

# Sulfur Detection at ppb Levels in Light Hydrocarbon Streams

Based on a New Super  
Permeable PLOT  
Column

Agilent Select Low Sulfur

Johan Kuipers  
Channel Training Specialist

Oct 12<sup>th</sup>, 2010

# Sulfur compounds in refinery streams

Boiling point range of the feedstock determines presence type of sulfurs

- H<sub>2</sub>S
- COS
- Mercaptans
- Thiophenes
- Disulfides
- Sulfides

Sulfur compounds even at < 100ppb level

- Poison Ziegler-Natta, Metallocene catalysts
- Drastically reduce the polymer yield of polyolefin feeds

# Propylene, polypropylene

## Sources of Propylene for polypropylene feed

- Refinery Fluidized Catalytic Cracking (FCC) byproduct
- Ethylene Cracking Furnaces, byproduct of ethylene production
- Propane catalytic dehydration

Refinery FCC byproduct is by far the largest source

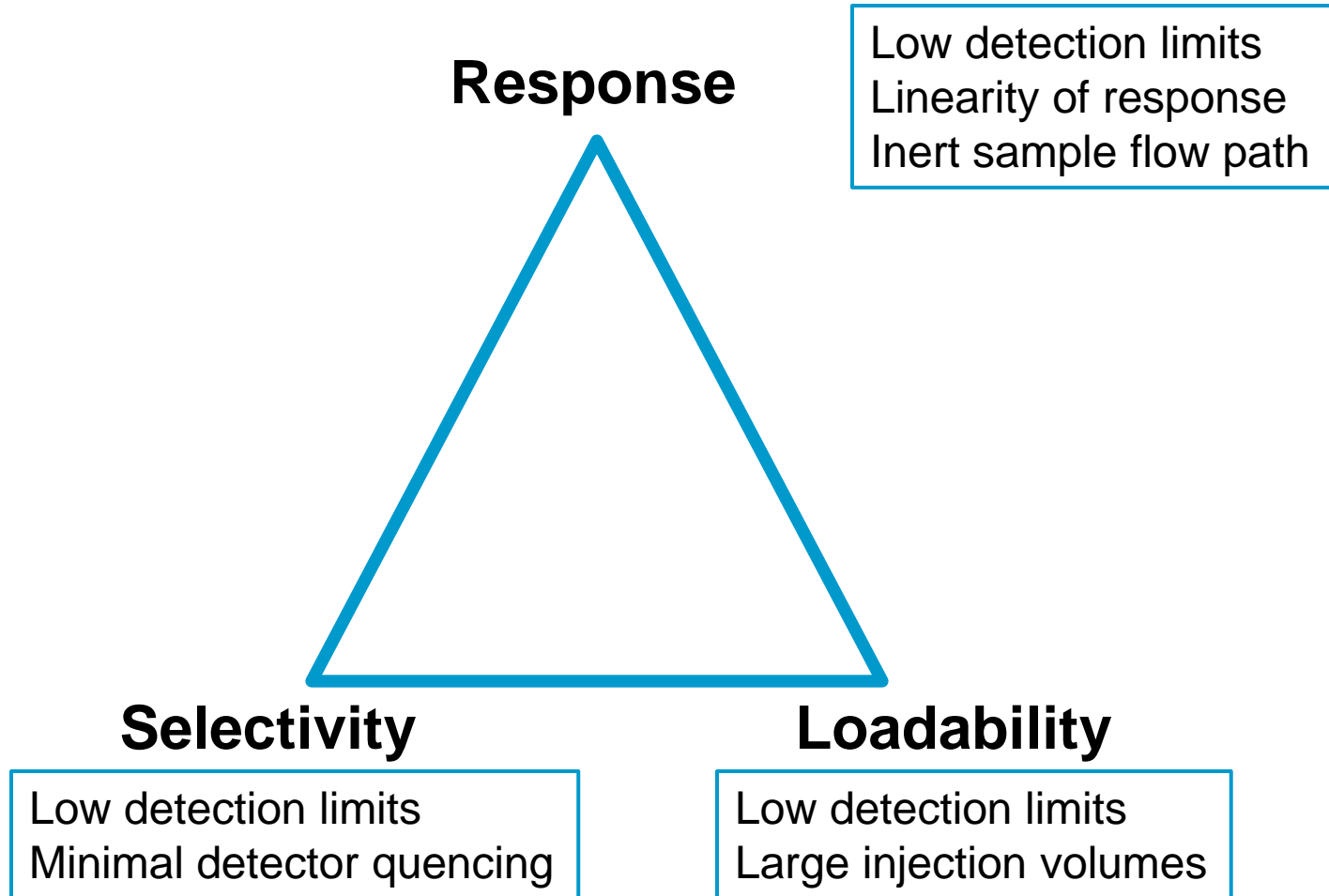
# Ethylene, Propylene Matrix

Low ppb level detection of H<sub>2</sub>S, COS, Mercaptanes

The major challenges:

- Absorption of H<sub>2</sub>S and mercaptanes on active surfaces
  - Stability of calibration standards
  - Sample introduction path
  - Possible GC column absorption
- Sensitive sulfur specific detection required
  - Pulsed Flame Photometric Detector (PFPD)
  - Sulfur Chemiluminescence Detector (SCD)
  - Atomic Emission Detector (AED), limited sensitivity
  - Quenching due to co-eluting hydrocarbon species, matrix

