Usability Study of a New HPLC, a New Tandem MS and a New Data Processing Software

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Overview

Purpose: This usability study evaluated a new two-channel HPLC, a new Tandem MS and a data processing software for general clinical use, focusing on the areas of stability, robustness and time efficiency.

Methods: The testing methods included analyzing specimens of synthetic serum and urine spiked with standards and stable isotopic internal standards. The HPLC was operated with or without using on-line sample cleanup. The Tandem MS was operated using a selected reaction monitoring (SRM) method with polarity switching mode and with HESI ionization, or APCI ionization. The instruments in use were production equivalent units of Thermo ScientificTM Prelude MDTM HPLC and Thermo ScientificTM Endura MD TM mass spectrometer. The data analysis was performed on Thermo ScientificTM ClinQuan MDTM production equivalent software.

Results: The RSD% (n=2,000) of retention time and concentration of Alprazolam in synthetic serum was observed at 0.85 and 1.49. The between instrument precision studies were conducted on 3 units using four example compounds in polarity switching mode (+/-) in synthetic urine and synthetic serum (n=120). HESI: Reserpine(+); Chloramphenicol (-). APCI: Testosterone (+); Estradiol (-). The corresponding %RSD's of concentrations are 3.87, 6.61, 3.48 and 8.08, respectively.

Introduction

Stability, robustness and time efficiency are three major challenges in laboratories where a large number of samples are analyzed routinely. Here we report usability study of a new two channels HPLC, a new tandem mass spectrometer and a new data processing software to address these challenges. A total of 2,000 crashed synthetic serum samples spiked with Alprazolam and isotopic internal standard were analyzed continuously over 100 hours, with additional 44 QC samples. Instrument-to-instrument precision studies (3 units) are reported with four example compounds (Reserpine, Chloramphenicol, Testosterone, Estradiol) using both HESI probe and APCI probe in both positive and negative ionization modes.

Methods

Sample Preparation

Calibration Standards, Internal Standard (IS), QC sample and test sample were spiked with standards in crashed synthetic serum and synthetic urine as shown in Tables 1 to 3 below.

TABLE 1. Concentrations of Robustness Study – Crashed Synthetic Serum

Various Samples	Concentrations (ng/mL)
Calibration Standard (Alprazolam)	1, 2, 5, 10, 25, 50 and 100
Internal Standard (Alprazolam-D5)	5
QC (Alprazolam) Mean (n=44)	5.88
Test Sample (Alprazolam) Mean (n=2,000)	10.55

TABLE 2. Concentrations of Precision Study – HESI Probe Polarity Switching – Crashed Synthetic Urine

Various Samples	Concentrations (ng/mL)		
HESI Positive			
Calibration Standard (Reserpine)	0.2, 0.5, 1, 2, 5 and 10		
Internal Standard (Reserpine-D9)	2		
Test Sample (Reserpine) Mean (n=120)	1.02		
HESI Negative			
Calibration Standard (Chloramphenicol)	2, 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100		
Internal Standard (Chloramphenicol-D5)	20		
Test Sample (Chloramphenicol) Mean (n=120)	10.10		

TABLE 3. Concentrations of Precision Study – APCI Probe Polarity Switching – Crashed Synthetic Serum

Various Samples	Concentrations (ng/mL)	
APCI Positive		
Calibration Standard (Testosterone)	2, 5, 10, 20, 50 and 100	
Internal Standard (Testosterone-D3)	20	
Test Sample (Testosterone) Mean (n=120)	30.33	
APCI Negative		
Calibration Standard (Estradiol)	4, 10, 20, 40, 100 and 200	
Internal Standard (Estradiol-D5)	40	
Test Sample (Estradiol) Mean (n=120)	61.01	

Liquid Chromatography

The Prelude MD HPLC consists of two separation channels, both of which include an on-line sample cleanup Thermo Scientific[™] TurboFlow[™] column for removing sample matrix, and an analytical column for compound separation. The instrument is capable of cross-channel sequencing for efficient use of the mass spectrometer time. The HPLC parameters for each channel (Channel 1 and Channel 2) were set as in Tables 4 to 6 below.

TABLE 4. HPLC Parameters for Robustness Study

HPLC	Parameters
TurboFlow Column	Thermo Scientific [™] Cyclone-P [™] (50x0.5mm) ; 25 ^o C
Analytical Column	Thermo Scientific [™] Accucore [™] aQ column (50x2.1mm, 2.6um) ; 30°C
Loading MP A	10 mM ammonium formate, 0.05% formic acid in water
Loading MP B	10 mM ammonium formate, 0.05% formic acid in methanol
Loading MP C	Isopropanol:acetonitrile:acetone (45:45:10)
Eluting MP A	0.05% formic acid in water
Eluting MP B	0.05% formic acid in methanol
Injection Volume	10 uL

Note: MP = mobile phase

TABLE 5. HPLC Parameters for Precision Study – HESI Probe

HPLC	Parameters
Analytical Column	Hypersil Gold (50 x 2.1mm, 3 µm); 30°C
Eluting MP A	0.05% formic acid in water
Eluting MP B	Methanol
Injection Volume	10 uL

TABLE 6. HPLC Parameters for Precision Study – APCI Probe

HPLC	Parameters
Loading MP A	Water
Loading MP B	Methanol
Loading MP C	Isopropanol:acetonitrile:acetone (45:45:10)
Eluting MP A	Water
Eluting MPB	Methanol
Injection Volume	20 uL

Note: TurboFlow Column and Analytical Column are the same as Table 4

Mass Spectrometry

The Endura MD MS is a tandem MS equipped with the neutral blocker that keeps ion optics cleaner, and the advanced electronics that maintains mass stability. Tandem MS was operated in selected reaction monitor (SRM) mode with heated electrospray ionization (HESI) probe or APCI probe in polarity switching mode using the following transition parameters in Table 7.

