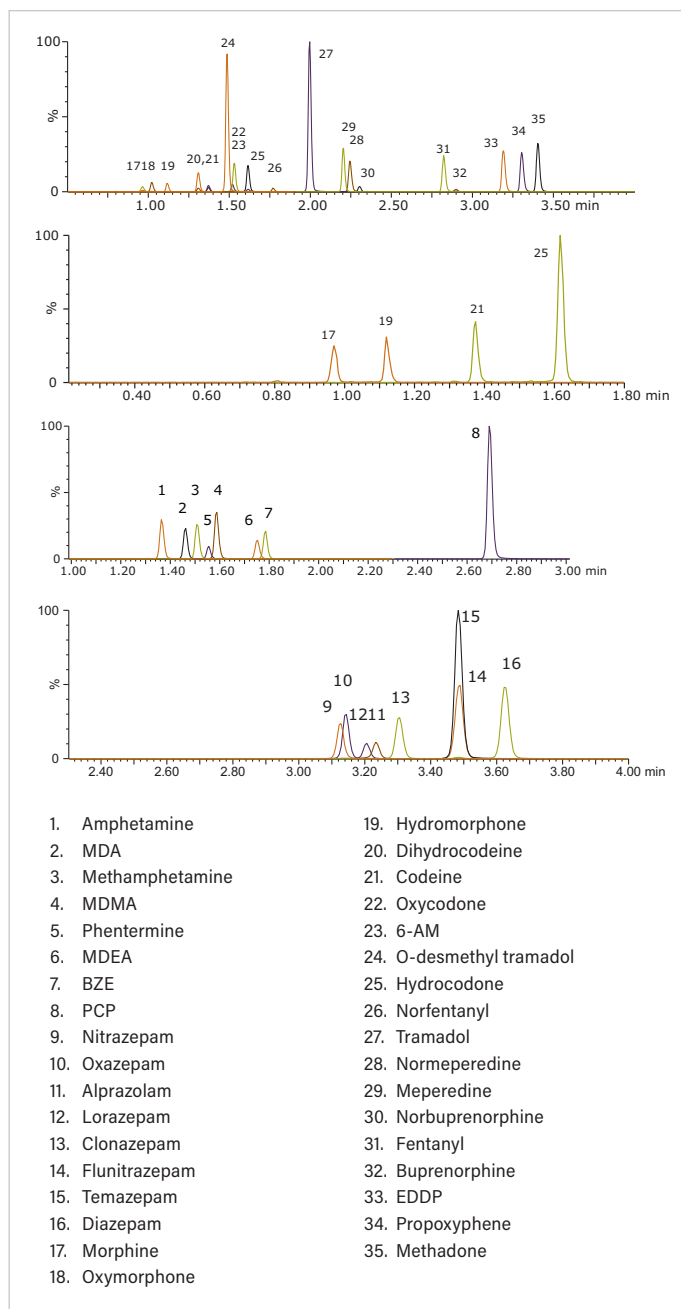
#### Sample preparation

Panel of 35 common pain management compounds including opioids, benzodiazepines, stimulants, enzyloecgonine (BZE), and phencyclidine (PCP). Stock solutions were prepared in methanol. Working solutions were prepared in 5% acetonitrile containing 0.1% formic acid.

Sample temp.: 10 °C

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 3.0 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186006069</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005185EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of a Comprehensive Panel of Pain Management Drugs Using CORTECS C<sub>18</sub> Columns

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC I-Class, Fixed Loop (FL) with Column Manager (CMA), Xevo TQD Mass Spectrometer

Columns: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm

Mobile phase A: Water with 0.1% formic acid

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile with 0.1% formic acid

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.0	95	5
	4.0	40	60
	4.1	95	5
	5.0	95	5

Flow rate: 0.6 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 10 μL

Ionization mode: ESI+

Acquisition mode: MRM

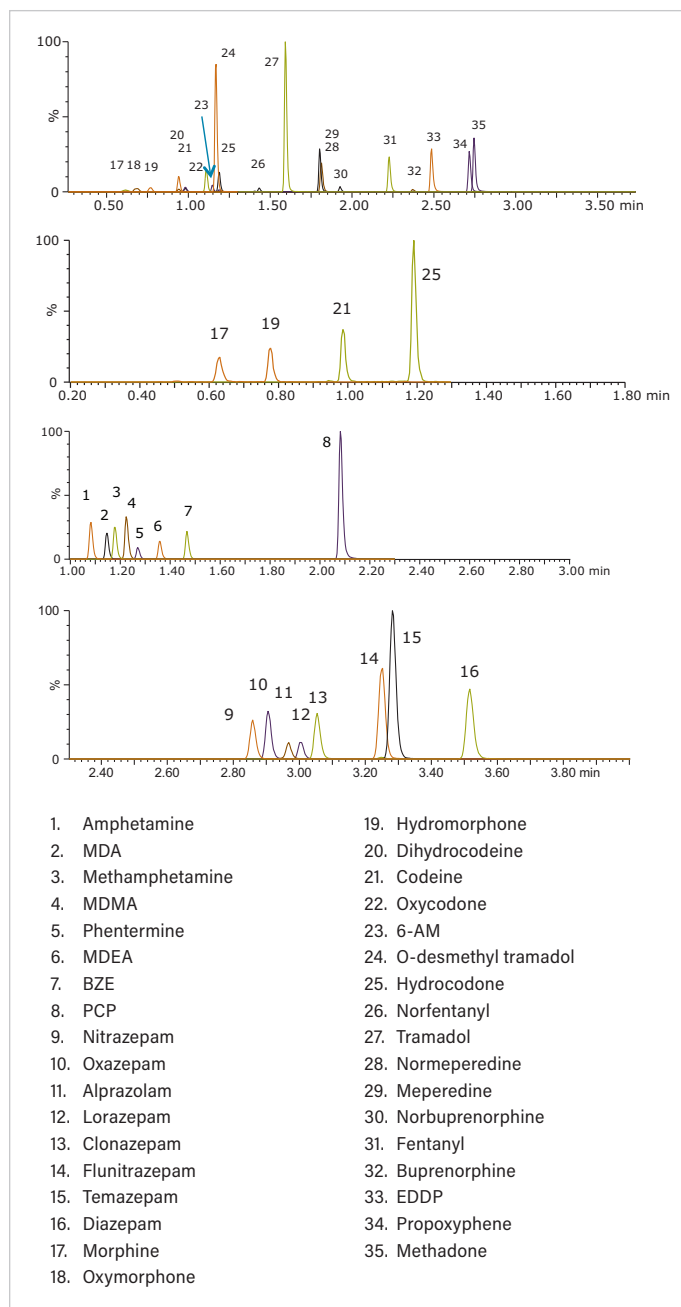
#### Sample preparation

Panel of 35 common pain management compounds, including opioids, benzodiazepines, stimulants, enzyocgonine (BZE), and phencyclidine (PCP). Stock solutions were prepared in methanol. Working solutions were prepared in 5% acetonitrile containing 0.1% formic acid.

Sample temp.: 10 °C

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186007370</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>





For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004672EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Peppermint Extract

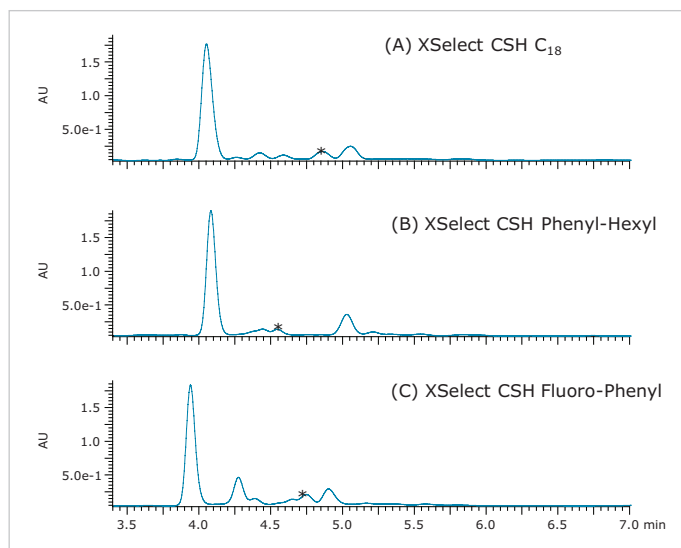
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	AutoPurification	
Columns:	XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm; XSelect CSH Phenyl-Hexyl, 5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm; XSelect CSH Fluoro-Phenyl, 5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm	
Mobile phase A:	0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) in water	
Mobile phase B:	0.1% TFA in acetonitrile	
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.0	5.0
	1.0	17.4
	11.7	25.4
	12.2	95.0
	17.2	95.0
	17.4	5.0
	25.4	5.0
Flow rate:	1.46 mL/min	
UV detection:	220 nm	

#### Sample preparation

A total of 3.3 g dried peppermint was extracted with a 20 mL 80:20 methanol/water mixture for six hours at room temperature. The supernatant was filtered with an Acrodisc Syringe Filter with GHP Membrane, 25 mm, 0.45 µm.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186005289</a>
XSelect CSH Phenyl-Hexyl, 5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186005399</a>
XSelect CSH Fluoro-Phenyl, 5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186005344</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005588EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Peptides

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

Systems:	ACQUITY Arc with 2489 UV/Visible detector and ACQUITY QDa Mass Spectrometer, flow path 1		
	Agilent 1100 Series HPLC with quaternary pump and DAD detector		
Columns:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm		
Mobile phase A:	Water with 0.1% (v/v) TFA		
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile with 0.1% (v/v) TFA		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	Initial	95	5
	5.00	95	5
	45.00	50	50
	47.50	5	95
	52.50	5	95
	52.60	95	5
	60.00	95	5
Flow rate:	0.5 mL/min		

Column temp.:	40 °C
Injection volume:	75 µL
UV detection:	214 nm

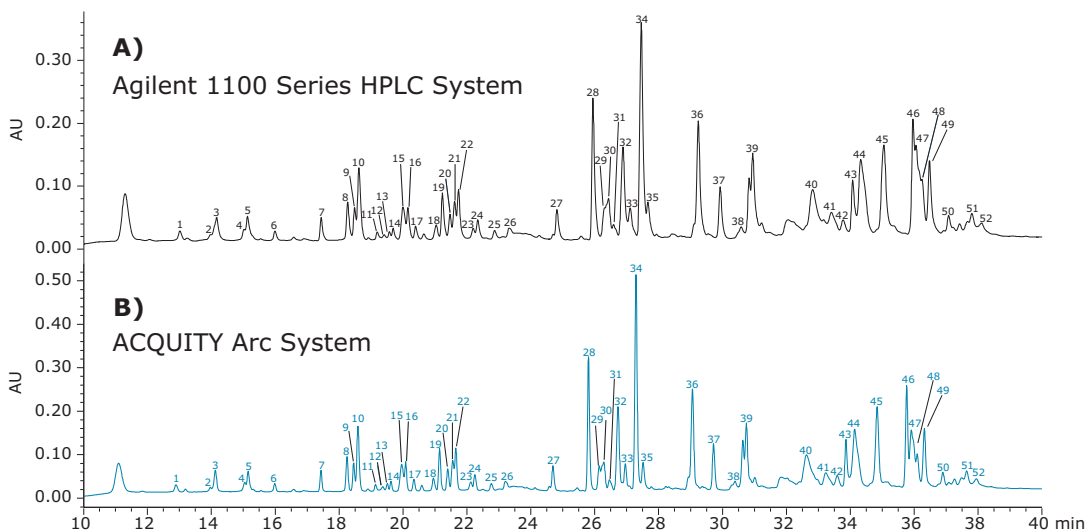
#### Sample preparation

A 90-µL aliquot of infliximab at 10 mg/mL was reduced with dithiothreitol and alkylated with iodoacetamide. Samples were then digested with trypsin at a 1:20 enzyme to substrate ratio and incubated at 37 °C for 18 hours. Neat TFA was added to deactivate the trypsin. Digested samples had an estimated final concentration of 0.4 mg/mL and were injected without any further dilution.

Sample temp.:	4 °C
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### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003033</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005663EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Pesticides (AI 1, Tebuconazole)

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY Arc with 2998 PDA detector and ACQUITY QDa Mass Spectrometer

Column: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>+, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: Water with 0.1% formic acid

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	80	20
	10.00	20	80
	11.00	10	90
	12.00	10	90
	12.10	80	20

Flow rate: 0.80 mL/min

Column temp.: 50 °C

Injection volume: 5 μL

UV detection: 220 nm

Ionization mode: ESI+

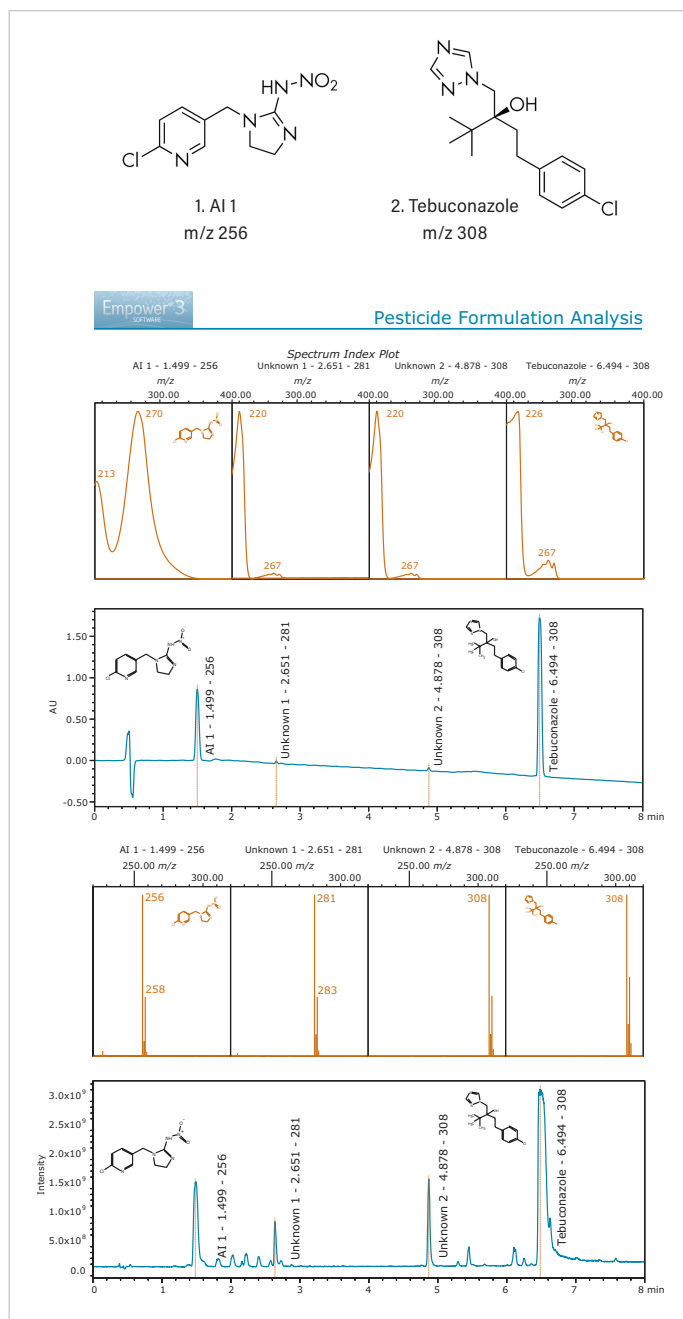
Acquisition mode: Full scan 100-1000 m/z