# What is needed of GC column for Sulfur Analysis?

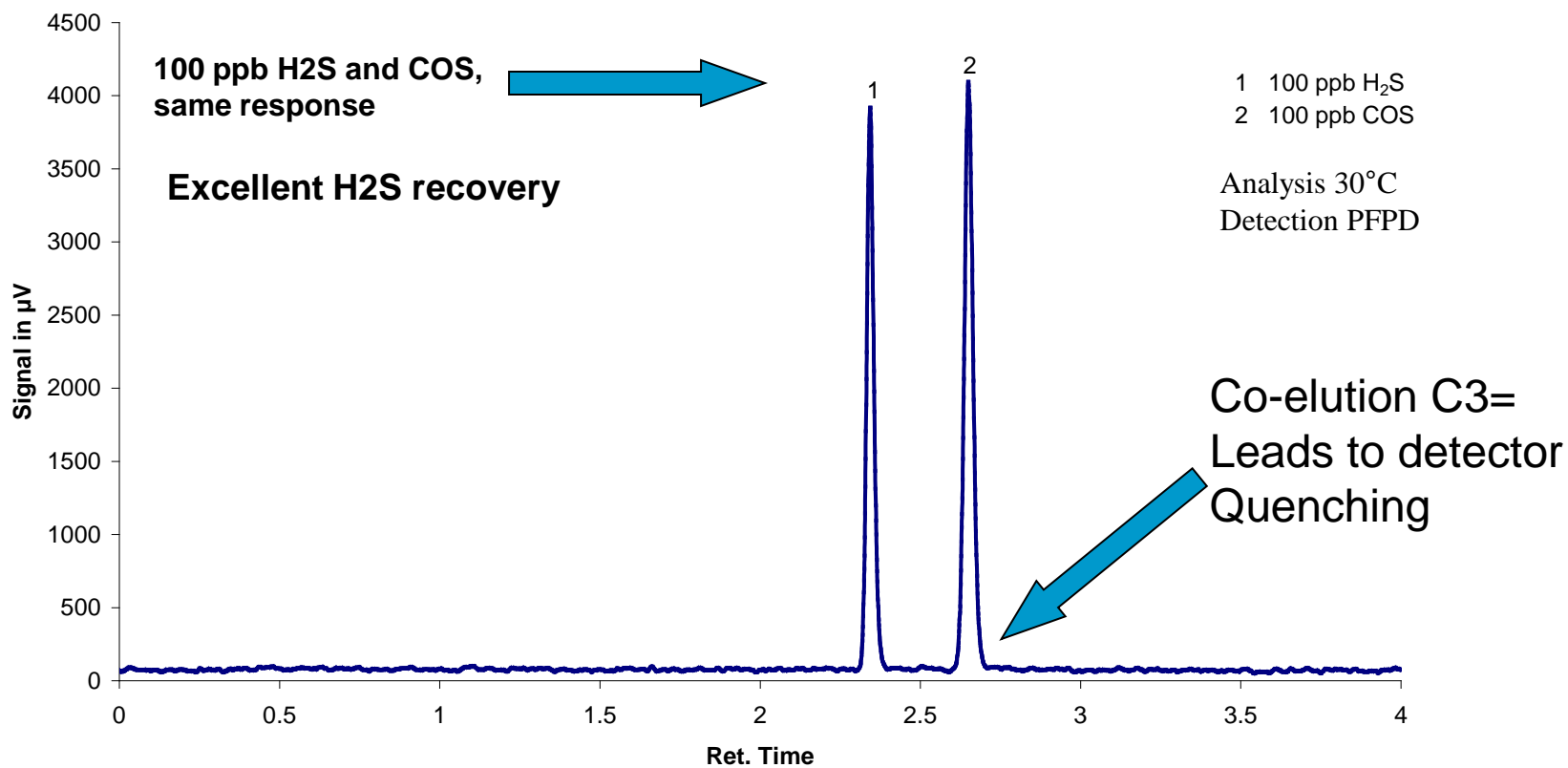


# Requirements GC Columns for Sulfurs

Which columns are available?

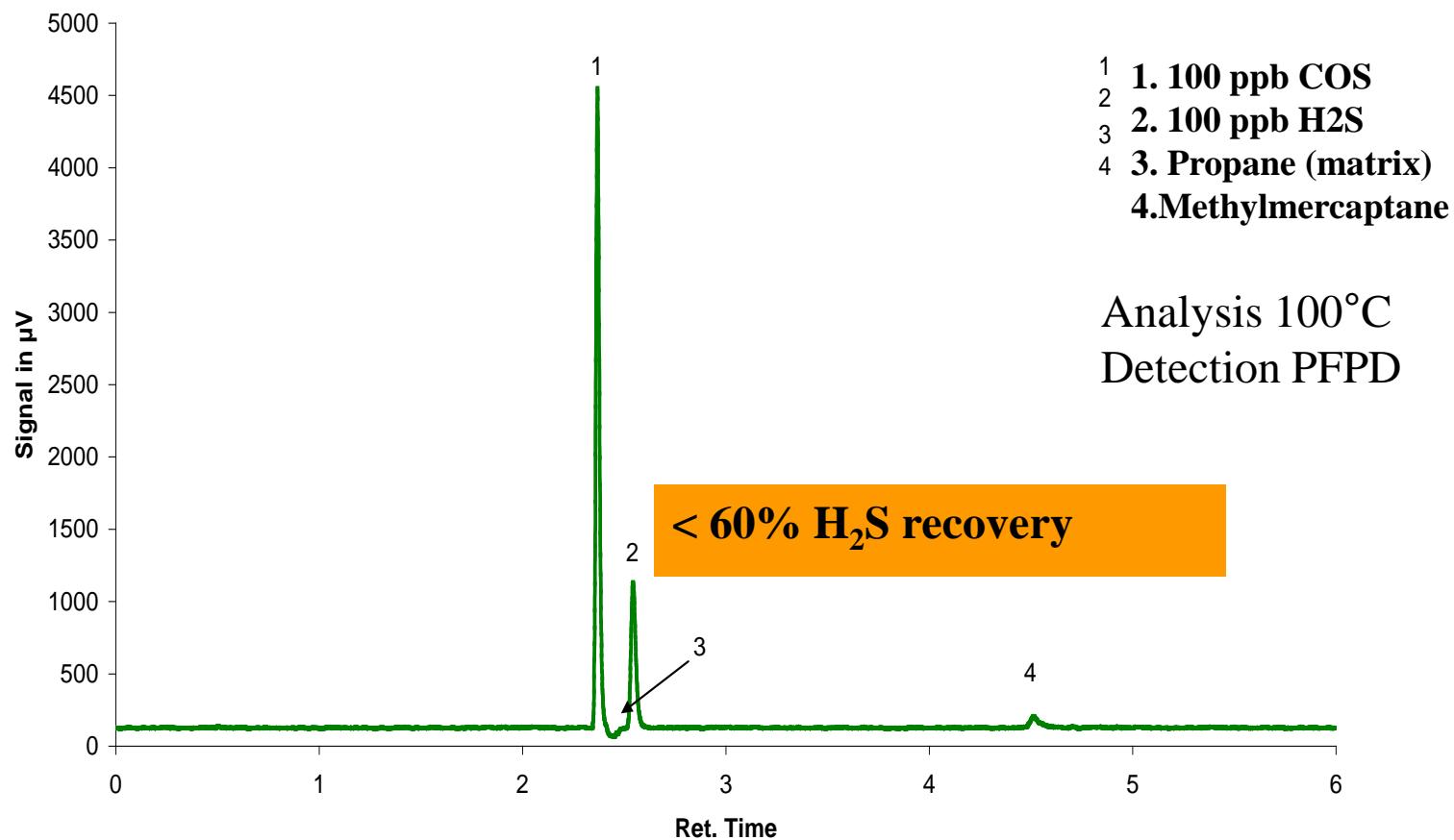
# Excellent H<sub>2</sub>S response, poor selectivity