TABLE 7. Tandem MS Parameters

Compound	Precursor (m/z)	Product (m/z)	Туре	Probe /Polarity
Alprozolom	309.22	274.11	Confirming Ion	HESI/Pos
Alprazolam	309.22	281.06	Quantifying Ion	HESI/Pos
	314.25	279.09	Confirming Ion	HESI/Pos
Alprazolam D-5	314.25	286.08	Quantifying Ion	HESI/Pos
Reserpine	609.30	195.00	Quantifying Ion	HESI/Pos
Reserpine D-9	618.30	204.00	Quantifying Ion	HESI/Pos
Chloramphenicol	321.00	152.00	Quantifying Ion	HESI/Neg
	321.00	257.00	Confirming Ion	HESI/Neg
Chloramphenicol-D5	325.95	157.00	Quantifying Ion	HESI/Neg
	325.95	262.00	Confirming Ion	HESI/Neg
Testesterene	289.30	97.23	Confirming Ion	APCI/Pos
restosterone	289.30	109.20	Quantifying Ion	APCI/Pos
Testosterone-D3	292.30	97.24	Confirming Ion	APCI/Pos
	292.30	109.22	Quantifying Ion	APCI/Pos
Fatradial	271.08	145.14	Confirming Ion	APCI/Neg
Estracio	271.08	183.13	Quantifying Ion	APCI/Neg
Estradial DE	275.98	145.09	Confirming Ion	APCI/Neg
Estracioi-D5	275.98	187.15	Quantifying Ion	APCI/Neg

Data Analysis

The test results of LC-MS analysis were processed using ClinQuan MD production equivalent software.

Results

Improving Productivity; Maximizing MS Utilization and Throughput

This HPLC includes automation of online sample cleanup using TurboFlow Technology, and removes tedious hand-on manual steps. The use of two HPLC channel separations minimizes MS idle time. With a single channel HPLC instrument, the MS has idle time not acquiring data, whilst waiting for chromatographic elution. This multichannel optimization technology removes idle time, increases utilization time of tandem MS, and doubles the sample throughput.

A total of 2,000 crashed synthetic samples spiked with Alprazolam standard and isotopic internal standard were analyzed continuously for 100 hours, with an additional 44 QC samples. Retention time measurements showed a precision of 0.85%RSD as shown in Figure 1.

Tandem MS Performance: Stability, Precision and Robustness

This Tandem MS provides excellent stability of quantitative measurement. The %RSD of concentration measurement of these 2,000 injections was 1.49 as shown in Figure 2.

FIGURE 1. Retention Time Plot of 2,000 injections from two HPLC channels ; Average Retention Time = 0.731 min, %RSD = 0.85 FIGURE 2. Concentration Plot of 2,000 injections; Average Concentration = 10.55 ng/mL, %RSD = 1.49



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Stability of Mass Ion Ratios

The ion ratio of confirming ion to quantifying ion demonstrated an excellent stability over 2,000 injections as shown in the Table 8 below.

TABLE 8. Stability of Mass Ion Ratios

Compound	Ion Ratio	Average	%RSD
Alprazolam	m/z 274.11 to m/z 281.06	0.1915	1.37
Alprazolam-D5 IS	m/z 279.09 to m/z 286.08	0.2167	2.54

Precision Study

The precision studies of different ionization modes on HESI probe and APCI probe were conducted using four example compounds in polarity switching mode (+/-) in synthetic urine and synthetic serum (n=120, 5 replicates, 4 runs, 2 channels, 3 units). The %RSD's are shown in Table 9.

TABLE 9. Precision Study – Between Instruments (3 units)

Compound	Ionization	Polarity	Replicates (N)	Mean (ng/mL)	%RSD
Reserpine	HESI	Positive	120	1.02	3.87
Chloramphenicol	HESI	Negative	120	10.10	6.61
Testosterone	APCI	Positive	120	30.33	3.48
Estradiol	APCI	Negative	120	61.01	8.08

Data Analysis

The data processing software includes three levels of user permissions for technicians, supervisors, and lab directors as shown in Figure 3 below. This software has built-in flexibility in assigning roles and responsibilities, and audit trail function is provided for streamlining record keeping.

FIGURE 3. ClinQuan MD software streamlines workflows, addresses CLIA-required roles and responsibilities, maintains records, helps ensure data integrity.



Conclusion

This usability study demonstrated the performance of robustness and precision of these three Class I medical devices for general clinical use.

The analytical performance of Prelude MD HPLC and Endura MD MS was demonstrated in this study of 2,000 injections, showing stability, robustness, and time-efficiency for the LC-Tandem MS analysis with a continuous run time of 100 hours. ClinQuan MD data processing software streamlines workflow and helps ensure data integrity.

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