#### Sample preparation

Add 1 g commercially available pesticide formulation to 9 mL 50:50 (v/v) acetonitrile/water, sonicate for 20 minutes and filter using a 0.2 μm PVDF syringe filter.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> +, 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007402</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60205](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Pharmaceuticals in Environmental Samples

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

Column: XBridge BEH C<sub>18</sub>, 5 µm, 2.1 x 50 mm

#### For ESI- method

Mobile phase A: 5 mM ammonium hydroxide

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0	95	5
	1	95	5
	12	40	60
	13	95	5
	25	95	5

#### For ESI+ method

Mobile phase A: 0.5% formic acid

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0	95	5
	1	95	5
	14	30	70
	15	95	5
	25	95	5

Flow rate: 0.2 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 20 µL

Ionization mode: ESI+ and ESI-

Acquisition mode: MRM

#### Sample preparation

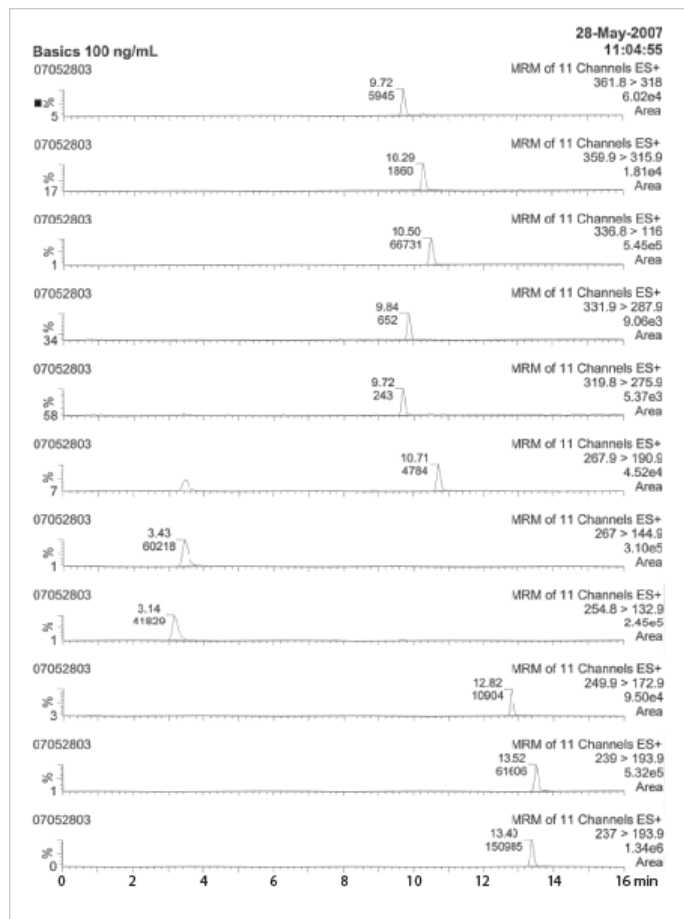
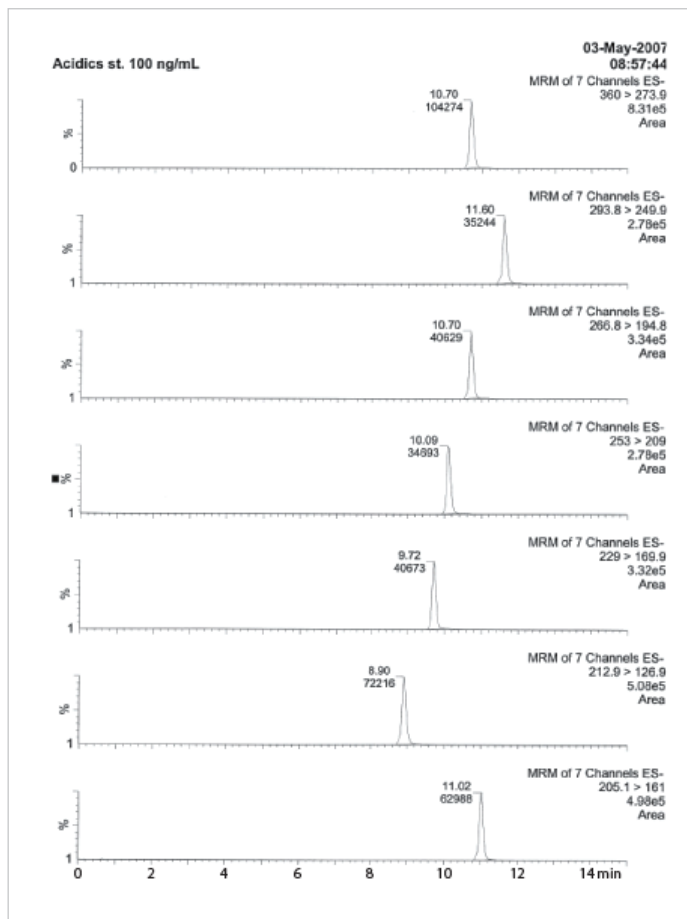
Solid-phase extraction was used to separate the pharmaceuticals from the water component of the sample. The samples were filtered through 0.45 µm filters which were pre-washed with hexane, acetone, methanol, and water. The pH of the samples was adjusted to 2.0 using concentrated HCL. Oasis MCX 3 cc was used as the solid-phase adsorbent. The adsorbent was pre-conditioned with 2 mL of hexane, 2 mL of acetone, 10 mL of methanol, and 10 mL of non-contaminated groundwater (pH adjusted to 2.0). The samples were added to the cartridges at a flow rate of 8 mL/min. The cartridges were dried with nitrogen for 1 hour and the pharmaceuticals eluted using 4 x 1 mL of acetone. The extracts were then evaporated to 100 µL with nitrogen and 100 µL of methanol was added. Evaporation continued until the volume was 50 µL. Four hundred fifty microliters of ammonium hydroxide was added and the extracts stored at -18 °C.

		Retention Time (min)	Ionization (ESI)	Precursor Ion (m/z)	Product Ion (m/z)
Ciprofloxacin	Antibiotic	9.8	Negative	331.9	287.9
Norfloxacin	Antibiotic	9.7	Negative	319.8	275.9
Ofloxacin	Antibiotic	9.7	Negative	361.8	317.9
Carbamazepine	Antiepileptic	13.4	Negative	237.0	193.9
Acebutolol	Beta blocker	10.5	Negative	336.8	116.0
Atenolol	Beta blocker	3.4	Negative	267.0	144.9
Metoprolol	Beta blocker	10.7	Negative	267.9	190.9
Sotalol	Beta blocker	3.1	Negative	254.8	132.9
Clofibrac acid	Drug metabolite	8.9	Negative	212.9	126.9
Enrofloxacin (IS)	IS for the antibiotics	10.3	Negative	359.9	315.9
Dihydrocarbamazepine (IS)	IS for carbamazepine	13.5	Negative	239.0	193.9
Alprenolol (IS)	IS for the beta blockers	12.8	Negative	249.9	172.9
Diclofenac	Anti-inflammatory	11.5	Positive	293.8	249.9
Ibuprofen	Anti-inflammatory	10.8	Positive	205.1	161.0
Ketoprofen	Anti-inflammatory	10.0	Positive	253.0	209.0
Naproxen	Anti-inflammatory	9.5	Positive	229.0	169.9
Bezafibrate	Lipid regulator	10.6	Positive	360.0	273.9
Fenoprop (IS)	IS for the anti-inflammatory, bezafibrate and clofibrac acid	10.5	Positive	266.8	194.8

IS = internal standard

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60205](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Pharmaceuticals in Environmental Samples *continued*



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 2.1 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186003108</a>
Oasis MCX 3 cc 60 mg Cartridge	<a href="#">186000253</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005576EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Polyethylene Glycols (PEGs)

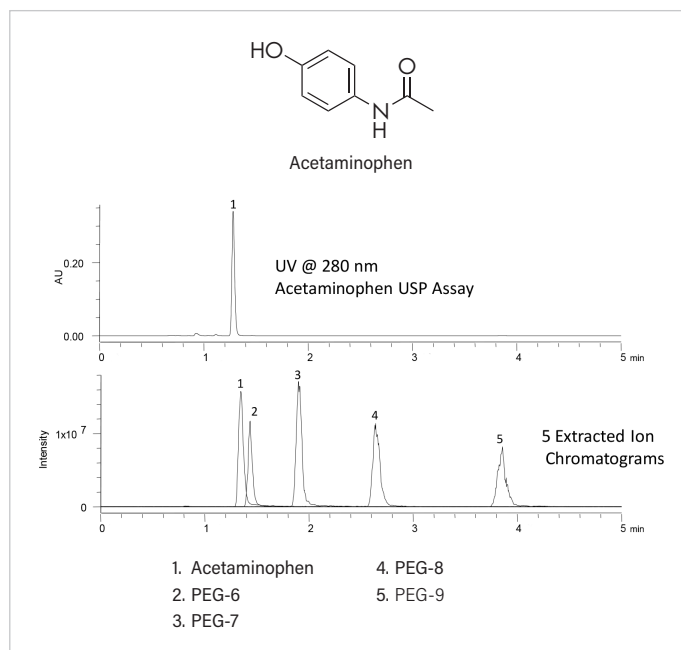
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class with PDA detector and ACQUITY QDa Mass Spectrometer
Column:	CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3 x 100 mm
Mobile phase:	80:20 water/methanol with 1% glacial acetic acid
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.6 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	1 μL
UV detection:	280 nm
Ionization mode:	ESI+
Acquisition mode:	Full scan 50-1000 m/z

#### Sample preparation

Acetaminophen in cough syrup.	
Sample temp.:	Ambient



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>8</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186008361</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64704](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of HILIC Quality Control Reference Material

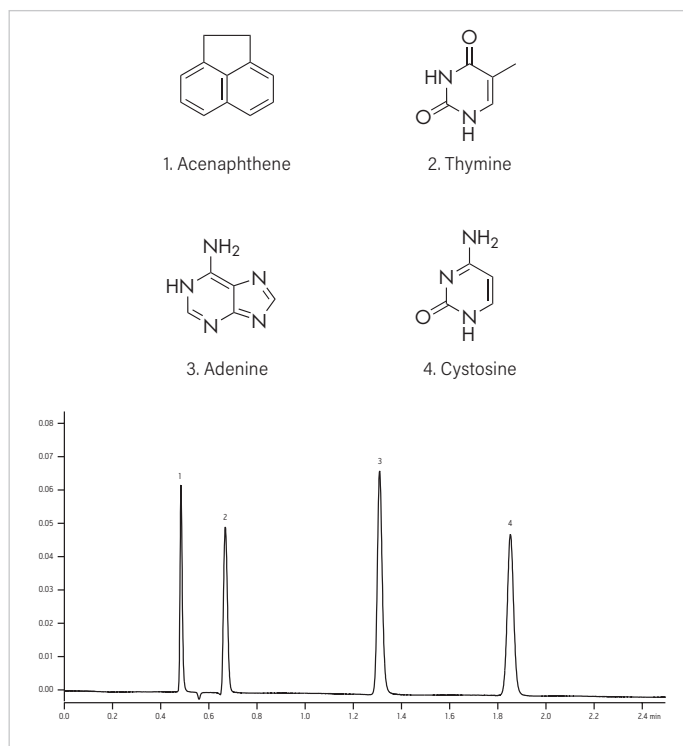
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with PDA detector
Column:	CORTECS HILIC, 2.7 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 100 mm
Mobile phase:	90:10 acetonitrile/100 mM ammonium formate (pH 3.0) (v/v)
Separation:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	2.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	9.6 $\mu$ L

#### Sample preparation

Sample:	HILIC QC Reference Material
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### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS HILIC, 2.7 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007392</a>
HILIC QC Reference Material	<a href="#">186007226</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64705](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of LCMS Quality Control Reference Material

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC with  
ACQUITY TQD Mass Spectrometer

Column: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>, 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in water

Mobile phase B: 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	Curve
	0.00	95	5	-
	9.60	25	75	6
	10.00	25	75	6
	10.10	75	25	6
	12.00	75	25	6

Flow rate: 2.0 mL/min

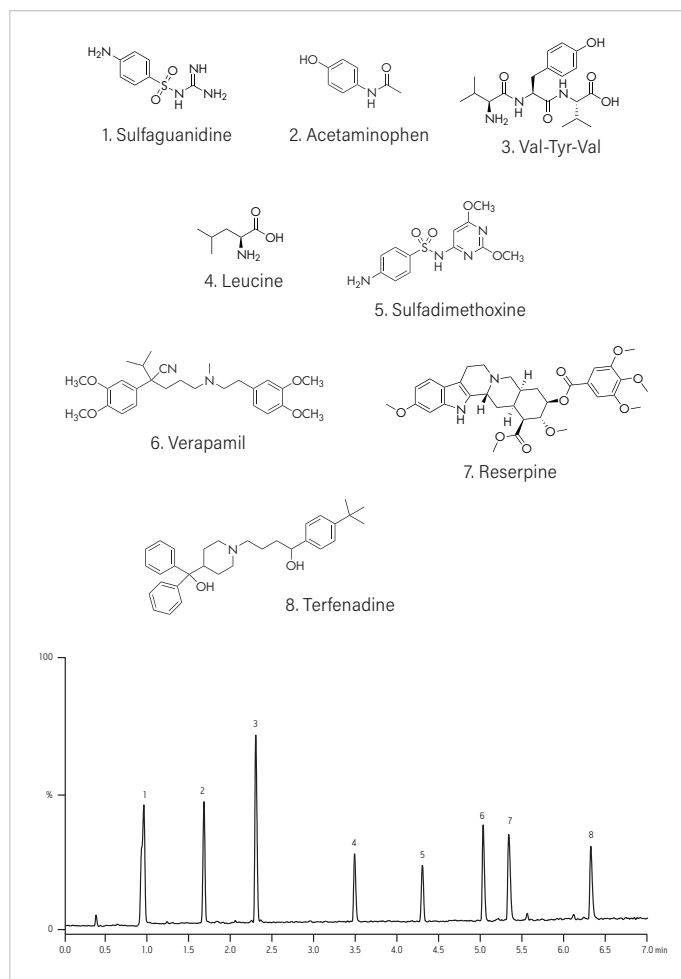
Column temp.: 40 °C

Injection volume: 9.6 μL

Ionization mode: ESI+

#### Sample preparation

Sample: LCMS QC Reference Material



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007377</a>
LCMS QC Reference Material	<a href="#">186006963</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60706](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Reversed-Phase Quality Control Reference Material