PDMS , 30m x 0.32mm x 5 $\mu$ m



# Excellent selectivity, poor response

## Porous Silica 30m x 0.32mm





# Current GC column materials for H<sub>2</sub>S/COS

## Non-Polar Liquid Phase, PolyDimethylSiloxanes, Thick film 5µm

- Highly inert column with excellent H<sub>2</sub>S responses
- Not selective, COS/propylene co-elutes, detector quencing

## Porous polymer PLOT columns

- Absorption of H<sub>2</sub>S at low ppm levels
- H<sub>2</sub>S/COS and propylene well separated

## Porous Silica, PLOT columns

- COS/ethylene, propylene well separated
- H<sub>2</sub>S/ethylene, propylene well separated
- Absorption of H<sub>2</sub>S at low ppb levels

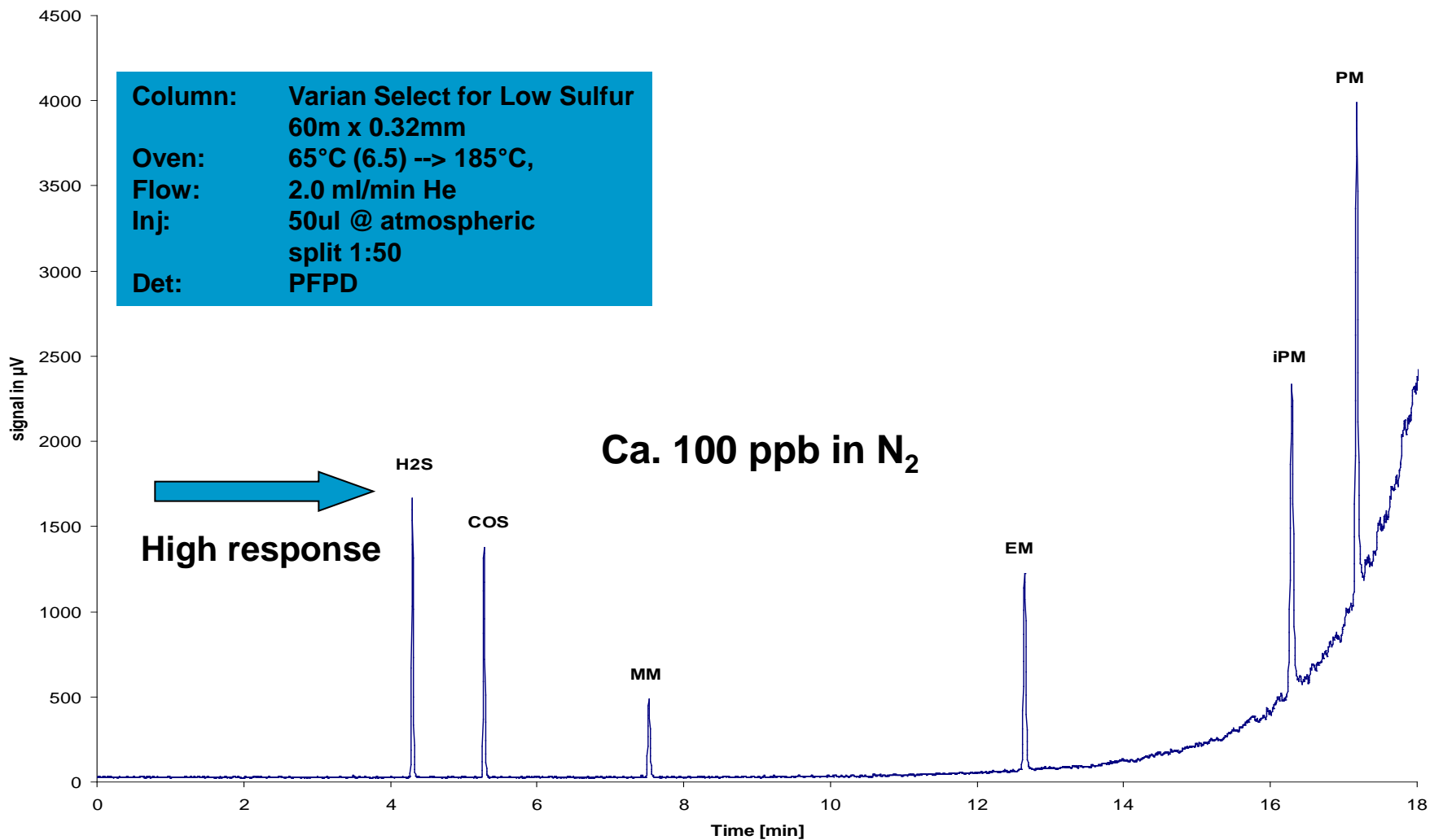
**All these columns either exhibit a poor selectivity or a poor H<sub>2</sub>S response**

# Agilent J&W Select for Low Sulfur

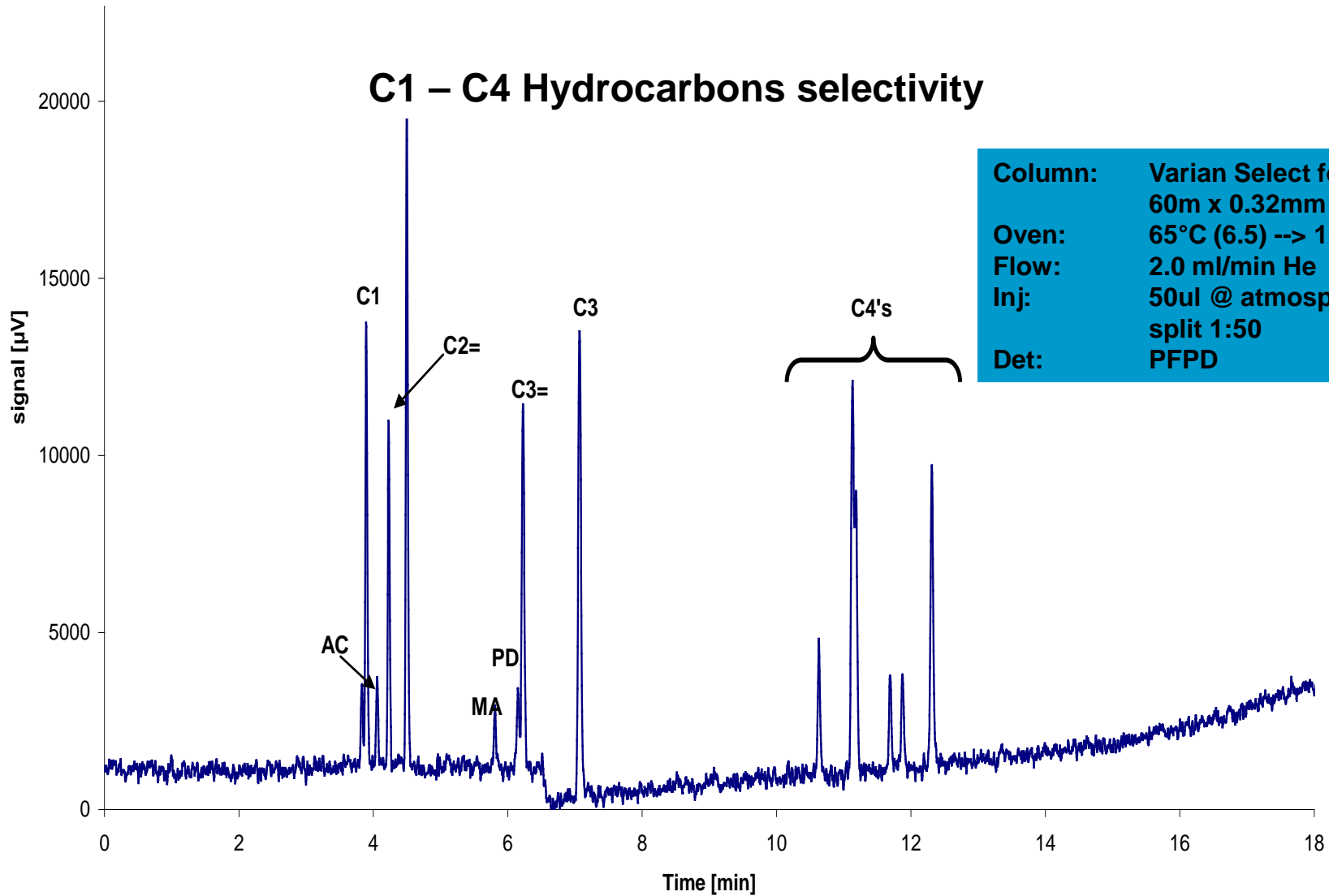
## Agilent J&W Select for Low Sulfur

- Near 100% recovery for H<sub>2</sub>S at ppb levels
- Excellent sulfur selectivity for propylene matrices
- Excellent prospects for ethylene matrices
- PFPD, SCD, AED Compatible
  
- Porous Layer Open Tubular (PLOT) column
- Super Permeable & Porous Stationary Phase
  - proprietary material
- Zero particle loss
- Dimension 60m x 0.32mm