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC with PDA detector

 Column: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>+, 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in water

Mobile phase B: 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	Curve
	Initial	95	5	–
	2.70	5	95	6
	3.00	5	95	6
	3.12	95	5	6
	4.00	95	5	6

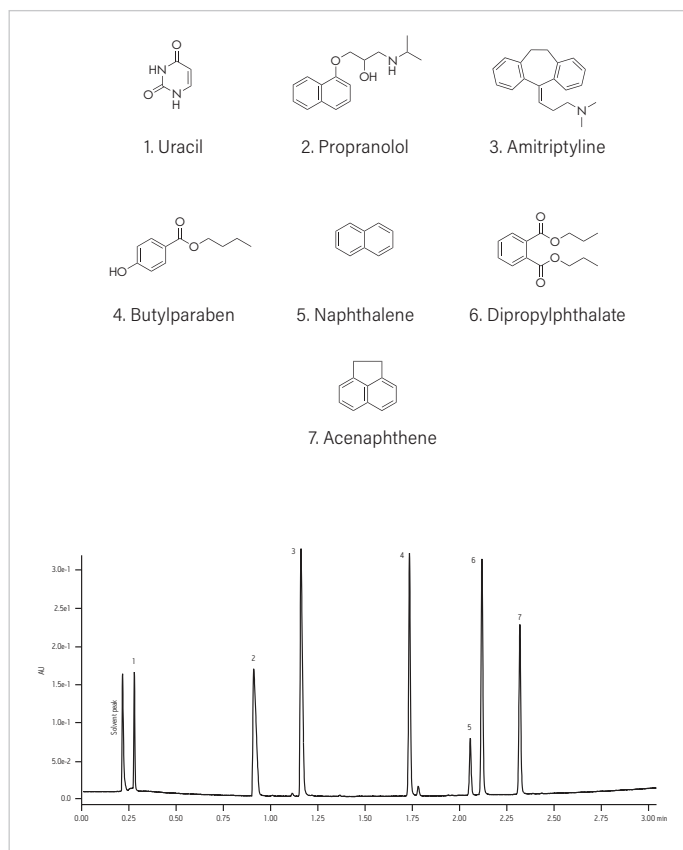
Flow rate: 1.0 mL/min

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 2.0 µL

#### Sample preparation

Sample: Reversed-Phase QC Reference Material



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> +, 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007397</a>
Reversed-Phase QC Reference Material	<a href="#">186006363</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005550EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Sialic Acid by HPLC

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with fluorescence detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm
Mobile phase:	Acetonitrile:methanol:water (9%:7%:84%)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.43 mL/min
Injection volume:	6.7 µL
Column temp.:	30 °C
FLR detection:	Excitation wavelength = 373 nm; Emission wavelength = 448 nm

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003033</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

#### Sample preparation

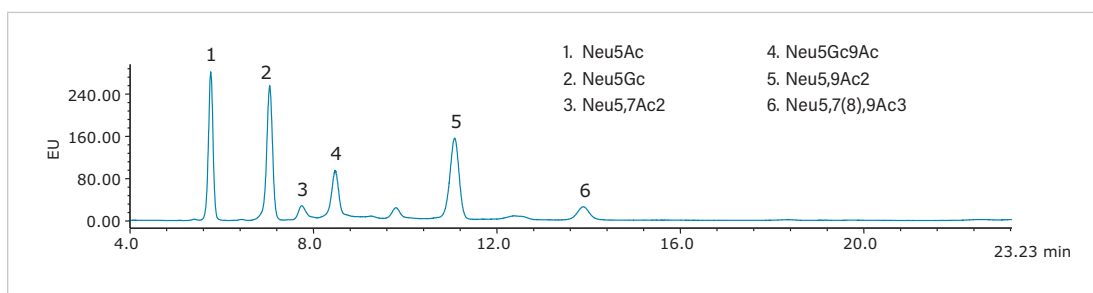
Preparation of 1,2-Diamino-4,5-methylenedioxybenzene dihydrochloride (DMB) labeling solution:

- Into a 2-mL glass vial, 436 µL of water and 38 µL of glacial acetic acid were mixed.
- 26 µL of 2-mercaptoethanol was added to the 2-mL vial and mixed.
- 440 µL of the above solution was added to a separate 2-mL glass vial containing 4 mg of sodium hydrosulfite and mixed.
- This solution was added to a 2-mL glass vial containing 0.7 mg of DMB and mixed.
- Due to the light and moisture sensitivity this DMB-labeling solution was used immediately after preparation.

DMB Labeling of Sialic Acid Reference Panel:

- 20 µL of the DMB-labeling solution was added to the vial containing the purchased sialic acid reference panel.
- The sample was incubated in the dark using a heater block set to 50 °C.
- After three hours, the reaction was stopped by adding 480 µL of water to the reaction mixture.
- This DMB-labeled sample was injected onto the ACQUITY UPLC System with injection volumes scaled appropriately for column configurations.

Sample temp.: 4 °C



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005550EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Sialic Acid by UHPLC

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with fluorescence detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 3.0 x 75 mm
Mobile phase:	Acetonitrile:methanol:water (9%:7%:84%)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.26 mL/min
Injection volume:	2.0 µL
Column temp.:	30 °C
FLR detection:	Excitation wavelength = 373 nm; Emission wavelength = 448 nm

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 3.0 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186006034</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

### Sample preparation

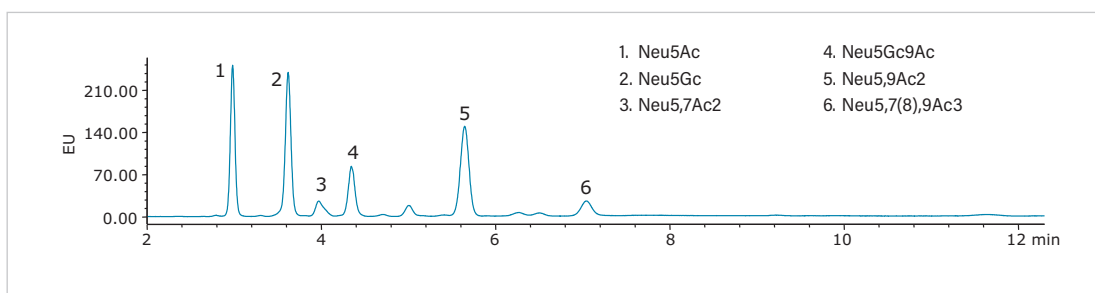
Preparation of 1,2-Diamino-4,5-methylenedioxybenzene dihydrochloride (DMB) labeling solution:

- Into a 2-mL glass vial, 436 µL of water and 38 µL of glacial acetic acid and were mixed.
- 26 µL of 2-mercaptoethanol was added to the 2-mL vial and mixed.
- 440 µL of the above solution was added to a separate 2-mL glass vial containing 4 mg of sodium hydrosulfite and mixed.
- This solution was added to a 2-mL glass vial containing to 0.7 mg of DMB and mixed.
- Due to the light and moisture sensitivity this DMB-labeling solution was used immediately after preparation.

DMB Labeling of Sialic Acid Reference Panel:

- 20 µL of the DMB-labeling solution was added to the vial containing the purchased sialic acid reference panel.
- The sample was incubated in the dark using a heater block set to 50 °C.
- After three hours, the reaction was stopped by adding 480 µL of water to the reaction mixture.
- This DMB-labeled sample was injected onto the ACQUITY UPLC System with injection volumes scaled appropriately for column configurations.

Sample temp.: 4 °C



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720001901EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Simvastatin

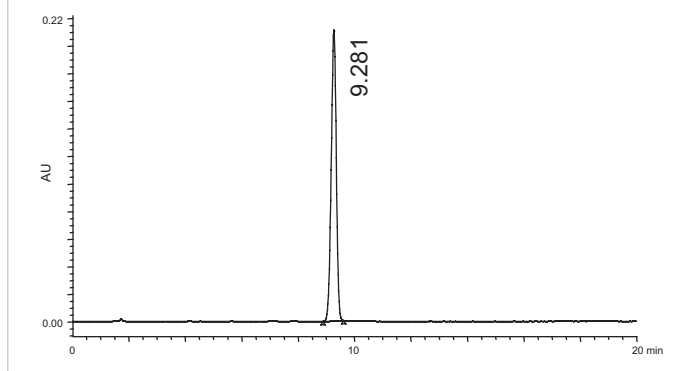
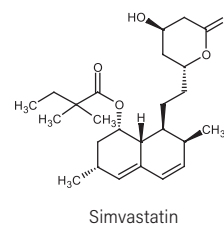
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	65% acetonitrile/35% phosphate buffer, pH 4.5
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	45 °C
Injection volume:	10 µL
UV detection:	238 nm

#### Sample preparation

A standard solution of simvastatin was prepared according to the USP methodology, and then was diluted to 100 µg/mL.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186003117</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004589EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Soft Drink

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

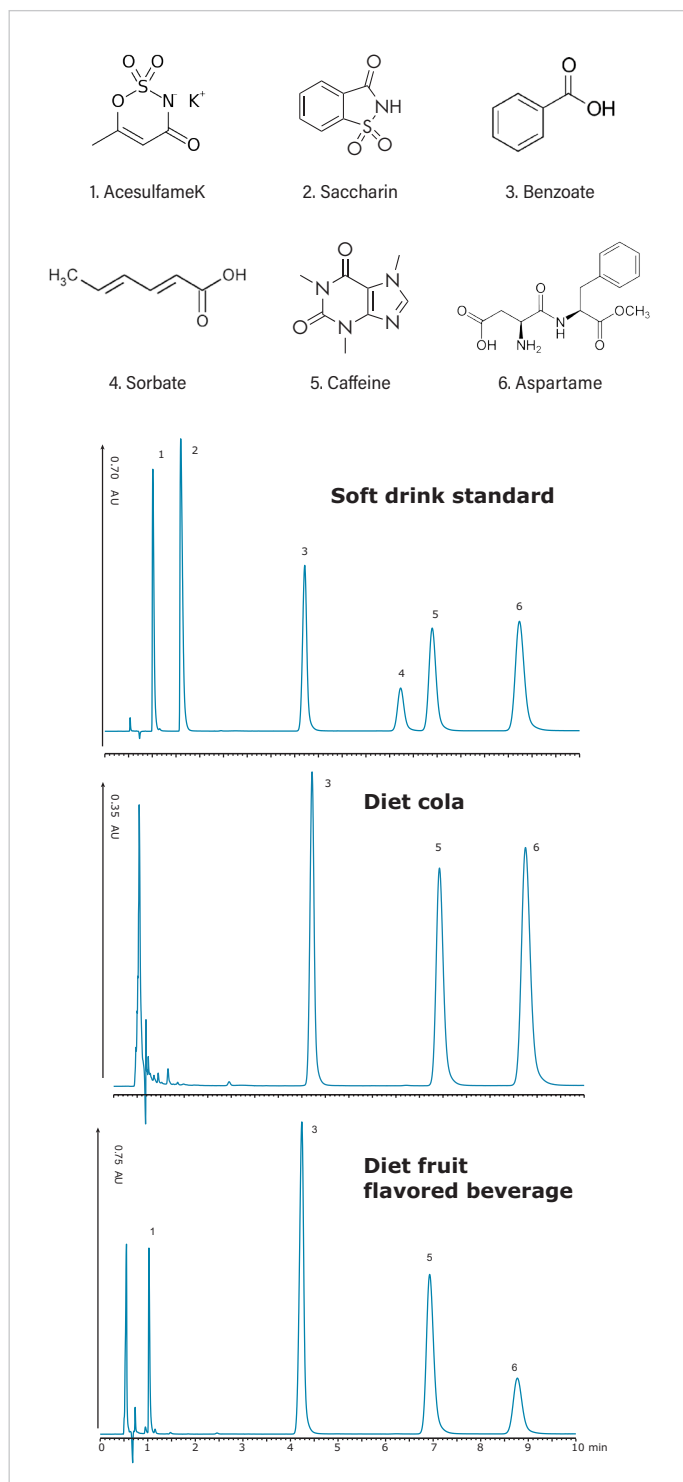
System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class
Column:	XBridge BEH Phenyl <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 50 mm
Mobile phase:	Waters Beverage Analysis Mobile-Phase Reagent
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	35 °C
Injection volume:	5 µL
UV detection:	214 nm

#### Sample preparation

One bottle of Waters Beverage Analysis Standards was poured into one bottle of Waters Beverage Analysis Standards Solid. The bottle containing this mixture was capped tightly, and shaken vigorously until the aspartame was completely dissolved.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186006073</a>
LCGC Certified Clear Glass Recovery Vial	<a href="#">186003270</a>
Waters Beverage Analysis Kit	<a href="#">176002534</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004253EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Soy Isoflavones in Foods and Dietary Supplements by HPLC

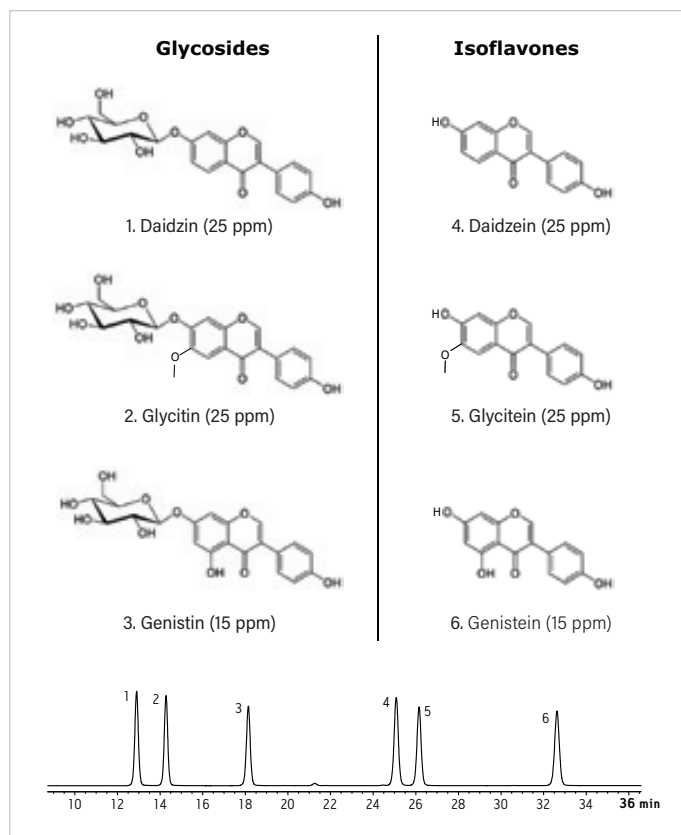
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class with ACQUITY SQD detector and 2998 PDA detector		
Column:	XSelect HSS Cyano, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	90	10
	3.00	90	10
	33.00	70	30
	36.00	70	30
	36.10	90	10
	51.10	90	10
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	43 µL		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		

#### Sample preparation

Standard solution: Prepared from daidzin (25 ppm), glycitin (25 ppm), genistin (15 ppm), daidzein (25 ppm), glycitein (25 ppm), and genistein (15 ppm) using 10/90 acetonitrile/water diluent.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect HSS Cyano, 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186005945</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004253EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Soy Isoflavones in Foods and Dietary Supplements by UHPLC

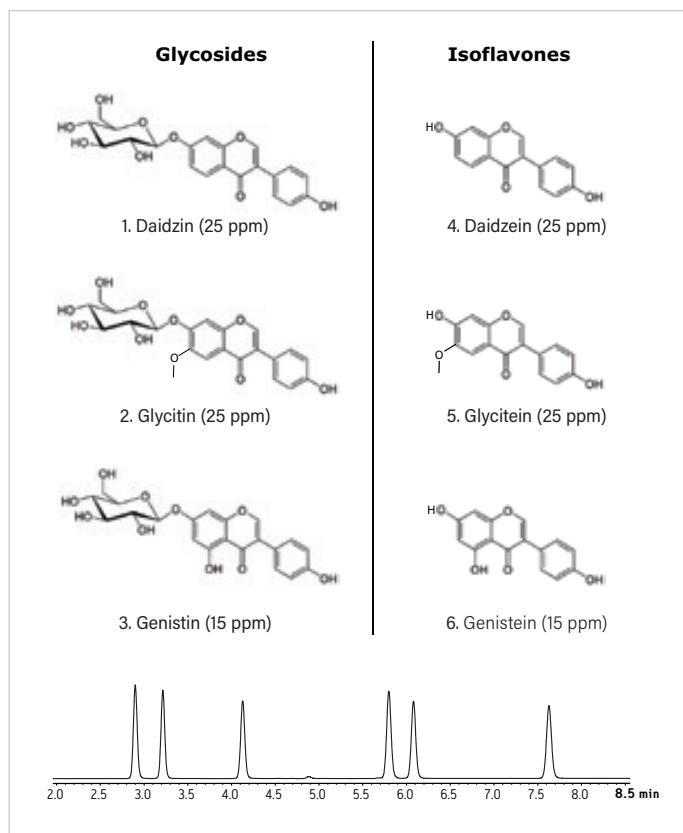
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC H-Class with ACQUITY SQD detector and 2998 PDA detector		
Column:	XSelect HSS Cyano, 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 75 mm		
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	90	10
	0.75	90	10
	8.25	70	30
	9.00	70	30
	9.03	90	10
	12.78	90	10
Flow rate:	2.0 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	22 µL		
Ionization mode:	ESI+		

#### Sample preparation

Standard solution: Prepared from daidzin (25 ppm), glycitin (25 ppm), genistin (15 ppm), daidzein (25 ppm), glycitein (25 ppm), and genistein (15 ppm) using 10/90 acetonitrile/water diluent.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect HSS Cyano <i>XP</i> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 75 mm Column	<a href="#">186006194</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE13](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Statins

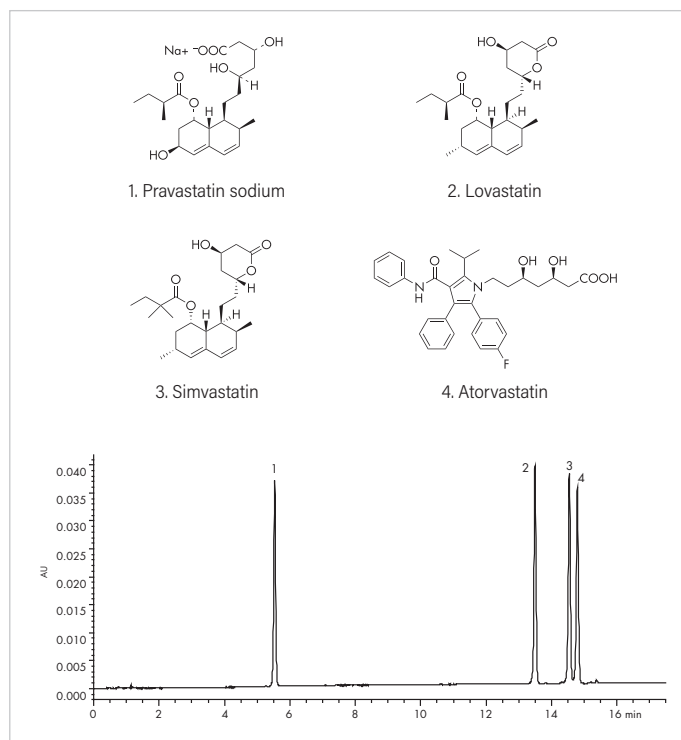
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector			
Column:	XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm 4.6 x 100 mm			
Mobile phase A:	Water			
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile			
Mobile phase C:	100 mM ammonium bicarbonate			
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>	<u>%C</u>
	0.00	65	15	20
	20.00	30	50	20
	21.00	65	15	20
	25.00	65	15	20
Flow rate:	1.2 mL /min			
Column temp.:	25 °C			
Injection volume:	20 µL			
UV detection:	248 nm			

#### Sample preparation

Sample:	Atorvastatin (10 µg/mL), Simvastatin (10 µg/mL), Lovastatin (10 µg/mL), Pravastatin sodium (10 µg/mL) in H <sub>2</sub> O/NH <sub>4</sub> HCO <sub>3</sub> (90/10)
Sample temp.:	15 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186003334</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64103](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Stevia Related Compounds by ELSD

### EXPERIMENTAL

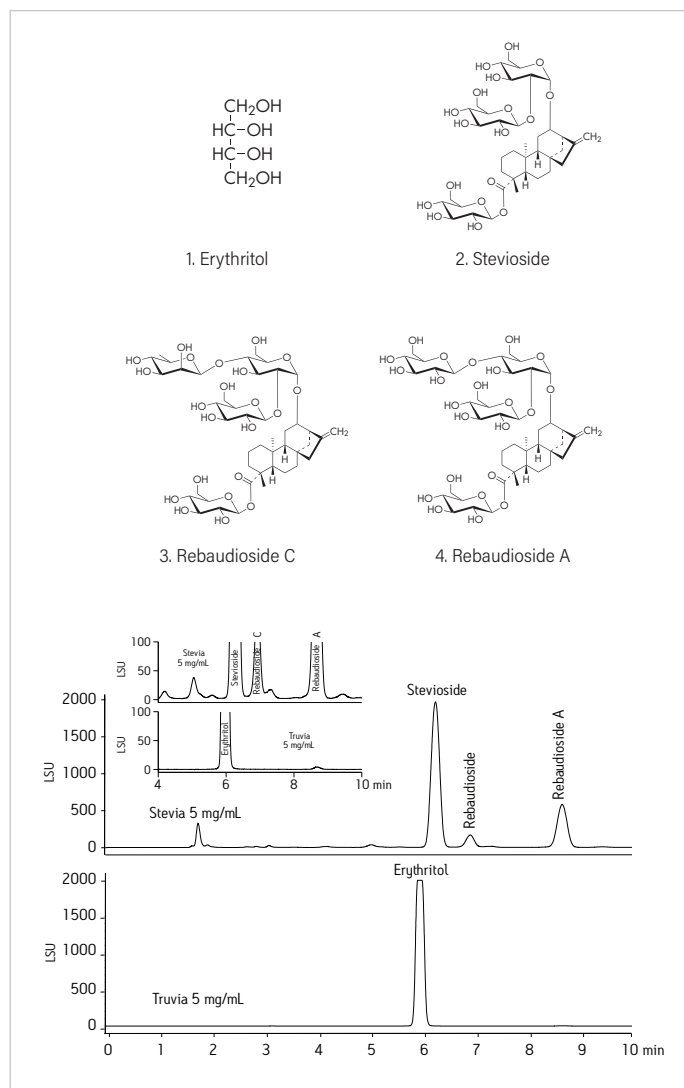
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2424 ELSD
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase A:	80/20 acetonitrile/water with 0.2% triethylamine
Mobile phase B:	30/70 acetonitrile/water with 0.2% triethylamine
Isocratic conditions:	95% A/5% B (77.5% acetonitrile with 0.2% triethylamine)
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	35 °C
Injection volume:	10.0 µL
ELSD pressure:	30 psi
Drift tube temp.:	50 °C

#### Sample preparation

Add 25 mL of 50:50 acetonitrile/water to ~3 g sample, homogenize, centrifuge at 3200 rpm for 30 minutes, collect supernatant and filter using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 5 mg/mL each



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64106](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Stevia Related Compounds by MS

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY UPLC with 30-cm column cooler/heater and Xevo TQD Mass Spectrometer
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase A:	80/20 acetonitrile/water with 0.1 % ammonium hydroxide
Mobile phase B:	30/70 acetonitrile/water with 0.1 % ammonium hydroxide
Isocratic conditions:	95% A/5% B
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	35 °C
Injection volume:	15.0 $\mu$ L
Ionization mode:	ESI-
Acquisition mode:	SIR (m/z): 121.1 (erythritol); 803.8 (stevioside); 950.1 (rebaudioside C); 966.1 (rebaudioside A)

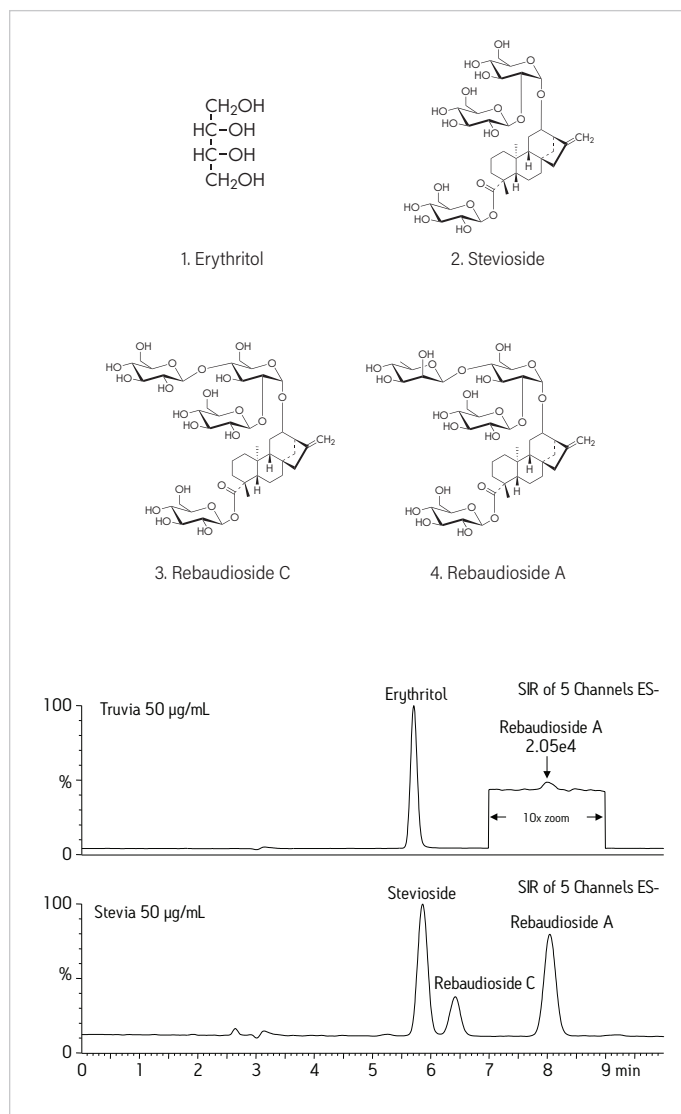
#### Sample preparation

Add 25 mL of 50:50 acetonitrile/water to ~3 g sample, homogenize, centrifuge at 3200 rpm for 30 minutes, collect supernatant and filter using 0.45  $\mu$ m PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 50  $\mu$ g/mL each

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 $\mu$ m, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">600000668CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005669EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Sucralose

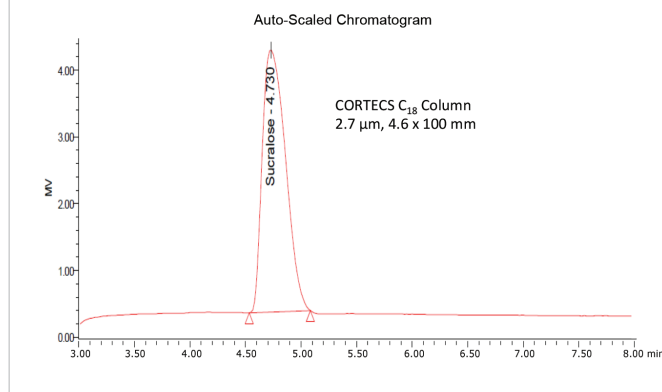
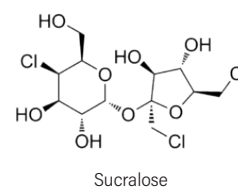
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2414 Refractive Index (RI) detector
Column:	CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 100 mm
Mobile phase:	80:20 water/methanol
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	50 μL
Refractive Index (RI)	
Detector temp.:	30 °C

#### Sample preparation

Sucralose reference standard 100 μg/mL.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007377</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA60708](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Sudan Dyes

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC H-Class with Xevo TQD Mass Spectrometer

Column: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>, 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: Water + 0.1% formic acid

Mobile phase B: Methanol + 0.1% formic acid

Mobile phase C: Acetonitrile + 0.1% formic acid

Gradient:

Time	%A	%B	%C	Curve
Initial	80	10	10	-
0.5	40	30	30	6
5.0	0	50	50	6
9.0	0	50	50	6
9.1	80	10	10	6
12.0	80	10	10	6

Flow rate: 0.4 mL/min

Column temp.: 45 °C

Injection volume: 5 µL

Ionization mode: ESI+

Acquisition mode: MRM

#### Sample preparation

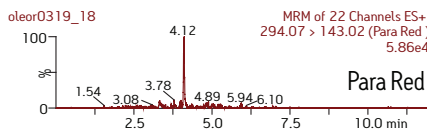
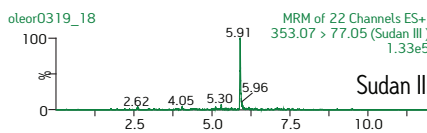
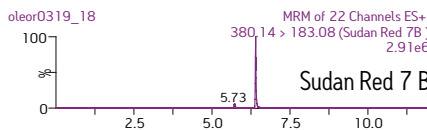
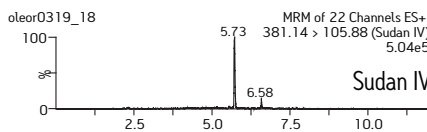
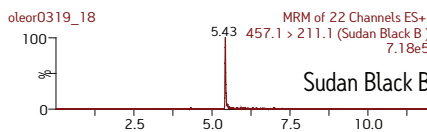
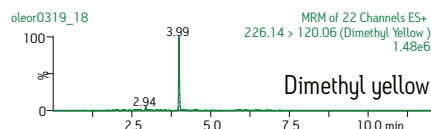
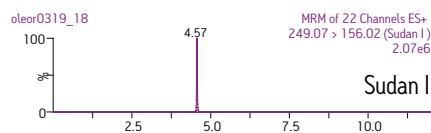
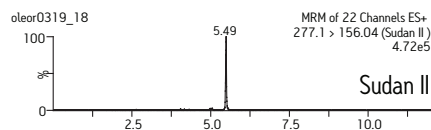
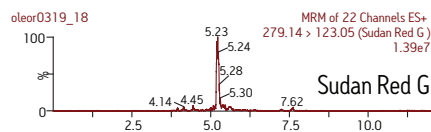
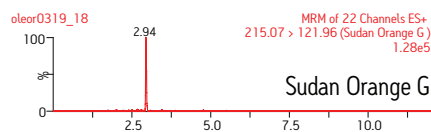
Sample: Sudan Dyes in Oleoresin