# Varian Select for Low Sulfur

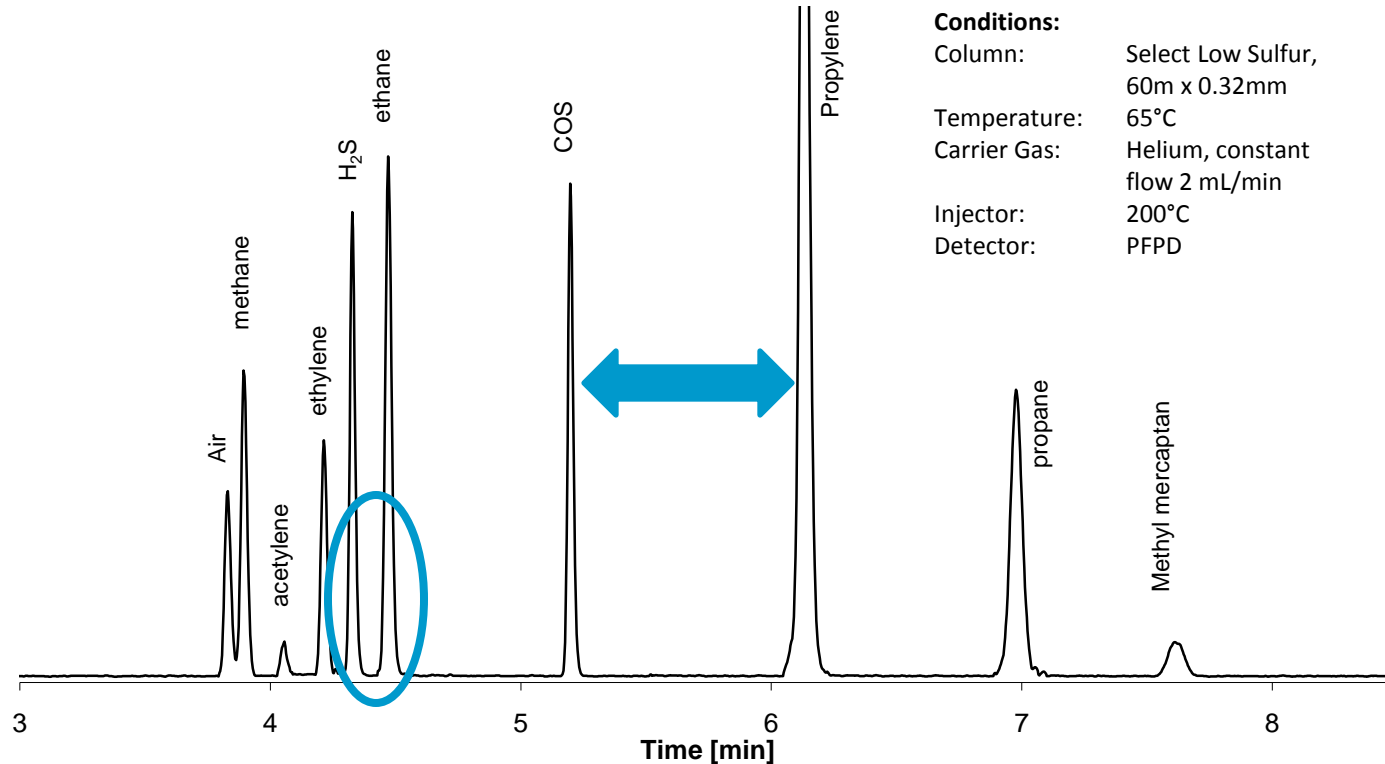


# Hydrocarbon elution profile on Select for Low Sulfur



# Sulfurs & HC's on Select Low Sulfur

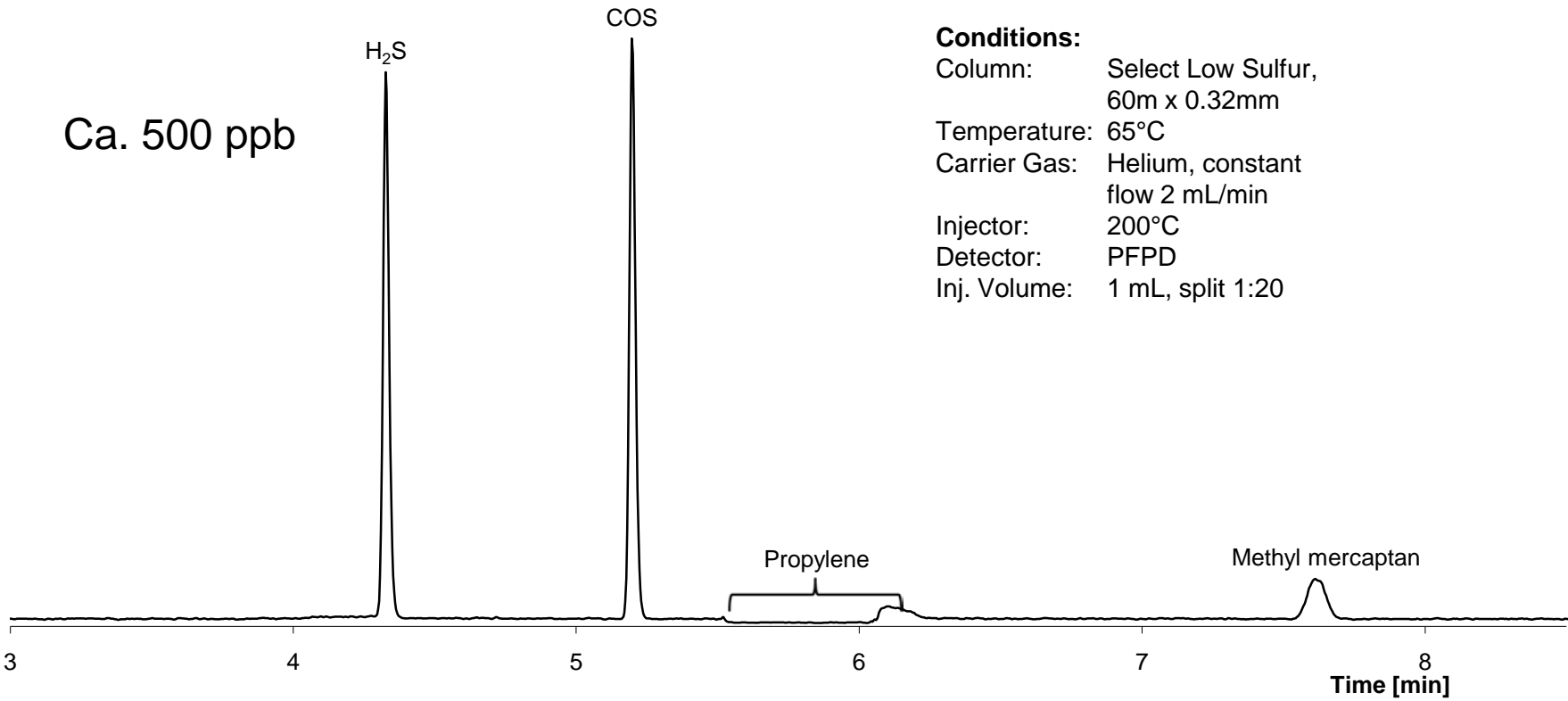
Select Low Sulfur - 60m\*0.32mm  
Overlay of H<sub>2</sub>S, COS and Methyl mercaptan with hydrocarbons



**Excellent separation COS/Propylene**

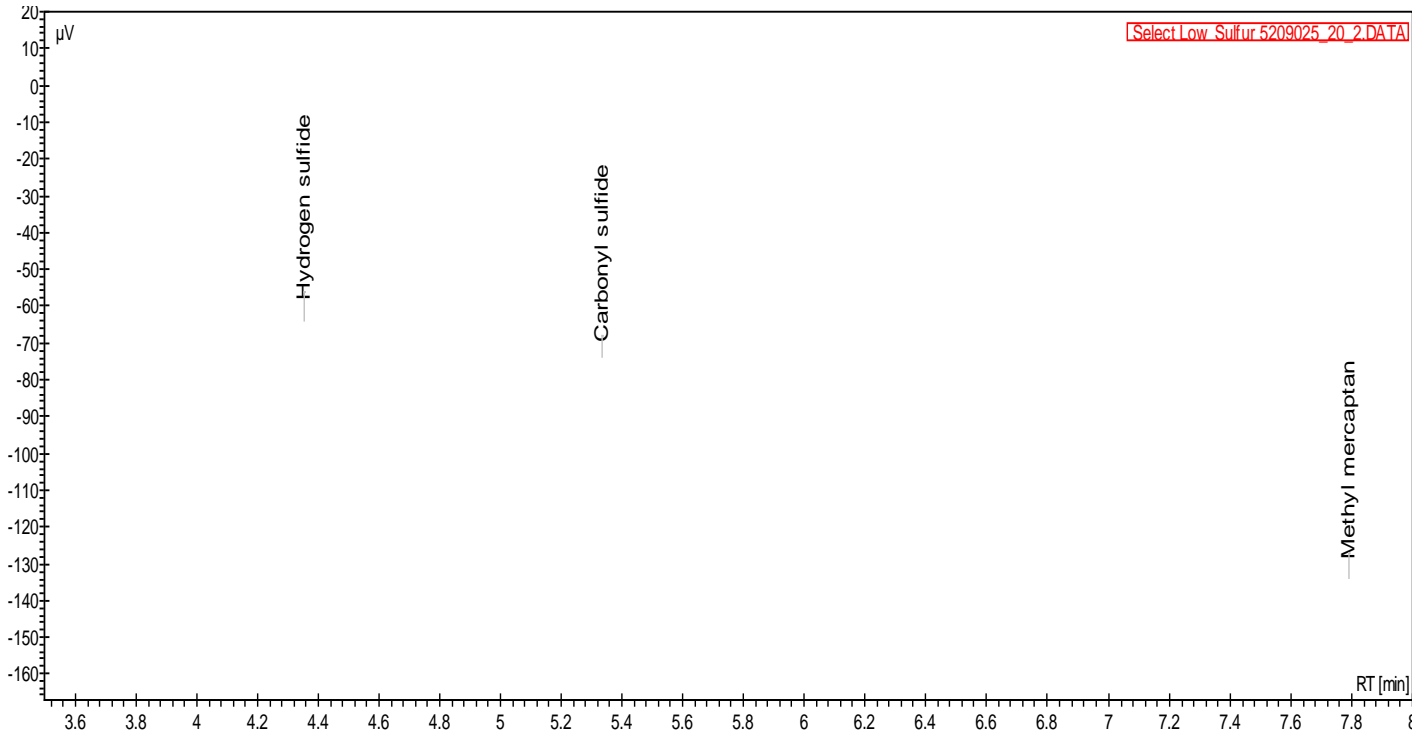
# Column Selectivity & Loadability

## H<sub>2</sub>S, COS and Methyl mercaptan in Propylene matrix



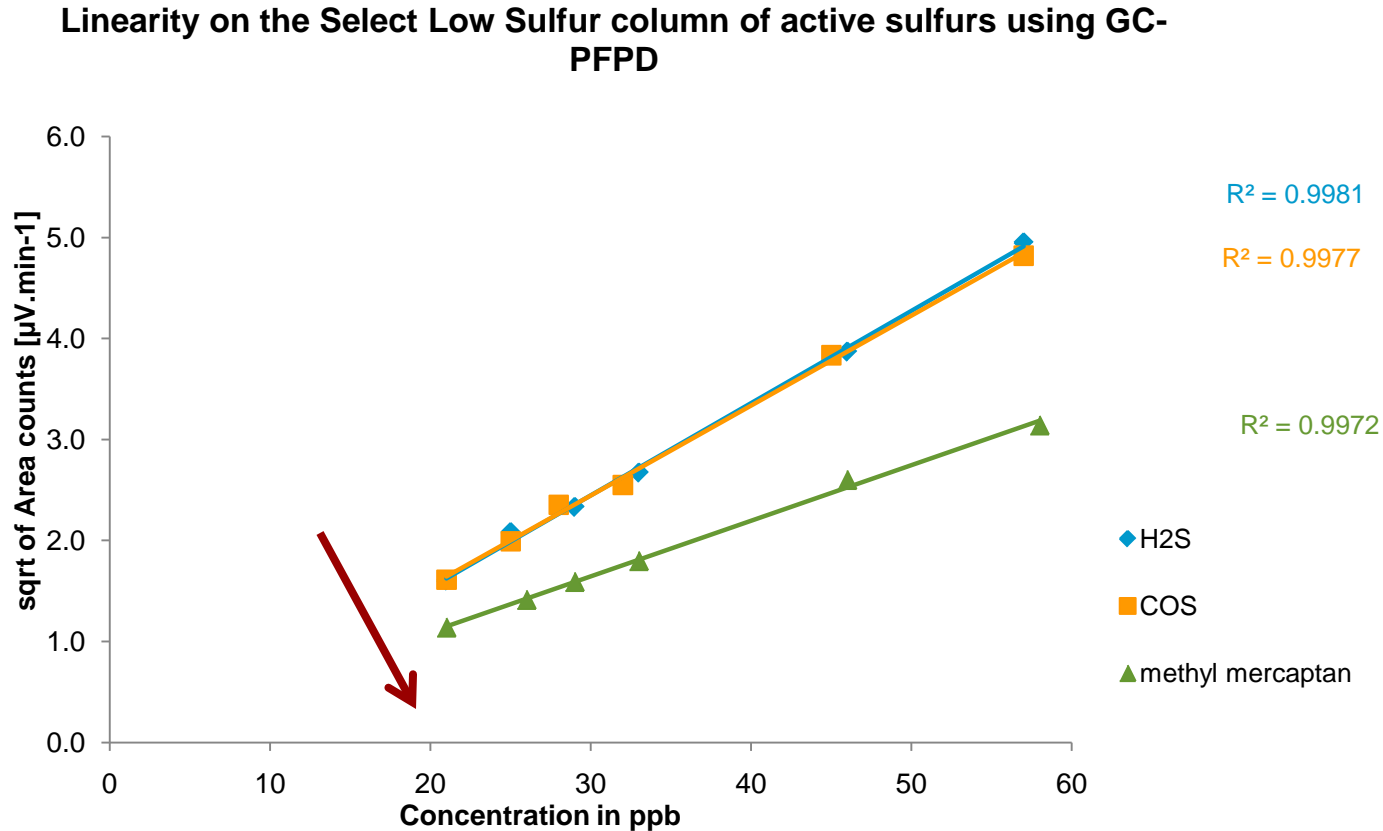
**Conditions:**  
Column: Select Low Sulfur, 60m x 0.32mm  
Temperature: 65°C  
Carrier Gas: Helium, constant flow 2 mL/min  
Injector: 200°C  
Detector: PFPD  
Inj. Volume: 1 mL, split 1:20