Oleoresin prepared using Certified Sep-Pak Silica 3 cc Vac Cartridge, 500 mg sorbent per cartridge, 55-105 µm particle size.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 µm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007367</a>
Certified Sep-Pak Silica 3 cc Vac Cartridge	<a href="#">186004615</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

100ppb Spiked Sudan Dyes in Oleoresin



1. Sudan orange G
2. Sudan black B
3. Sudan red G
4. Sudan IV
5. Sudan II
6. Sudan red 7 B
7. Sudan I
8. Sudan III
9. Dimethyl yellow
10. Para red

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64698](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Synthetic Cannabinoids

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: ACQUITY UPLC I-Class System (SM-FL),  
Column Manager (CMA) with Xevo TQD  
Mass Spectrometer

Column: CORTECS C<sub>18</sub>, 2.7 μm, 2.1 x 100 mm

Mobile phase A: 0.1% formic acid in water

Mobile phase B: 0.1% formic acid in acetonitrile

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B	Curve
	Initial	70	30	-
	3.0	50	50	6
	4.5	50	50	6
	10.5	10	90	6
	13.0	10	90	6
	13.1	70	30	11
	15.0	70	30	11

Column temp.: 30 °C

Injection volume: 5 μL

Ionization mode: ESI+

Acquisition mode: MRM

#### Sample preparation

Sample: Synthetic cannabinoid mix

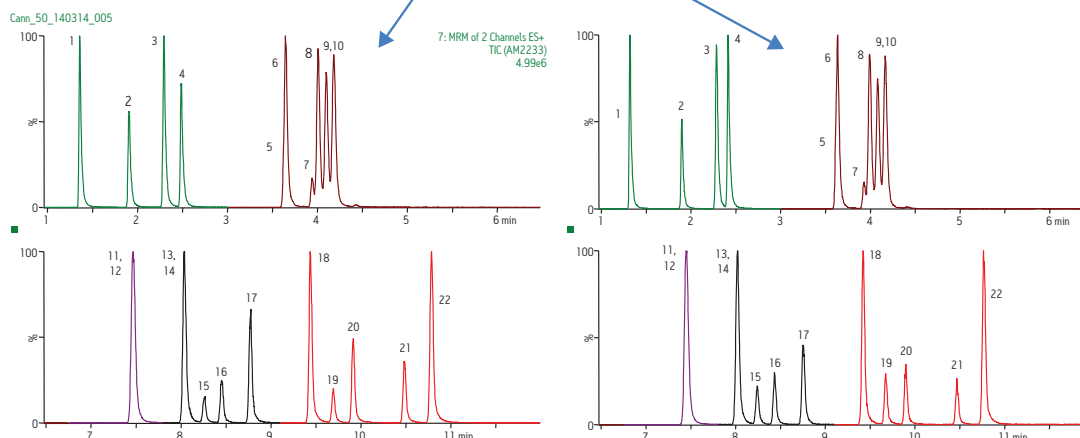
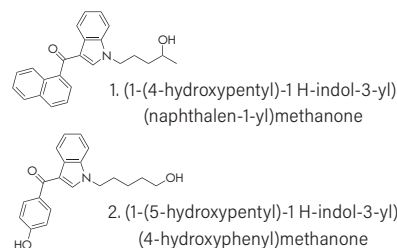
Challenge Sample: Prepared plasma using Ostro  
Sample Preparation Plate

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 2.1 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186007367</a>
Ostro Sample Preparation Plate	<a href="#">186005518</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

#### Synthetic Cannabinoids

Peak	Compound	Retention Time	
		Initial Injection	Injection 1000
2	RCS-4, M10	1.91	1.90
10	JWH-018, 4-OH met.	4.18	4.18
21	AB 001	10.49	10.48
	Pressure	3753	3749



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004582EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Tetracyclines in Milk

### EXPERIMENTAL

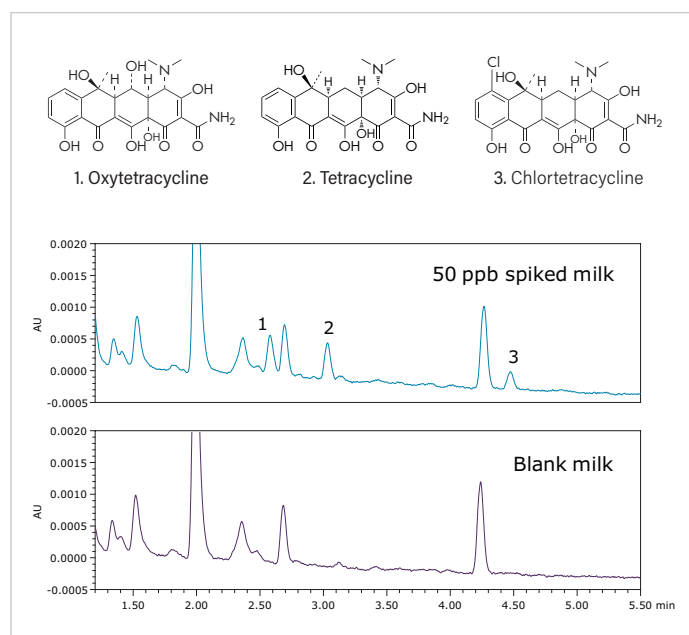
#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance e2690/5 with 2998 PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> <i>XP</i> , 2.5 μm, 100 x 4.6 mm		
Mobile phase A:	10 mM oxalic acid in water		
Mobile phase B:	10 mM oxalic acid in acetonitrile		
Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	85	15
	8.00	50	50
	11.25	50	50
	11.60	85	15
	12.85	85	15
Flow rate:	1.20 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	35 μL		
UV detection:	355 nm		

#### Sample preparation

##### Sample and Buffer Preparation

- EDTA/McIlvaine Buffer: In a 1-L volumetric flask, dissolve 28.41 g anhydrous dibasic sodium phosphate in approximately 900 mL water, dilute to volume, and mix. In a separate 1-L volumetric flask, dissolve 21.01 g citric acid monohydrate in approximately 900 mL water, dilute to volume, and mix. Combine 1-L citric acid solution with 625 mL of phosphate solution. Add 60.5 g disodium EDTA, and mix well until dissolved. Prepare fresh weekly.
- Initial Extraction/Precipitation: Transfer 1.5 mL of milk to a 15-mL centrifuge tube. Add 6 mL of EDTA/McIlvaine buffer, and vortex for 30 seconds. Centrifuge at 4000 rpm for 5 minutes. Collect the supernatant, and adjust to pH 10 with 0.75 mL 1 M NaOH.
- SPE Cleanup: SPE cleanup is performed using an Oasis MAX Cartridge (1 cc, 30 mg). Condition the cartridge with 2 mL of methanol, followed by 2 mL of water. Set flow rate to approximately 1 mL/min. Load pH adjusted supernatant obtained from the initial extraction. Wash with 0.5 mL of 5% ammonium hydroxide, and then with 0.5 mL of methanol. Elute with 0.5 mL 45:55 acetonitrile/75 mM aqueous oxalic acid. Dilute to 1.5 mL with reagent water prior to LC analysis.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> <i>XP</i> , 2.5 μm, 100 x 4.6 mm Column	<a href="#">186006039</a>
Oasis MAX 1 cc Vac Cartridge	<a href="#">186000366</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64114](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Thiourea

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector

Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

Mobile phase: 95/2.5/2.5 acetonitrile/isopropyl  
alcohol/water with 10 mM ammonium  
acetate, pH 9.0

Separation mode: Isocratic

Flow rate: 0.5 mL/min

Column temp.: 25 °C

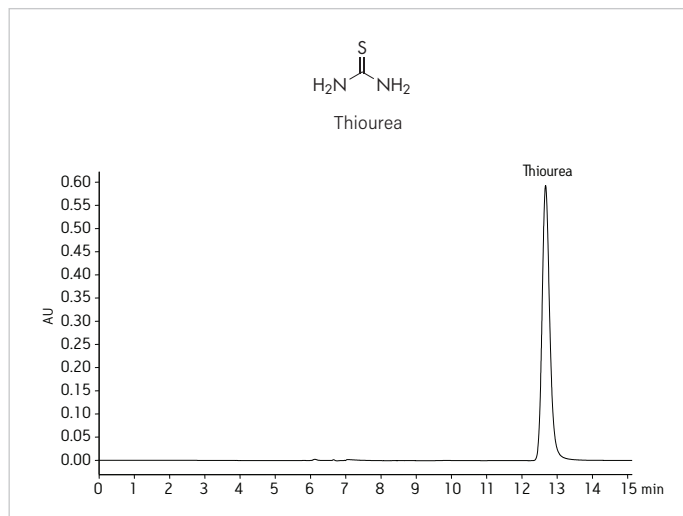
Injection volume: 40.0 µL

UV detection: 245 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 10 µg/mL



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004554EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Tioconazole and Related Compounds

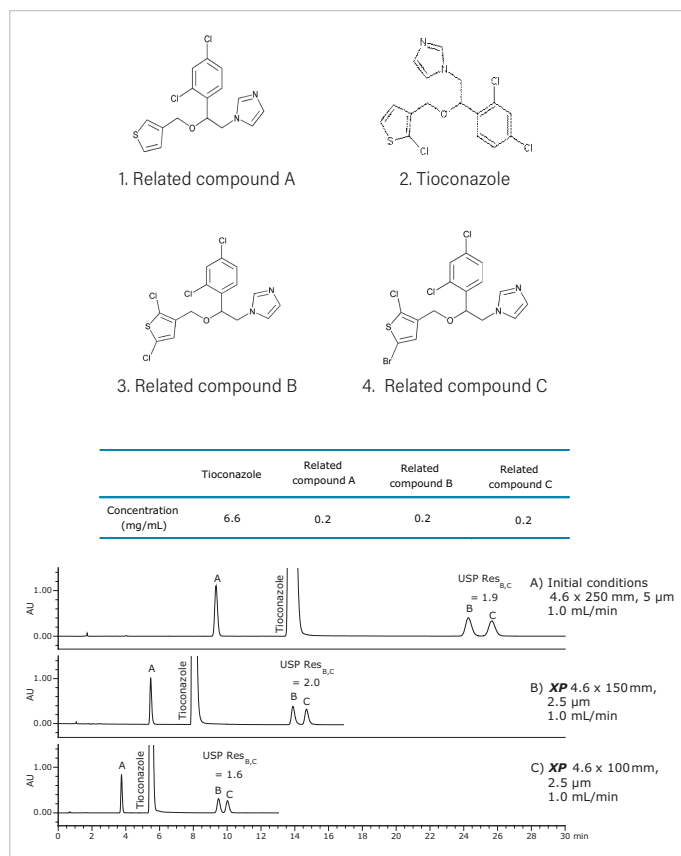
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm; XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm; XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm
Mobile phase:	44:40:28 acetonitrile/methanol/water with 2 mL ammonium hydroxide
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	25 µL (250-mm column), 12 µL (150-mm column), 8 µL (100-mm column)
UV detection:	219 nm

#### Sample preparation

The tioconazole sample was prepared in 100% methanol to the concentrations described in the table.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186005291</a>
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186006729</a>
XSelect CSH C <sub>18</sub> <b>XP</b> , 2.5 µm, 4.6 x 100 mm Column	<a href="#">186006111</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004643EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Topiramate

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

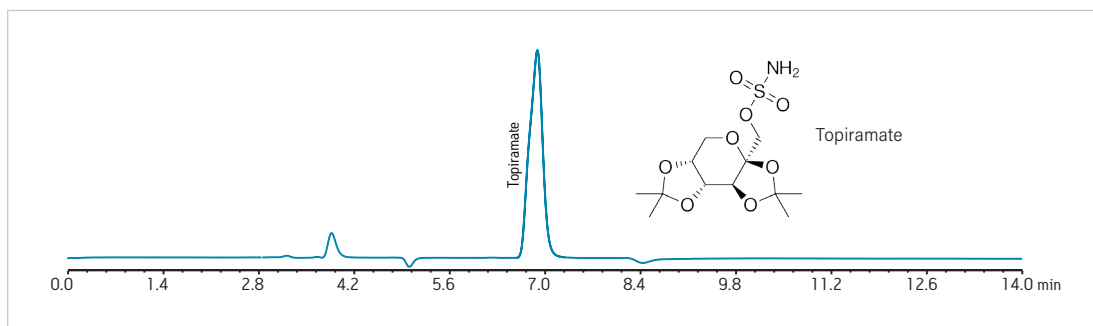
System:	Alliance HPLC with 2414 RI detector
Column:	XSelect HSS C <sub>18</sub> , 5.0 μm, 4.6 x 250 mm
Mobile phase:	1:1 (v/v) acetonitrile/water
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow	0.6 mL/min
Colum temp.:	50 °C
Injection volume:	20 μL

#### Sample preparation

The standard solution used in this study was prepared according to the assay method defined in the USP Monograph for Topiramate Drug Substance.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XSelect HSS C <sub>18</sub> , 5.0 μm, 4.6 x 250 mm Columns	<a href="#">186004775</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE12](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Tricyclic Antidepressants

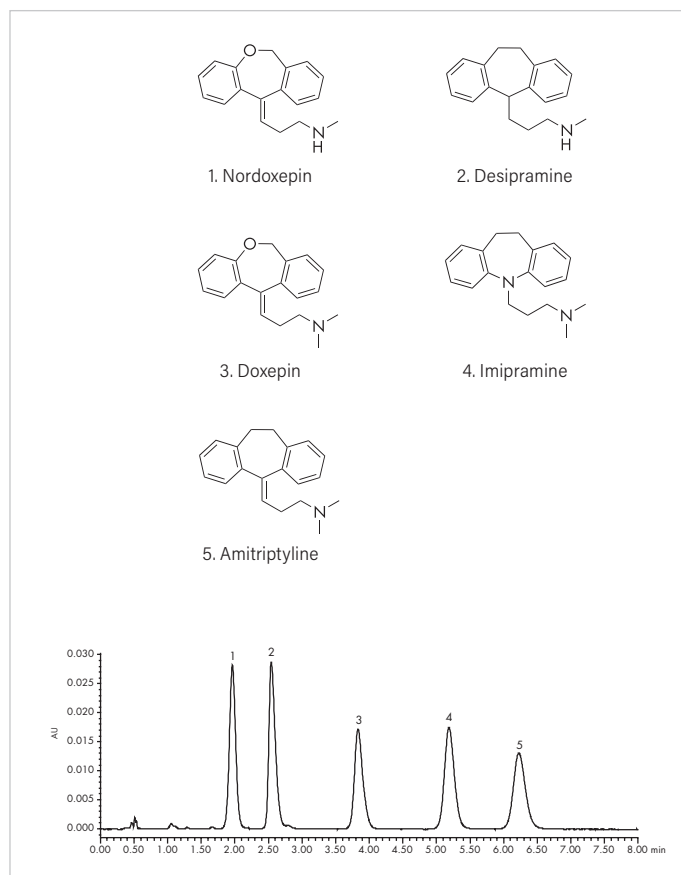
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 50 mm
Mobile phase A:	Water
Mobile phase B:	Acetonitrile
Mobile phase C:	100 mM ammonium bicarbonate
Isocratic conditions:	48% A; 42% B; 10% C
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	10 $\mu$ L
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample:	Nordoxepin (10 $\mu$ g/mL), Desipramine (10 $\mu$ g/mL), Doxepin (10 $\mu$ g/mL), Imipramine (10 $\mu$ g/mL), Amitriptyline (10 $\mu$ g/mL) in H <sub>2</sub> O/ACN (50/50)
Sample temp.:	15 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Phenyl, 3.5 $\mu$ m, 4.6 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186003332</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE4](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Tricyclic Antidepressants at pH 7.0

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

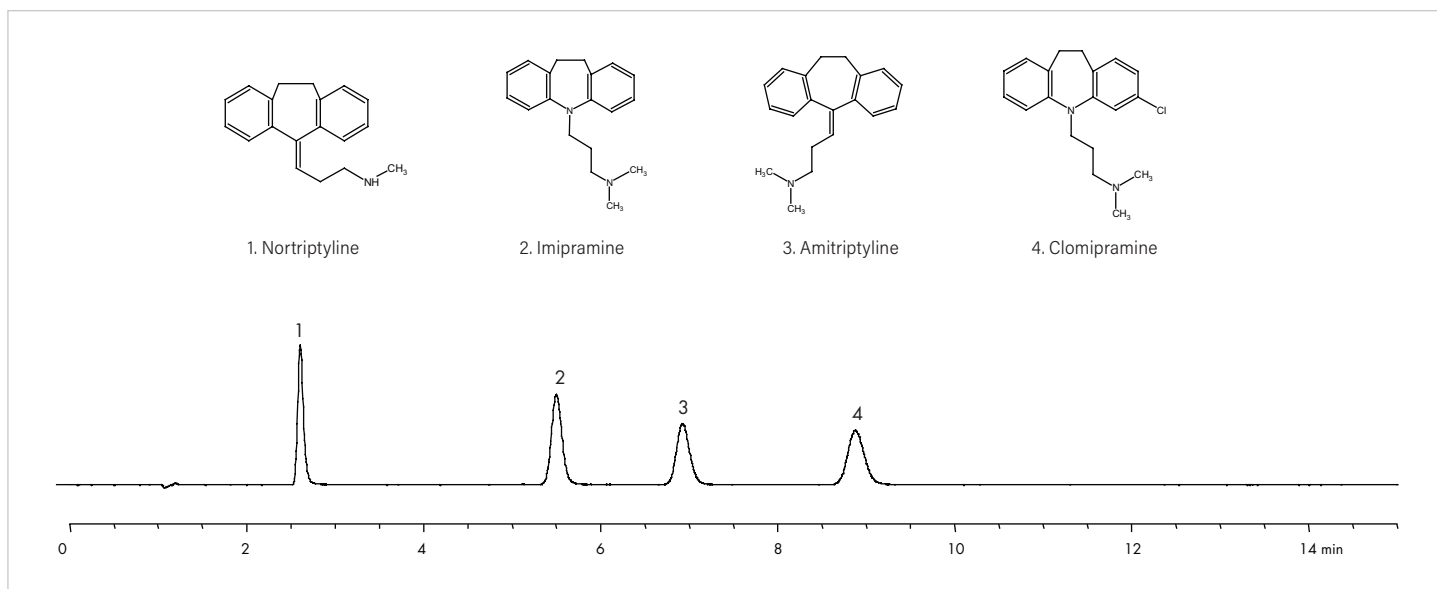
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	20 mM sodium phosphate buffer, pH 7.0/ acetonitrile/methanol (30/35/35)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	10 μL
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 20 μg/mL in water

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [XBRIDGE3](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Tricyclic Antidepressants at pH 10.5

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

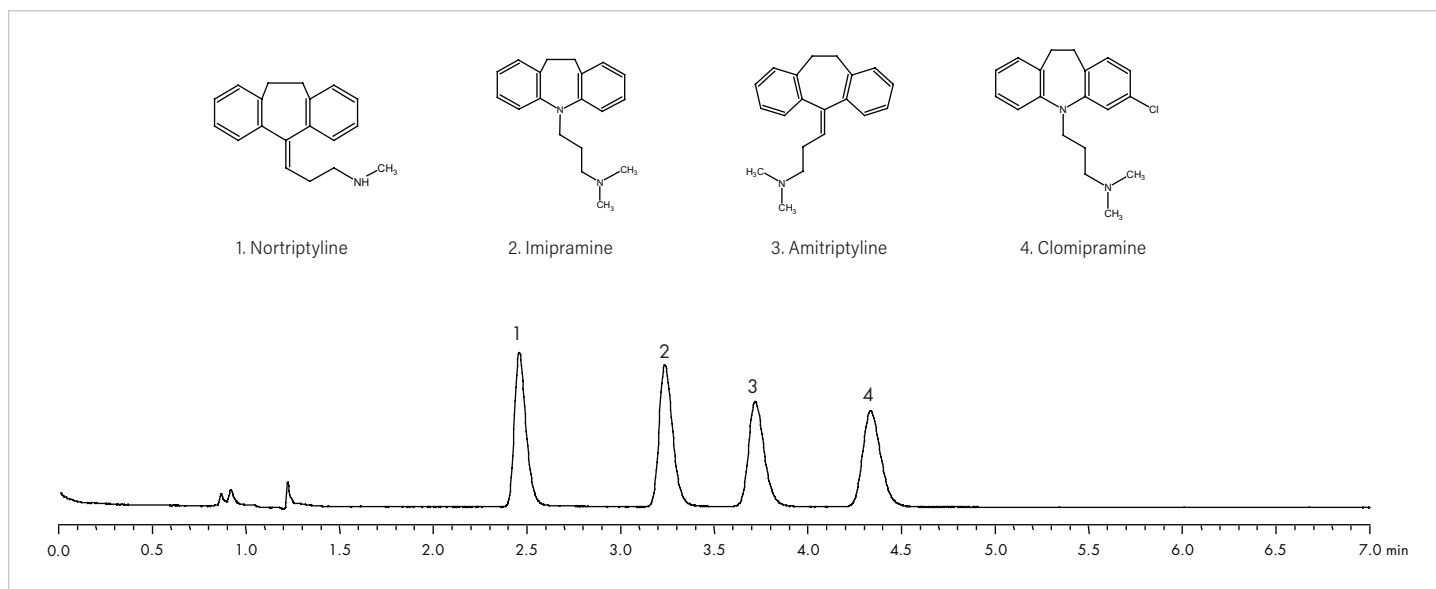
System:	Alliance 2695 with 2996 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	10 mM ammonium bicarbonate buffer, pH 10.5/acetonitrile (25:75)
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	25 °C
Injection volume:	10 μL
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample concentration: 20 μg/mL in water

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003116</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005567EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of UPC<sup>2</sup> Gradient Standard by HPLC

### EXPERIMENTAL

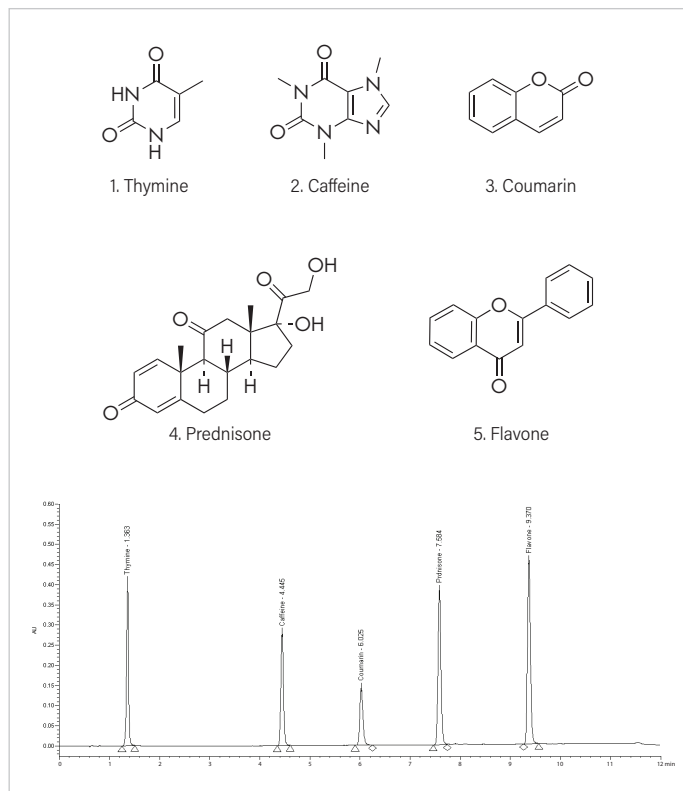
#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY Arc with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 50 mm
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in methanol
Gradient:	5 to 80% B over 9 min
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	5.0 µL
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Combine 100 µL of the UPC<sup>2</sup> Gradient Standard with 900 µL of the 50/50 water/methanol solution.

Sample temp.: 10 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>18</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186003113</a>
UPC <sup>2</sup> Gradient Standard	<a href="#">186006551</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005567EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of UPC<sup>2</sup> Gradient Standard by UHPLC

### EXPERIMENTAL

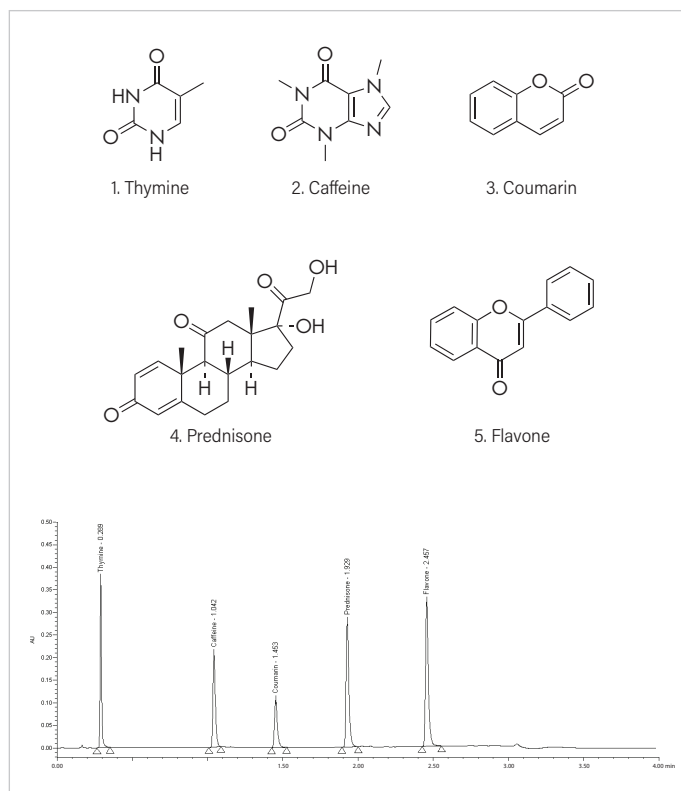
#### LC conditions

System:	ACQUITY Arc with 2998 PDA detector
Column:	CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3 x 50 mm
Mobile phase A:	0.1% formic acid in water
Mobile phase B:	0.1% formic acid in methanol
Gradient:	5 to 80% B over 2.5 min
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	2.1 μL
UV detection:	254 nm

#### Sample preparation

Combine 100 μL of the UPC<sup>2</sup> Gradient Standard with 900 μL of the 50/50 water/methanol solution.

Sample temp.: 10 °C



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 3.0 x 50 mm Column	<a href="#">186007370</a>
UPC <sup>2</sup> Gradient Standard	<a href="#">186006551</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64117](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Uric Acids

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System: Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector

 Column: XBridge BEH Amide,  
3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm

 Mobile phase A: 50/50 acetonitrile/water with  
10 mM ammonium acetate, pH 5.0

 Mobile phase B: 90/10 acetonitrile/water with  
10 mM ammonium acetate, pH 5.0

Gradient:	Time	%A	%B
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	50.00	50	50.0
	50.10	0.1	99.9
	60.00	0.1	99.9

Flow rate: 1.2 mL/min

Column temp.: 25 °C

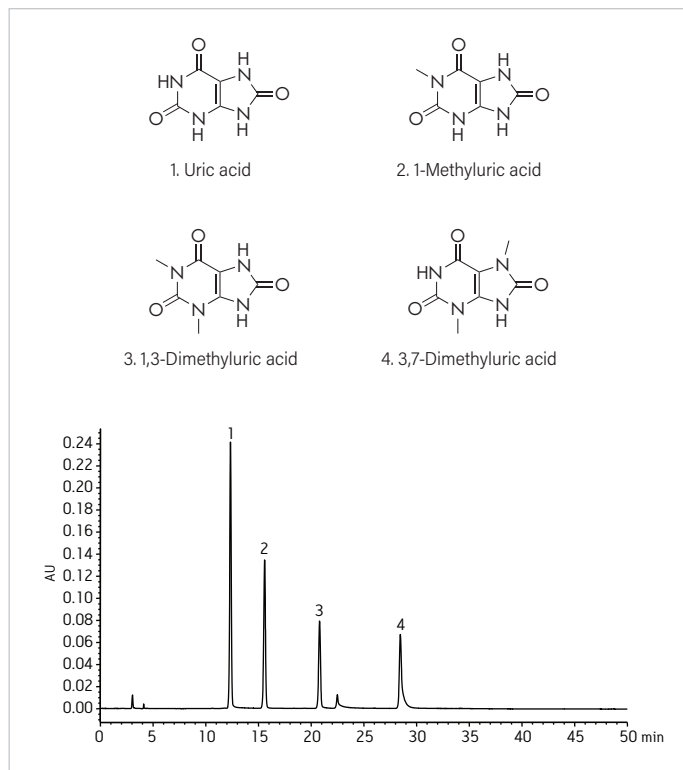
Injection volume: 60.0 µL

UV detection: 285 nm

#### Sample preparation

Sample was diluted with 50:50 acetonitrile/water and filtered using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.