# Low PPB Sulfur Levels



***Chromatogram of H<sub>2</sub>S with calculated ppb concentration of 21 ppb:***

# Linearity on Select Low Sulfur

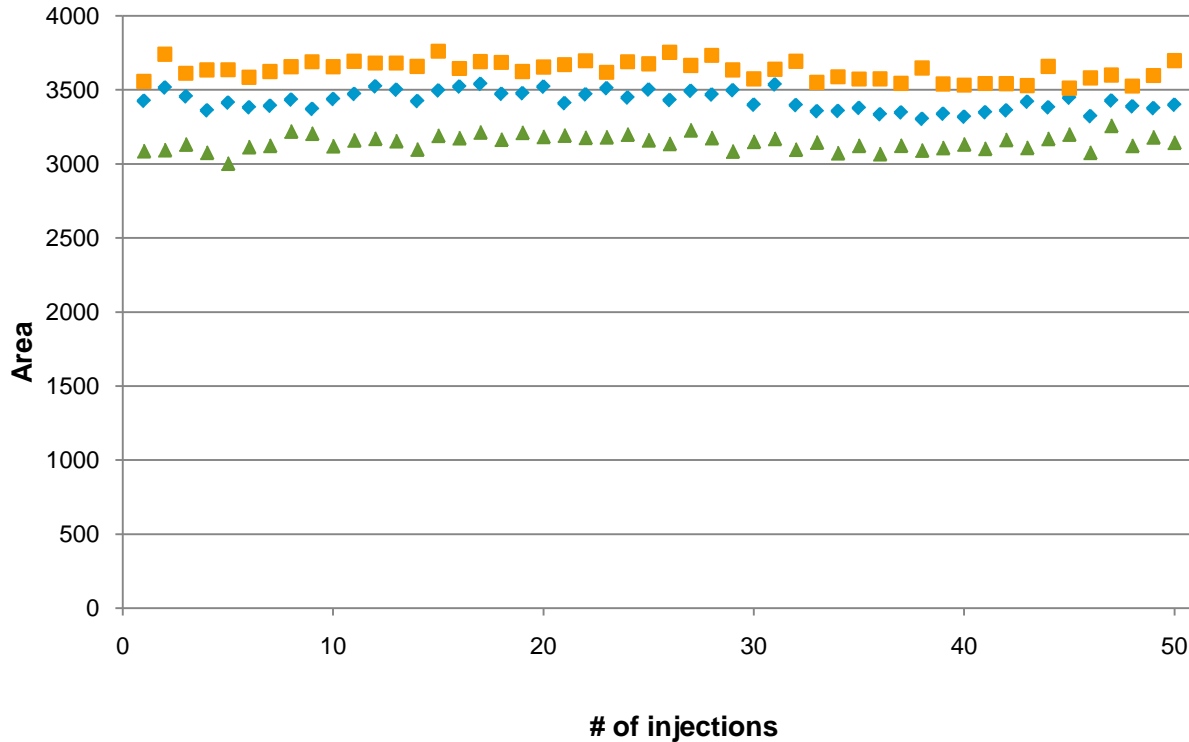


Sample: gas mixture of H<sub>2</sub>S (11.4 ppm), COS (11.3 ppm) and MM (11.6 ppm) in N<sub>2</sub>.  
Sample loop: 1 ml, Variable split ratio's (1:40 – 1:110)



# Repeatability on SCD

H<sub>2</sub>S, COS and MM on Select Low Sulfur using SCD



60 pg on column

- ◆ H<sub>2</sub>S
- COS
- ▲ Methyl mercaptan

	Average area	st dev Area	% RSD
<b>H<sub>2</sub>S</b>	3426	65	1.9%
<b>COS</b>	3631	65	1.8%
<b>MM</b>	3146	50	1.6%
<b>recovery</b>	94%		

Conditions:

Column: Select Low Sulfur, 60m x 0.32mm

Temperature: 50°C for 8 minutes, with °C/min to 185°C for 10 minutes

Carrier Gas: Helium, constant flow 2 mL/min

Injector: 200°C

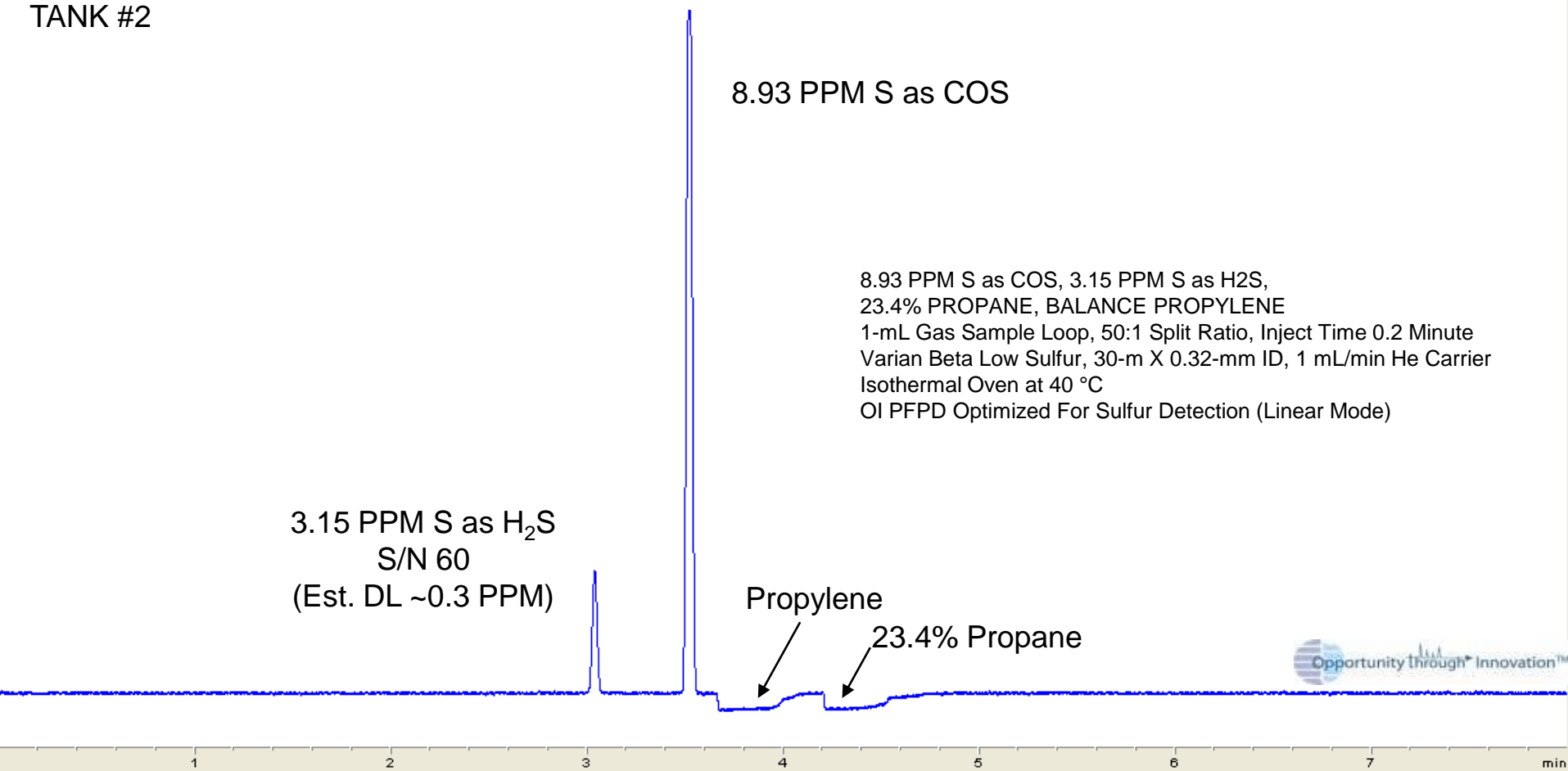
Detector: SCD, base temperature 200°C, burner temperature 800°C, oxidizer 65 mL/min, hydrogen 40 mL/min