Sample concentration: 10 µg/mL



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>

For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [WA64120](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Water-Soluble Vitamins

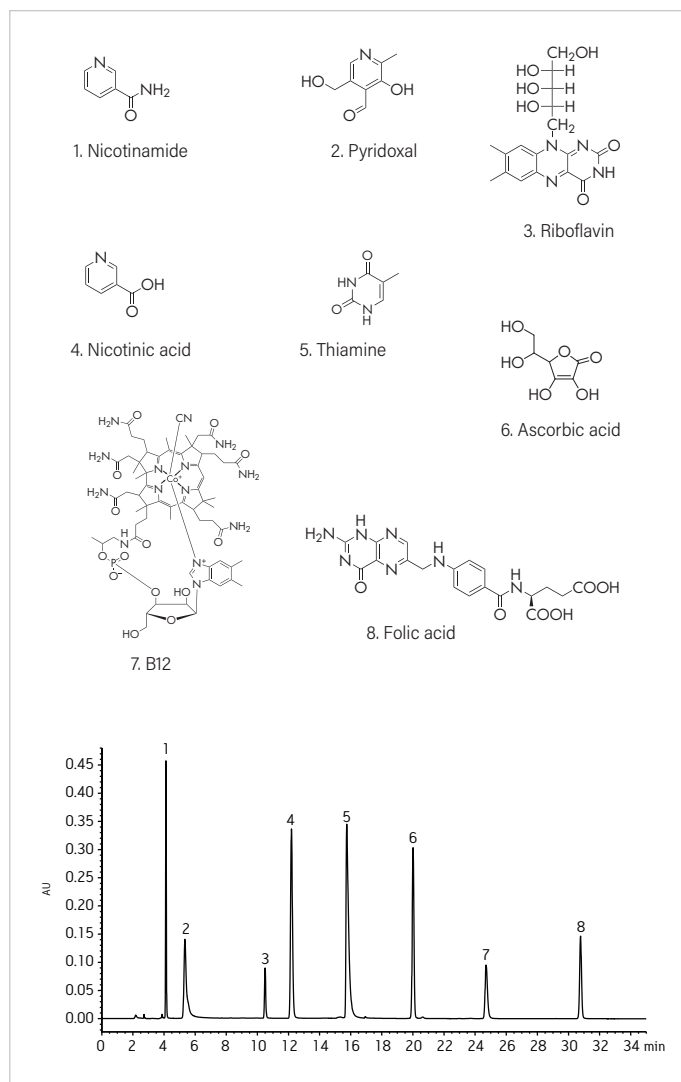
### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance HPLC with 2998 PDA detector		
Column:	XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm		
Mobile phase A:	50/50 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate, pH 9.0		
Mobile phase B:	90/10 acetonitrile/water with 10 mM ammonium acetate, pH 9.0		
Gradient:	<u>Time</u>	<u>%A</u>	<u>%B</u>
	0.00	0.1	99.9
	35.00	70	30.0
	35.10	0.1	99.9
	45.00	0.1	99.9
Flow rate:	1.2 mL/min		
Column temp.:	30 °C		
Injection volume:	60.0 µL		
UV detection:	265 nm		

#### Sample preparation

Add 25 mL of 50:50 acetonitrile/water to ~3 g sample, homogenize, centrifuge at 3200 rpm for 30 minutes, collect supernatant and filter using 0.45 µm PVDF syringe filter.



### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH Amide, 3.5 µm, 4.6 x 250 mm Column	<a href="#">186004870</a>
Acrodisc, Syringe Filter, PVDF, 13 mm, 0.45 µm, 100/pk	<a href="#">WAT200512</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Vial	<a href="#">600000751CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720005157EN](#) at waters.com

## Analysis of Zidovudine

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

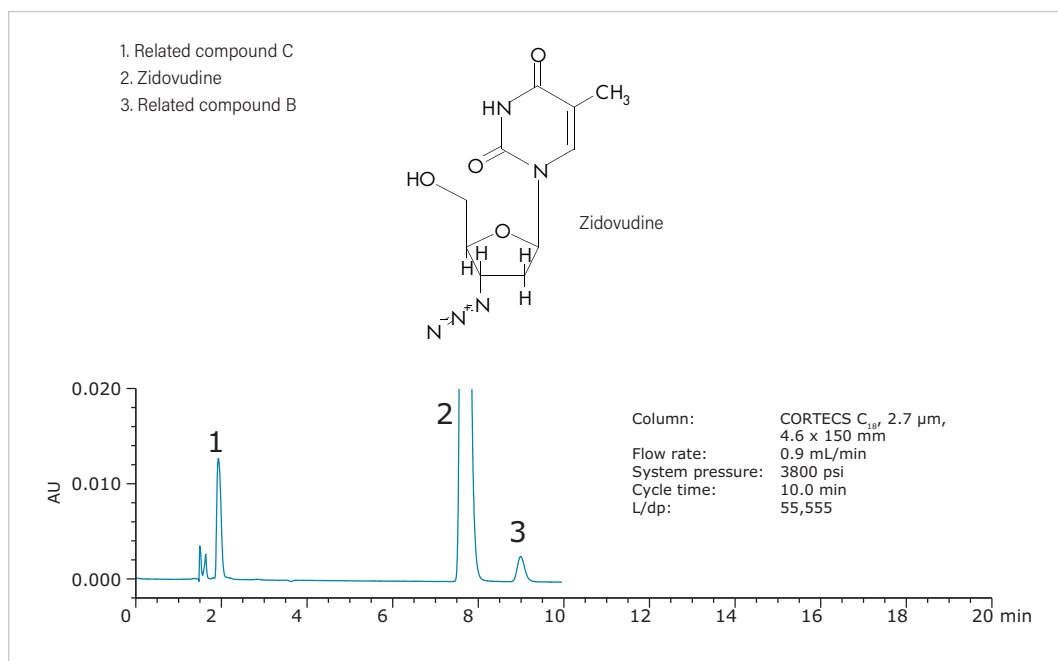
System:	Alliance HPLC
Column:	CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	80:20 water:methanol
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	0.9 mL/min
Column temp.:	30 °C
Injection volume:	6.0 μL
UV detection:	265 nm

#### Sample preparation

Zidovudine and its related compounds B and C reference standards were purchased from the USP. A sample containing 1.0 mg/mL zidovudine, 1.0 μg/mL related compound B, and 2.0 μg/mL related compound C was created in methanol and placed into a Waters LCMS Certified Max Recovery Vial injection.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
CORTECS C <sub>18</sub> , 2.7 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186007378</a>
Neutrals QC Reference Material	<a href="#">186006360</a>
Waters LCMS Certified Max Recovery Vial	<a href="#">600000749CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004079EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Ziprasidone HCl

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

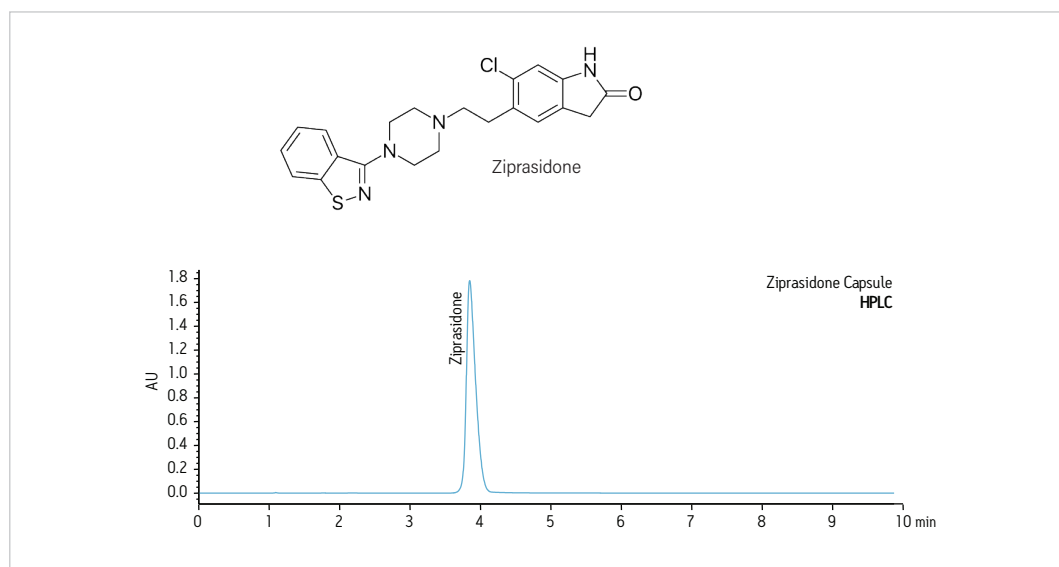
System:	Alliance 2695
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	60:40 buffer:methanol
Buffer:	25 mM potassium phosphate, monobasic in water, pH 3.0 with potassium hydroxide
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	40 °C
Injection volume:	20 µL
UV detection:	229 nm

#### Sample preparation

Ziprasidone capsules, contents made up to 0.23 mg/mL in diluent (60:40 methanol:water). Ziprasidone standard, made up to 0.23 mg/mL in diluent. Samples were filtered through a 0.2 µm PTFE membrane prior to analysis.

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003017</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004697EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Ziprasidone HCl - Early-Eluting Impurities

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2489 UV/Visible detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	2:3 methanol/buffer
Buffer:	50 mM potassium phosphate monobasic, pH 3.0 adjusted with phosphoric acid
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.5 mL/min
Column temp.:	40 °C
Injection volume:	20 µL
UV detection:	229 nm

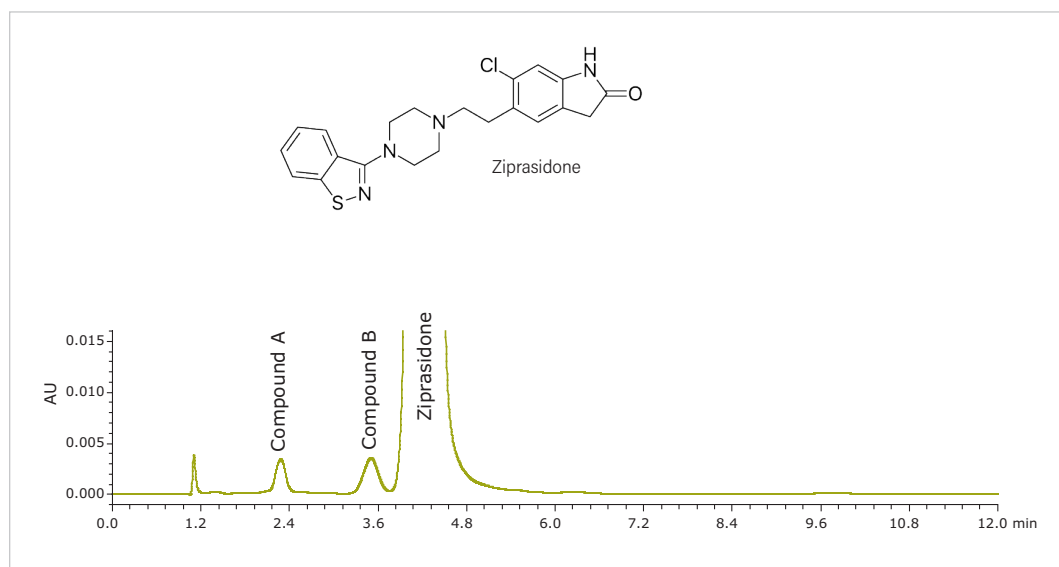
#### Sample preparation

All solutions were prepared in methanol/water/concentrated HCl at a composition of 20:5:0.01 to comply with the impurities methods defined in the USP Monograph for Ziprasidone HCl.

Sample temp.: 10 °C

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 µm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003017</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



For complete experimental details, refer to full application note [720004697EN](#) at [waters.com](#)

## Analysis of Ziprasidone HCl - Late-Eluting Impurities

### EXPERIMENTAL

#### LC conditions

System:	Alliance 2695 with 2489 UV/Visible detector
Column:	XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm
Mobile phase:	11:1:8 acetonitrile/methanol/buffer
Buffer:	50 mM potassium phosphate monobasic, pH 6.0 adjusted with 5N potassium hydroxide
Separation mode:	Isocratic
Flow rate:	1.0 mL/min
Column temp.:	35 °C
Injection volume:	20 μL
UV detection:	229 nm

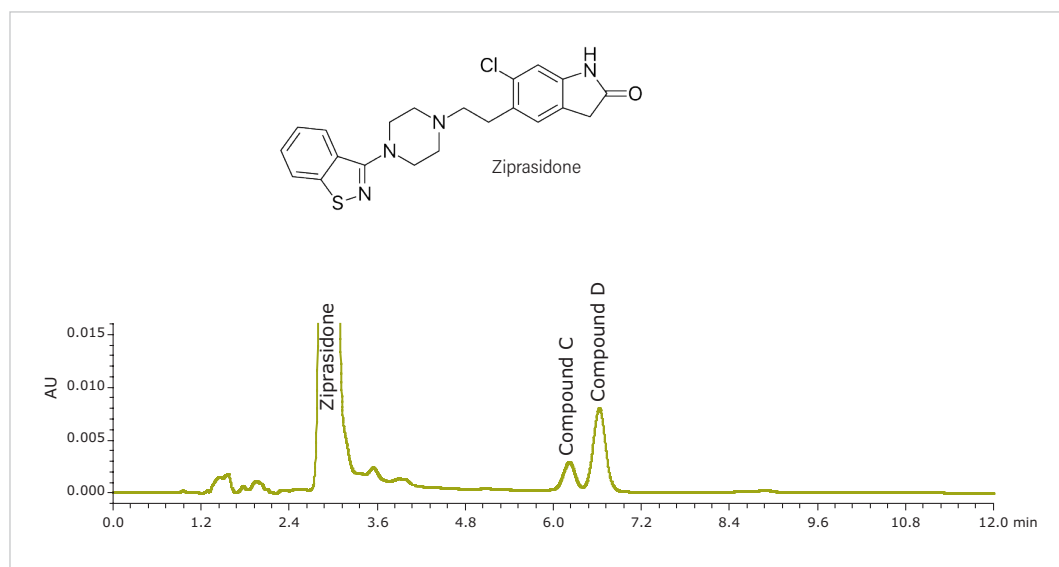
#### Sample preparation

All solutions were prepared in methanol/water/concentrated HCl at a composition of 20:5:0.01 to comply with the impurities methods defined in the USP Monograph for Ziprasidone HCl.