Sample: 250ul, split 1:60, 11 ppm



# Sulfurs in Propane/propylene matrix

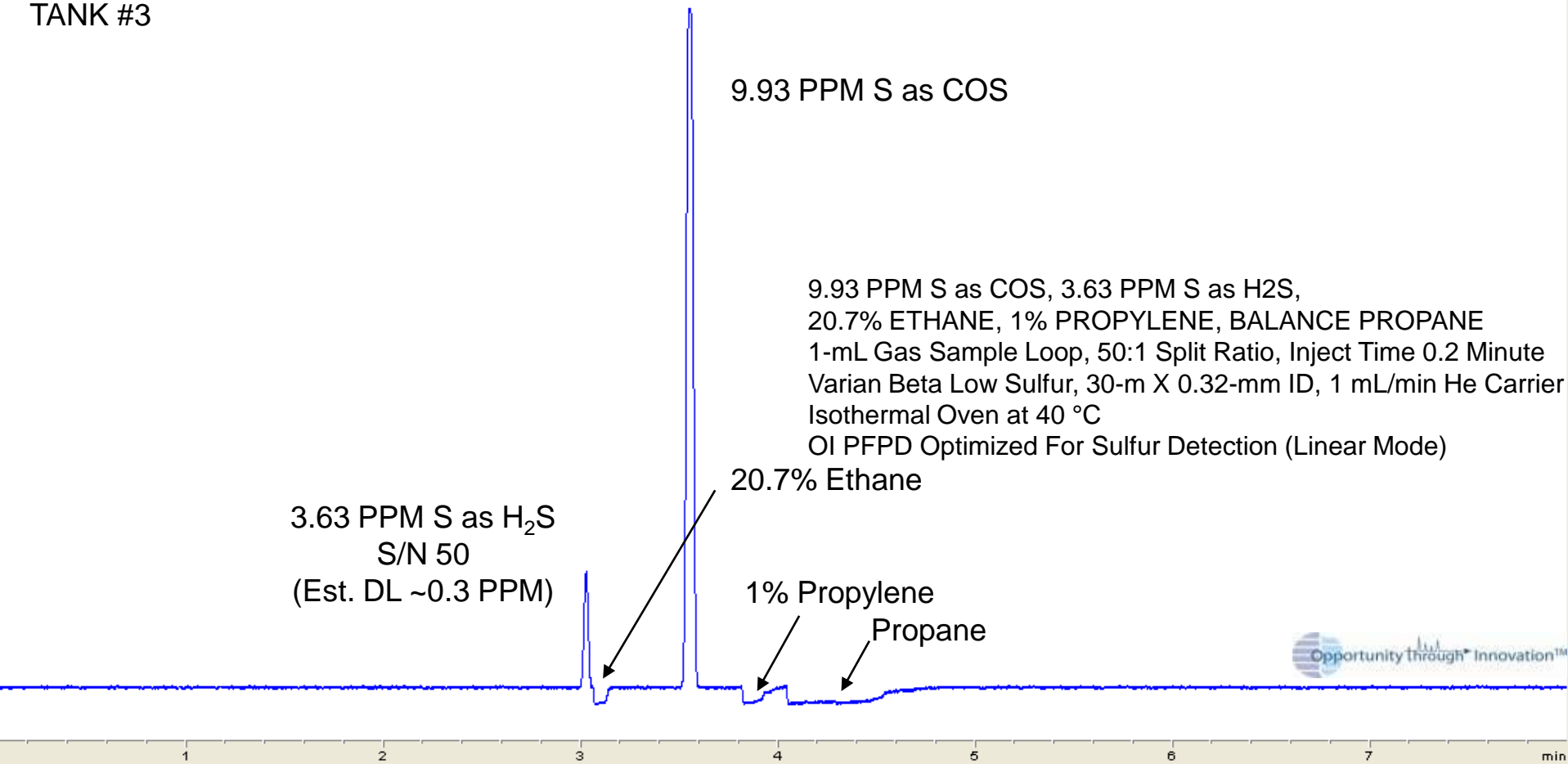
TANK #2



Courtesy: Laura Chambers, OI Analytical

# Sulfurs in Ethane/Propane/Propylene matrix

TANK #3



Courtesy: Laura Chambers, OI Analytical

# Conclusions

## Agilent J&W Select for Low Sulfur

- Linear response H<sub>2</sub>S, COS and MM at 20 – 200 ppb level
- One dimension, 60m x 0.32mm
- Best accuracy and repeatability
- Low ppb H<sub>2</sub>S detection limits in propylene
- Mechanically stable PLOT column, zero particle loss
- Introduction December 2010, tentative

# Acknowledgement

- Helena Jacobse, Agilent Technologies. The Netherlands
- Frans Biermans, Agilent Technologies. The Netherlands
  
- Laura Chambers, OI Analytical