Sample temp.: 10 °C

### ORDERING INFORMATION

Description	P/N
XBridge BEH C <sub>8</sub> , 5 μm, 4.6 x 150 mm Column	<a href="#">186003017</a>
TruView LCMS Certified Vial w/ Preslit Septa	<a href="#">186005666CV</a>



# Compound Index

1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene.....	104
1,3-Dimethyluric acid .....	147
1,3-Dimethyluric Acid.....	35
1,3-Dinitrobenzene .....	104
1-(4-hydroxypentyl)-1 H-indol-3-yl).....	137
1-(5-hydroxypentyl)-1 H-indol-3-yl).....	137
1,7-Dimethyluric acid .....	35
1,7-Dimethylxanthine .....	35
1-Methyluric acid .....	147
1-Methylxanthine .....	35
1R,4R Trans abacavir .....	13
2,4,5-Trihydroxybutyrophenone .....	81, 82
2-5 Dimethylbenzaldehyde .....	71
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxymethylphenol.....	81, 82
2-Methylimidazole .....	87
2-(methyl)propyl methylphosphonic acid (MMPA).....	113, 114
3,7-Dimethyluric acid .....	147
4-Methylimidazole .....	87
5-Fluorocytosine .....	43
5-Fluorouracil.....	53
5-HIAA.....	39
5-HT .....	95
5-Methoxy-2-benzimidazole-2-thiol .....	110
6,7-Dihydroxybergomottin .....	72
6',7'-Epoxybergamottin .....	72
6-Acetylmorphine.....	14, 97, 98, 99
6-AM .....	115, 116
7-Geranyloxycoumarin .....	72
$\alpha$ -OH Midazolam .....	49

## A

AB 001 .....	137
Abacavir .....	13
Abacavir glutarate.....	12
Abamectin.....	25, 26
Acebutolol .....	120
Acenaphthene.....	123, 125
AcesulfameK.....	129
Acetaldehyde.....	36, 71
Acetaldehyde-DNPH.....	46
Acetaminophen.....	122, 124
Acetone .....	71
Acetone-DNPH .....	46
Acetylcholine.....	102
Acid red 26.....	19

Acrolein.....	71
Acrylamide.....	15
Adenine .....	106, 123
Aflatoxins B1.....	16, 17
Aflatoxins B2.....	16, 17
Aflatoxins G1 .....	16, 17
Aflatoxins G2.....	16, 17
Al 1.....	119
Allantoin .....	18
Alprazolam.....	115, 116
Alprenolol (IS) .....	120
Amitriptyline.....	29, 27, 29, 30, 49, 125, 142, 143, 144
Amoxicillin.....	20
Amphetamine.....	115, 116
Apigenin glucoside.....	52
Arabinose .....	94
Ascorbic acid.....	23, 24, 148
Aserine.....	77
Aspartame.....	129
Atenolol .....	31, 120
Atorvastatin .....	132

## B

B12.....	148
Basic red 9 .....	19
Basic violet 14.....	19
Benzaldehyde.....	71
Benzamide .....	112
Benzilic acid .....	101
Benzoate.....	129
Benzoic acid.....	91, 92
Benzoic acid.....	91, 92
Berberine 336.1.....	76
Bergamottin .....	72
Bezafibrate.....	120
Bromazepam.....	50
Budesonide .....	32
Buprenorphine.....	33, 115, 116
Buprenorphine glucuronide.....	33
Bupropion.....	49
Butanal.....	36, 71
Butylated hydroxyanisole.....	81, 82
Butylparaben .....	125
BZE .....	115, 116

**C**

Caffeine .....	34, 35, 37, 129, 145, 146
Canadine.....	76
Carbadox .....	21, 22
Carbamazepine .....	120
Carnosine .....	77
Catechin.....	37
Catechin gallate .....	37
Cefaclor .....	41
Cefadroxile.....	41
Cellobiose.....	40
Cephalexin .....	41
Cephradine.....	41
Cetylpyridinium chloride .....	100
Chlortetracycline .....	138
Choline.....	102
Cimetidine.....	28
Ciprofloxacin.....	120
Clarithromycin.....	42
Clenbuterol.....	28
Clofibric acid.....	120
Cloidogrel COOH .....	49
Clomipramine.....	143, 144
Clonazepam .....	50, 115, 116
Clopidogrel .....	49
Clozapine.....	49
Codeine .....	115, 116
Coumarin .....	145, 146
Creatine .....	77
Creatinine.....	77
Crotonaldehyde.....	36, 71
Crotonaldehyde-DNPH.....	46
Cyclohexanone.....	36
Cyclohexanone-DNPH.....	46
Cyclohexyl methylphosphonic acid (CMPA) .....	101, 113, 114
Cystosine.....	123
Cytosine .....	43, 106

**D**

DA.....	95
dADP.....	107
Daidzein.....	130, 131
Daidzin .....	130, 131
dAMP.....	107
dCMP.....	107
Decanal.....	36
Dehydroacetic acid .....	54
Descyclopropyl abacavir.....	12, 13
Desipramine.....	142
dGMP.....	107
DHT.....	49
Diazepam.....	115, 116
Diclofenac .....	105, 120
Diethyl phthalate.....	93
Dihydro berberine 338.1.....	76
Dihydrocarbamazepine.....	120
Dihydrocodeine .....	115, 116
Diltiazem .....	27
Dimethyl yellow .....	136
Dipropylphthalate .....	125
Direct red 28 .....	19
Disperse blue 1 .....	45
Disperse blue 3.....	19, 45
Disperse blue 7.....	19
Disperse blue 35.....	19, 45
Disperse blue 102.....	19
Disperse blue 106.....	19, 45
Disperse blue 124 .....	19, 45
Disperse brown 1.....	19
Disperse orange 1.....	19
Disperse orange 3.....	19, 45
Disperse orange 11.....	19
Disperse orange 37 .....	19, 45
Disperse orange 149.....	19
Disperse red 1.....	19, 45
Disperse red 11.....	19
Disperse red 17.....	19
Disperse yellow 1.....	19
Disperse yellow 3.....	19, 45
Disperse yellow 23 .....	19
Disperse yellow 39 .....	19
Disperse yellow 49 .....	19

Dofetilide.....	47
Dofetilide related compound A.....	47
Domiphen bromide.....	100
Donepezil.....	48
DOPAC.....	39
Dopamine.....	38, 39, 95
Doramectin.....	25, 26
Doxepin.....	112, 142
Doxylamine.....	112

## E

EDDP.....	115, 116
Enrofloxacin (IS).....	120
EP.....	95
Epicatechin gallate.....	37
Epigallocatechin.....	37
Epigallocatechin gallate.....	37
Epinephreine.....	38
Epinephrine.....	39, 95
Epinomectin.....	25, 26
Erythritol.....	133, 134
Estradiol.....	51
Estrone.....	51
Ethinyl estradiol.....	80
Ethyl methylphosphonic acid (EMPA).....	101, 113, 114
Ethylparaben.....	51
Extromethorphan HCl.....	44

## F

Fenoprofen.....	105, 112
Fenoprop (IS).....	120
Fentanyl.....	49, 115, 116
Ferulic acid.....	52
Fexofenadine.....	49
Flavone.....	112, 145, 146
Flunitrazepam.....	50, 115, 116
Folic acid.....	148
Formaldehyde.....	36, 71
Formaldehyde-DNPH.....	46
Fructose.....	40, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 94
Fucose.....	96
Fumaric acid.....	111
Furanocoumarin dimer.....	72
Furazolidone.....	21

## G

Galactose.....	96
Galantamine.....	73
Gallic acid.....	37
Gallocatechin gallate.....	37
Genistein.....	130, 131
Genistin.....	130, 131
Ginsenoside Rb1.....	74, 75
Glucose.....	40, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 94, 96
Glycitein.....	130, 131
Glycitin.....	130, 131

## H

Heptanal.....	36
Hexanal.....	36, 71
HVA.....	39
Hydrastine.....	76
Hydrocodone.....	115, 116
Hydromorphone.....	115, 116
Hydroxyisophthalic acid.....	112

## I

Ibuprofen.....	105, 120
Imipramine.....	29, 30, 142, 143, 144
Inositol.....	94
Irbesartan.....	78
Isoascorbic acid.....	23, 24
Isobutyl methylphosphonic acid.....	101
Isocorypalmine.....	76
Isopropyl methylphosphonic acid (IMPA).....	101, 113, 114
Isosakuranetin.....	52
Isovaleraldehyde.....	71
Ivermectin.....	25, 26

## K

Ketoprofen.....	120
-----------------	-----

**L**

Labetalol .....	27
Labetolol .....	31
Lactic acid .....	111
Lactose .....	55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63
Lamotrigine .....	79
Leucine .....	124
Levonorgestrel .....	80
Lidocaine .....	83
Loratadine .....	84
Loratidine .....	85, 86
Lorazepam .....	50, 115, 116
Lovastatin .....	132

**M**

M3G .....	97
Maleic acid .....	111
Maltoheptaose .....	40, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70
Maltohexaose .....	40, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70
Maltooligosacchrides .....	40, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70
Maltopentaose .....	40, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70
Maltose .....	55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 94
Maltotetraose .....	40, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70
Maltotriose .....	64, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 94
Mangiferin .....	52
Mannitol .....	94
Mannose .....	40, 96
MDA .....	50, 115, 116
MDEA .....	115, 116
MDMA .....	50, 115, 116
Melezitose .....	40
Meperedine .....	115, 116
Metformin .....	28
Methacrylamide .....	15
Methacrylic acid .....	15
Methadone .....	115, 116
Methamphetamine .....	115, 116
Methyl hydrastine .....	76
Methylparaben .....	54
Methylphosphonic acid .....	101
Metoclopramide .....	88, 89, 90
Metoprolol .....	31, 120

MHPG .....	39
Miconazole .....	91, 92
Miconazole related compound .....	91, 92
Midazolam .....	49
Mometasone furoate .....	93
Morphine .....	14, 97, 98, 99, 115, 116
Morphine-3 $\beta$ -D-glucuronide .....	97, 98, 99
Morphine-N-oxide .....	99
Moxidectin .....	25, 26
m-Tolualdehyde .....	71

**N**

N-acetylgalactosamine (GalNAc) .....	96
N-acetylglucosamine (GlcNAc) .....	96
Nalidixic acid .....	21, 22
Naphthalene .....	125
Naproxen .....	105, 120
N-desmethyl clozapine .....	49
NE .....	95
Neu5,7(8),9Ac3 .....	126, 127
Neu5,7Ac2 .....	126, 127
Neu5,9Ac2 .....	126, 127
Neu5Ac .....	126, 127
Neu5Gc .....	126, 127
Neu5Gc9Ac .....	126, 127
Nicotinamide .....	108, 148
Nicotinic acid .....	108, 148
Nimodipine .....	103
Nitrazepam .....	115, 116
Nitrobenzene .....	104
N-methyl serotonin .....	95
NMS .....	95
Nobiletin .....	52
Nonanal .....	36
Norbuprenorphine .....	115, 116
Nordoxepin .....	142
Norepinephrine .....	38, 39, 95
Norfentanyl .....	49, 115, 116
Norfloxacin .....	120
Normeperedine .....	115, 116
Normetanephrine .....	38
Norquetiapine .....	49
Nortriptyline .....	49, 143, 144



**O**

O-(4-Chloro-2,5-diaminopyrimidnyl)-abacavir.....	13
Octanal .....	36
Octyl gallate .....	81, 82
O-desmethyl tramadol .....	115, 116
Ofloxacin.....	120
OH-bupropion.....	49
OH-risperidone .....	49
Oligonucleotides.....	109
Omeprazole.....	110
Omeprazole desmethoxy .....	110
Omeprazole-n-oxide .....	110
Omeprazole-n-oxide/sulphone .....	110
Omeprazole sulphide .....	110
o-Pyrimidine derivative abacavir .....	12
O-t-Butyl-abacavir.....	13
o-Tolualdehyde .....	71
Oxazepam .....	115, 116
Oxolinic acid.....	21, 22
Oxprenolol.....	31
Oxycodone.....	115, 116
Oxymorphone .....	115, 116
Oxytetracycline .....	138

**P**

Palmatine 352.2 .....	76
Para red .....	136
p-Coumaric acid.....	52
PCP .....	115, 116
PEG-6.....	122
PEG-7.....	122
PEG-8 .....	122
PEG-9 .....	122
Pentanal .....	36, 71
Peppermint extract.....	117
Phentermine.....	115, 116
p-Hydroxybenzoic acid .....	54
Pinacolyl methylphosphonic acid.....	101
Pinacolyl methylphosphonic acid (PMPA).....	113, 114
pindolol.....	27
Pindolol.....	31
Prednisone.....	27, 145, 146
Procaine .....	83
Propanal.....	36, 71

Propoxyphene.....	115, 116
Propranolol.....	31, 125
Propyl gallate.....	81, 82
p-Tolualdehyde.....	71
p-Toluamide .....	55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 66, 67, 68, 69
Pyridoxal .....	148
Pyruvic acid.....	111

**Q**

Quetiapine.....	49
Quinine.....	27

**R**

Raffinose.....	40
Ranitidine.....	28
Ravastatin sodium .....	132
Rebaudioside A .....	133, 134
Rebaudioside C .....	133, 134
Reserpine.....	124
Riboflavin.....	148
Risperidone .....	49

**S**

Saccharin.....	54, 129
Salbutamol.....	28
Serotonin .....	39, 95
Simvastatin .....	128, 132
Sodium saccharine.....	100
Sorbate .....	129
Sorbic acid.....	54
Sorbitol .....	94
Sotalol .....	120
Stevioside.....	133, 134
Succinic acid.....	111
Sucralose.....	135
Sucrose.....	40, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70
Sudan black B .....	136
Sudan I.....	136
Sudan II.....	136
Sudan III .....	136
Sudan IV.....	136
Sudan orange G .....	136

Sudan red 7 B.....	136
Sudan red G.....	136
Sulfadimethoxine.....	21, 124
Sulfaguanidine.....	124
Sulfaquinoxaline.....	21, 22
Suprofen.....	105

## T

Tangeretin.....	52
t-Butyl derivative abacavir.....	12
Tebuconazole.....	119
Temazepam.....	115, 116
Terfenadine.....	49, 124
Tert-butylhydroquinone.....	81, 82
Testosterone.....	49
Tetracaine.....	44, 83
Tetracycline.....	138
tGuanine.....	106
Theobromine.....	34, 35
Theophylline.....	34
Thiamine.....	108, 148
Thiamphenicol.....	21
Thiourea.....	139
Thymine.....	106, 123, 145, 146
Tioconazole.....	140
TMP.....	107
Tolmetin.....	105
Topiramate.....	141
Tramadol.....	115, 116
Triprolidine HCl.....	44

## U

Uracil.....	27, 43, 106, 125
Uric acid.....	147

## V

Val-Tyr-Val.....	124
Verapamil.....	124
VMA.....	39

## W

Warfarin.....	44
---------------	----

## X

Xanthine.....	34
Xylose.....	40

## Z

Zidovudine.....	149
Ziprasidone.....	150, 151, 152

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